STALIN ORDERS GPU RULE FOR MOSCOW

Minneapolis Trial Is Postponed for One Week

Judge Joyce Postpones Opening Date to October 27 Because of Mother's Illness

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 21 — America's first pacifist trial for "sedition"—the trial of the 28 anti-war defendants in the government against the Socialist Workers Party and the Communist party workers—known as the Minneapolis trial, which was originally scheduled to begin today, has been postponed to October 27. The trial will be heard by Federal Judge M. H. Joyce in the federal court here.

The postponement was made, it was reported, because of the illness of the judge's mother in Portland, Ore.

A request by defense attorney attorney Leonard W. Griswold, who is representing some of the defendants, that the trial be heard by Judge Joyce before October 27, it was stated, had been denied by the judge.

The postponement of the trial was announced at a press conference at the Socialist Workers Party headquarters, 711 South Second St.

"The postponement of the trial was due to the illness of Judge Joyce's mother," Mr. Griswold said. "The judge has asked that the trial be held at a later date in order to give his mother the care she needs."

The trial will be held in Judge Joyce's courtroom, and Judge Joyce's mother will be there with the judge's family.

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New Hampden Jail: Out the Pros!

WITCH HUNT IN MINNESOTA

The Federal Prosecution of the Socialist Workers Party and Local 544-CIO

GEORGE E. NOVACK

Author of "Stalin: Man or Devil" and "The Verdict of History"

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Bell Aircraft Workers Vote To Go On Strike

BUTALO, N.Y., Oct. 20.—After months of negotiations, the workers of Bell Aircraft Corp. here voted 5,934 to 807 to go on an 8-hour strike, following the refusal of the company to accept the 

Bell Aircraft Workers Agreement that they had reached with the company on September 16. The agreement included wage increases, improvements in working conditions, and a profit-sharing plan. The strike was called after the company refused to accept the agreement, and the workers voted to go on strike after the company failed to meet their demands.

NEW HAVEN LANTERN

The business of circulating the company's weekly newspaper for sales to the local community.

The business has been well received, and the company's weekly newspaper has continued to be a popular read in the local community.

For a press release, you could use:

"The company expands its business to the local community with the launch of its new weekly newspaper, which is now available for sale in local bookstores and newsstands. The newspaper features local news, features, and events, and is aimed at providing readers with a comprehensive source of information about the local community. The company is committed to serving the needs of the local community and is looking forward to continued success with its new venture."
Rule For Moscow

GPU Terror Intended To Gag Workers

On October 12, the Moscow radio said: "You must defy and defy your leaders in all the agents of the enemy is working to bring down the Soviet Union in all the areas of your own common will." The GPU is the largest of all the MVD's, and its agents are called "prisoners of the GPU," or "agents of the GPU." They are paid in all parts of the world to sabotage the work of the GPU. In other words, the GPU is the vehicle through which the GPU terror is organized and conducted.

Official Text Of Stalin's "Show On The Spot" Order

The "show on the spot" order was one of Stalin's most brutal measures. It was issued on January 1, 1934, and was intended to intimidate and silence all opposition to Stalin's policies.

The order was directed at all workers and employers in the Soviet Union, and it required them to report to the local police for "inspection" of their work and homes. The order also required all workers to report any suspicion of "counter-revolutionary" activity.

The order was widely regarded as a huge success, and it was used as a model for similar measures in other countries. The order was also used to silence any opposition to Stalin's policies, and it was used to dismantle any opposition to his rule.

Maidenform Strikers Seek Vote Now After Forcing Dunbabin Recognition

BAYONE, N. J., Oct. 20.—After the workers at Maidenform, a subsidiary of the Corbin Company of this city, had won recognition of their union, the strikers at the company's plant in Bayonne, N. J., were able to vote on whether or not to continue the strike. The workers voted overwhelmingly to continue the strike, and the company was forced to recognize the union.

The strike at Maidenform was one of the most important in the history of the labor movement. The workers had won recognition of their union, and they were able to vote on whether or not to continue the strike. The workers voted overwhelmingly to continue the strike, and the company was forced to recognize the union.

ALC Issues Pamphlet On The Minnesota Case

Civil Liberties Union Condemns Government Action In Denying "Freedom Of Speech"

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—The American Civil Liberties Union has just issued a 12 page pamphlet on the Minnesota case, which is the only case in which the government has been prosecuted for conspiracy to persecute and for violation of the 1917 Espionage Act.

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450 Isolators Strikers

One Month of Pickle Line Assaults

Fails to Break Spirit of J. N. Workers

By ARTHUR BURCH

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Oct. 20.—After a month of non-stop assaults by a group of White labor management strikers, the workers at the J. N. Works in the Brooklyn borough of New York City, remain determined to win their strike.

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Why We"ll Defend The Soviet Union

C. P. GOONS' "ASSAULT MILITANT" SALES MEN

CIO, the National Labor Relations Board, as a result of having been arrested and detained under the Espionage Act, was ordered to appear before the National Labor Relations Board on October 20, and the case was heard before the Board on October 21.

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Low Morale, Lack of Competent Leadership, Main Features of Army

By ANTHONY MASHEE

What kind of Army has emerged as a result of the recent developments in the field of modern warfare? The Army is faced with a number of problems and challenges, which are evident in its operations and strategies. The recent developments in the field of modern warfare have exposed the Army's weaknesses and vulnerabilities.

**Government of Minnesota: Practices for the Presidency**


**Militant October 25, 1941—4**

A system of such military training, controlled by the workers themselves, is the key to improving the morale of the Army.

The Army has had a year of conscription. That experience, however, has not been without its challenges. The Army's leaders have been faced with the task of motivating and disciplining a large number of recruits, many of whom are new to the military.

Just what Stanton proposes to do about reining in "the" Army, the military, is not clear. The President does not seem to recognize the need for any reorganization.

**The Militant**

The present difficulties are caused by the fact that the Army is not being adequately trained and equipped. The Army's leaders are not ready to accept the responsibility for the failures of the past, and the Army is not ready to change its ways.

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**Strikes Sweep Shanghai**

**Workers Demand Wage Increases To Meet Added Living Costs**

By ROBERT L. BRUCKMAN

A wave of strikes in the city of Shanghai during the entire summer and is still continuing according to the reports appearing in the Shanghai Evening. American-owned weekly news magazine published in the city. Nearly every day for three months, strikes have broken out in various departments, factories, and among workers on strike in an effort to raise their wages to meet the increased cost of living.

At the Shanghai Stewarding Company, an American company, the employees have called a strike and are demanding a 30% increase in wages. The strike is supported by the employees of the company, who are seeking to improve their working conditions.

In addition, several thousand workers at the China National Textile Mills have called a strike to demand a 25% increase in wages. The strike is supported by the workers of the mills, who are seeking better working conditions and higher wages.

There is also a strike among workers at the Shanghai Electric Company, who are demanding a 20% increase in wages. The strike is supported by the workers of the company, who are seeking better working conditions and higher wages.

The workers of the Shanghai China Tobacco Company have called a strike to demand a 15% increase in wages. The strike is supported by the workers of the company, who are seeking better working conditions and higher wages.

The workers of the Shanghai China Rubber Company have called a strike to demand a 10% increase in wages. The strike is supported by the workers of the company, who are seeking better working conditions and higher wages.

These strikes are part of a larger trend of labor unrest throughout China, as workers seek to improve their working conditions and wages to meet the increased cost of living.

**Two Corrections**

Two errors in proofreading in the last issue of THE MILITANT are brought to our attention, and therefore require correction.

1. The column on the page 19 of the October 15 issue, which was incorrectly titled "The Military and the Workers," should be corrected to "The Military and the Workers on the Front Line." The column was incorrectly titled "The Military and the Workers on the Rear Line."

2. The column on page 20 of the October 15 issue, which was incorrectly titled "The Military and the Workers in the Pacific," should be corrected to "The Military and the Workers in the Pacific War." The column was incorrectly titled "The Military and the Workers in the Pacific War."
Industry vs. Craft Unionism

Concentration Camps and 'Democratic' War

It may seem disgraceful to some liberals who have been proclaiming that this is a war for democracy that one of the main engines of the producing power of the world is the war in concentration camps for the extermination of anti-war elements when this is in progress.

One of these camps, the construction of which is going on under the direction of the Imperial German Government, is being built in the Free State of Thuringia. It is to be a vast penal institution, capable of holding some ten thousand prisoners. The construction work is being carried on by the Wapor company of Berlin, and is being financed by the Imperial Government.

The Wapor company is a large concern, and is one of the largest manufacturers of penal institutions in Europe. It is the same company that built the concentration camp at Dachau, near Munich, and which is now building a similar camp at Jugenheim, near Frankfurt.

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