Millions Will Die, All Liberty Lost ---McMahon Admits

By John G. Wright

There are few individuals in this country who are in a better position to speak on the subject of the Hell-Bomb arms race and its consequences than Senator Brien Mc-

Mahon, chairman of the Congressional Atomic Commission. That is why so much importance attaches to the speech he made to the Senate on Feb. 2.

The Democratic Sequtor from Connecticut, who can get his information at first hand, stated that the Hell-Bomb would offer this country no security whatever least of all any "monopoly." Even if Washington wins the race to stockpile such bombs first, "it is only a matter of time - and possibly a short time - before the Kremlin achieves success also." McMahon affirmed.

There is no defense against the Hell-Bomb, any more than there is against the now "outmoded" A-Bomb. The Hell-Bomb makes virtually certain the destruction of "the largest city on earth" and as many as fifty million Americans could be "incinerated in the space of minutes," he flatly stated.

The end result of this "truly terrible arms race," warned the Senator, must be "war - under today's conditions, hydroger

Here you have in so many words a public admission that the capitalist rulers of this country have already placed in direct jeopardy the lives of all children and adults at home and abroad. McMahon then went on to admit that the mere production of the Hell - Bomb would involve in a direct and immediate sense the destruction of each and every democratic right and all elementary civil liberties.

"IMITATE TOTALITARIANS"

McMahon cited "the restrictions on freedom already brought about by the atomic bomb and by its pressures upon us to accept loyalty checks, espionage countermeasures, and widening areas of official secrecy." Under the Hell-Bomb, all these "pressures" will be multiplied one-thousand fold,

McMahon insisted. Speaking with rare frankness, he told his colleagues: "If you are candid and realistic, I believe you will find it is difficult indeed to see a dominant role for freedom in such a picture. To stay alive we will find ourselves more and more compelled to imitate the totalitarian rival."

than by first herding them into a vast and universal concentration camp, that is, instituting prior to the outbreak of war itself, a reign of repression that will make the methods and practices of fascism "humanitarian" by compar'son. That is the full meaning of McMahon's words concerning the alleged need to "imitate the totalitarian rival." .

ANOTHER WARNING

A few days after McMahon's speech, there came another warning about the Hell-Bomb regime at home. It was made on Feb. 6 by Hanson Baldwin, military export of the N. Y. Times, who also cited "the danger to freedom and to all our past concepts of democracy" inherent in the "greater and greater security restrictions" flowing from the atomic arms

Secrecy, warned Baldwin, does not provide security. All it pro vides is a cover for the arbitrary assumptions of power which, according to Baldwin, have already brought this country "dangerously close in several fields to ... government in camera [read: less the concurrence - of the people."

come from the lips not of op-ponents of capitalism but its staunchest defenders.

The American people and the tain of the Hell-Bomb descends. by crusaders for "peace," "humanitarianism," "morality," and the

The whole history of capitalism has demonstrated beyond a shadow of doubt that "pac'fism," "humanitarianism," and all the (Continued on page 3)

DETROIT - While the capitalist press and radio are filled with attacks on John L. Lewis and the miners, here is what the striking Chrysler workers in Detroit are saying:

"Labor ought to stick together. I don't agree with Lewis' politics but he's a man who always fought for the rights of the men. There should be solidarity."

"I think we should stand behind them and get as good contracts as they got before," said another Chrysler picket, while a third added: "I think there should be united action. If we're going to be union men we should have united labor. If you're hurt, I'm hurt,"

Flying squadron members were bitter against Truman's anticipated use of Taft-Hartley. Among their comments were: "If miners are forced back to work it would be a blow

to all of labor." "If they do, the whole U. S. labor should go out."

"Taft-Hartley is written so that any employer can do anything unfair, illegal, illegitimate - that's their idea of equality under the law.'

"As far as I can see, the whole Taft-Hartley should be shoved in a furnace and burned."

"Lewis is right saying no three strangers should decide what we get. We're workers and can't do anything else but work, and we know what we need.

"I'm from Missouri myself and I know Truman's politics. I think he's only wooing labor - a political opportunist. He can't be trusted.'

"I'm for everyone that's for labor. If he's not for labor, he's not for me. If Truman uses Taft-Hartley, I won't vote for him again."

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The truth is there is no way of forcing the mass of the American people to accept "Incineration" by the Hell-Bomb other To Halt Attack Upon Miners

THE MINERS' FIGHT IS YOUR FIGHT

An Editorial

The action of the CIO United Steel Workers in sending \$500,000 for the relief of the coal miners is a welcome first step in labor's fight against Truman's Taft-Hartley attack on the mine workers.

This reflects not so much a wholehearted desire by naked dictatorshipl in which Philip Murray to aid the momentous decisions affecting miners as the mounting our lives and liberties were made pressure of the CIO rank and without the knowledge — much file. They feel a deep sense of solidarity with the miners Let us recall that these unheard- and know that a defeat for of admissions and protestations the UMW will open the way their own unions.

At the first threat of the peoples the world over must use of the Taft-Hartley Law, beware of illusions today more all American labor should beware of illusions today more all American labor should than ever before in history. Among the most pernicious of ly menage to their rights and illusions is that somehow, some ly menace to their rights and way, mankind can be miracul- liberties. All that is needed ously saved, before the fiery cur- is a signal from the AFL and CIO leaders. But that signal has been withheld.

> The reason is not hard to find. These union leaders are trying desperately to protect proper judicial procedure in a was refused any hearing on the the U. S. Constitution and were Truman. Murray has not yet crucial civil suit filed today by the main issue involved in his dis- wrongfully applied in his case. said one word against Truman for invoking the Slave Labor Law against the miners. Murray is still unwilling to summon an all-out struggle by the CIO workers, for that means an open fight against Truman himself. But clerk's job in the Newark VA. that is the kind of fight that Kutcher, who lost both legs in must be made.

It will be made only if the union ranks force their unwilling leaders to act.

Demand that they publicly denounce Truman's T-H strikebreaking!

Demand that they extend continuous, unstinting financial and all other material aid to the miners!

Demand that they promptly convene a National Emergency Conference of Labor to launch nation-wide joint action by all unions on behalf of the miners!

'Miners Will Continue Struggle'



United Mine Workers President John L. Lewis (left) tells reporters that "the miners will continue their struggle to achieve justice." He made this statement after the mine operators walked out of renewed negotiations in Washington within 48 hours of Truman's proposal for a 70-day "truce" and "fact-finding." The owners took this as their cue to stall once more in the hope since fulfilled - that Truman would intervene on their behalf with the Taft-Hartley Law.

of Chicago and Joseph L. Rauh and his party deny that they are

- The government's "loyalty" Party.

the Administrator of Veterans

battle in Italy in 1943, was fired

solely because of admitted mem-

Unemployment Hits

Nine-Year Peak

The number of jobless has

jumped by almost a million

in January to a total of 4,480,-

000, the highest official esti-

mate since 1941, according to

figures released by Secretary

of Commerce Sawyer. The

number of jobholders previous-

ly set at 591/2 million has fal-

len below 57 million, or a drop

of 21/2 million. The discrepancy

of 11/2 million is officially ac-

counted for by "temporary

withdrawals from the labor

market." Sawyer blamed "bad

weather," the holidays and a

'normal lull."

from his job in October 1948

Affairs to restore Kutcher to his tional means.

Into Washington Court

constitutional and contrary to was emphasized that Kutcher cher was discharged, both violate

tually advocates violent overthrow

evidence, and that repeated re-

nearing to refute the charges were

he court action.

Emergency Conference

Of Labor Needed Now FEB. 8 - For the eighth time since June 1947, Truman personally has invoked

coal operators, the steel corpora-

tions which own a large part of

the coal industry, the Con-

gressional labor-baiters headed

by men like Senator Taft, the

If the miners refuse to submit

to Truman's phony "fact-finding"

days on the operators' onerous

terms, they can be enjoined by a

federal court, fined monstrous

sums and even jailed for "con-

tempt." The UMW treasury was

robbed of \$1,420,000 in 1948 on

"contempt" charges following a

Truman-invoked Taft-Hartley in-

the hated Taft-Hartley Act against American workers. The president who before election promised repeal of this infamous law, is now using it for the third time against the coal miners. plied with the demands of the On Feb. 6, Truman announced "Hate-Lewis" gang who have "national emergency" in the been clamoring for the govern-

Big Business press.

eight-month coal struggle and set up a Taft-Hartley "fact-finding" Siave Labor Law. He has joined forces openly with the parasitic him by Monday, Feb. 13. This is preliminary to seeking a federal court injunction to force the miners to work under the operators' dictates for 80 days.

TRUMAN AIDS OPERATORS

The soft coal miners have answered this attempt to club them back into the pits without and to go back to work for 80 a contract with their characteristic independence and militancy They promptly shut down almost all bituminous mines, adding some 270,000 strikers to the 100,000 out prior to Truman's decree.

By his action, Truman has com-

and assemblage, without the exist-

The Presidential Executive

constitutional on these and addi-

tional grounds. It is condemned

"loyalty" procedures fail to meet

(Continued on page 3)

Kutcher demanded that the them of liberty and property with-

SWP be removed from the At- out due process of law. Its pro-

torney General's political black- visions banning organizations and

list of "subversive" organizations parties are so vague and indefinite

which provided the basis for his they provide no adequate guide

discharge. His complaint pointed for the conduct of government

out that the Attorney General's employees and lend themselves

list was issued without notice or to arbitrary and d'scriminatory

presentation of charges to the application by administrative of-

quests by the SWP for a public Order 9835 is challenged as un-

VA Administrator Carl Gray, as an ex post facto law, punishing

Attorney General J. Howard Mc- government employees for prior

Grath, the three members of the conduct; as based on the unlaw-

U. S. Civil Service Commission ful theory of "guilt by associa

and the 21 members of the tion"; and as contravening stand-

Loyalty Review Board of the ards set up by Congress in the

U. S. Civil Service Commission Veterans Preference Act of 1944

were named as co-defendants in The complaint declares that the

The main points made in the the requirements of due process

application for the injunction of law and the President has n

SWP, without any hearing or ficials, as in Kutcher's case.

unction Truman's strikebreaking Taft-Hartley order has incited the upitalist offensive against the miners to a ferocious intensity. The combined power of the corporations and their government is being hurled against the miners. The forces of predatory wealth WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 9 | bership in the Socialist Workers | It contends that Executive are determined to "get" the Order 9835 and Section 9-A of miners because they are the very program was challenged as un- At a press conference today it the Hatch Act, under which Kutspearhead of militant labor in

legless veteran, James Kutcher, in charge, namely, whether or not The Hatch Act deprived him Step by step, Truman has cunningly laid the basis for his T-H John L. Lewis correctly pointed the U. S. District Court at Wash- the Socialist Workers Party ac- of the rights of free speech, press ssault on the miners. He first Kutcher's attorneys, M. J. Myer of the government. Both Kutcher ence of a clear and present called for a 70-day "truce" dur- fened the resistance of the operadanger to the security of the ing which the miners would re- tors and filled them "with en-Jr. of Washington, requested a "subversive" or advocate the United States, contrary to the turn to "normal production" and thusiasm over the prospect that mandatory injunction directing overthrow of the U. S. govern- First Amendment. It arbitrarily submit their demands to his hand- the government may now move ment by force or by unconstitu- discriminates against government workers as a group by depriving eserves and put them in a better

Steel Union Sends Aid to the Miners FEB. 8 - The CIO United

Steel Workers today sent a check for a half million dollars to the striking United Mine Workers "to assist the needy miners and their familles in their struggle against the coal operators.

Philip Murray, the steel union's president, announced he had also called on his organization's 2,200 locals and million members to make further "sub stantial" contributions on their own. "The war which is being waged against their [the miners] union can be directed against your own and all other unions by the same combinations of wealth when they deem it expedient to do so.' Murray said.

He made no reference to Truman's role in invoking the Taft-Hartley Law against the

position to hold out against the niners in the spring.

Within 48 hours of Truman's proposal, the operators walked out of renewed negotiations that they themselves had requested with the United Mine Workers. out that Truman's move had stifpicked "fact-finding" board. This in through the courts or through would have given the operators the Taft-Hartley slave statute to t chance to pile up more coal do a job upon the mine workers

(Continued on page 4)

HITLER GENERAL DRAFTS U.S. DICTATORSHIP PLAN

All the preparatory work for setting up a full-scale military dictatorship in the United States along the lines of the Prussian military system has already been completed. That is the gist of a report?

brass hat circles in Washington.

the German General Staff. It centralizes power in the hands of the Big Brass to an

extent unknown even in Germany. There is to be "no civilian authority" whatever between "the Commander in Chief." In place of a Defense Secre-

ary there will be a "supreme mil'tary commander" whose word s law for all the armed forces tary system was its General Staff and all the departments under and the sweeping powers vested the jurisdiction of the projected in it. So notorious was its role General Staff, super Prussian and power that after the first model.

COMPLETE POWERS

Under the complete control of the military would be such Treaty. The dissolution order was "branches" as the selective ser- evaded with the tacit approval of vice, the "war production board," the "home defense office," the Staff played a key role in lifting veterans' pension office, the "central intelligence service" and even a "joint press office."

The military would have "a freer reign" not only to allocate pre determined to transplant this "defense dollars" and hold the entire "war industry," that is, the core of the country's economy, dream the Prussian Junkers never under their thumb, but also to went so far as does Gen. Guderian exercise sweeping "wartime cen- who quite appropriately has sorship" over the press and over drafted the master-plan for the

Under this plan the projected St.

n the Feb. 10 U. S .News & Armaments Office acquires vast World Report, whose editors have jurisdiction and powers. It a pipeline to top government and operates the draft system and among the "functions" of this all-On the "request of U. S. gen- powerful body are: "management erals" none other than Heinz of the armed forces' civilian em-Guderian, chief of staff of Hit- ployes, [read: the vast major tv ter's military machine, has pre- of the population in wartime], pared the "blueprint" for dicta- real estate, research and developtorial powers to be lodged in a ment | read: complete control over streamlined American model of atomic and all other scientific research). It also takes over the work of the multi-billion dollar

Guderian's "blueprint" is "not to be adopted now by Congress," assures the U.S. News, and then military and the President as goes on to add: "It is a wartime plan, with its chances for enactment varying in direct proportic to the nearness of war." The heart of the Prussian mili-

Veterans' Administration."

world war, the German General Staff was ordered dissolved and its reconstruction "in any form" was banned under the Versa lles the Allies. The German General Hitler to power and then in waging the Second World War. It was again ordered "dissolved?" Now the Washington Brass Hats power - house of militarism into this country. In their wildest power-drunk militarists of Wall

Hell-Bomb -- Road to World Suicide

ington.

Truman's order to make the new Hell-Bomb affirms that Washington has no program for peace American people, the choice: Bow to Wall Street's rule or suffer annihilation!

This is not only our interpretation of Truman's decision. It is the meaning placed upon his H-Bomb policy by a powerful sector of American capitalists themselves, as voiced in no less authoritative a journal than Business Week.

the Feb. 4 Business Week. "It is America itself in using the Ha means of blackmail by suicide Bomb. pact."

move. This is nitro-glycerin. Hand over all the dough or I'll drop it decision." and blow us all to bits."

in its editorial "The Worst Quesculable limits of destruction.

TRUMAN'S DECISION

The editorial makes plain that the world uninhabitable?" implicit in the very decision to make the H-Bomb is the belief by the rulers in Washington that war is inevitable, sooner or later. Truman and his advisors did not consider the decision in terms of peace at all, but solely in terms ITS REAL POWER "This is not a weapon," says of the "calculated risk" for

clew to the real dimensions of the

Urey's "slip," says Business more destructive."

Business Week's diagnosis of Week, "revealed, in the bleak But "to the scientists who know atmosphere as to leave human with itself or expect to wipe itself appalling dilemma before which tion Ever Asked," reflects the the Atomic Energy Commission. and no hope of peace. It means capitalists' almost hysterical fear its Scientific Advisory Board, and that American imperialism has at their own appalling decision to the President sat in fascinated again." given humanity, including the produce a device that has no cal- paralysis for something like three months:

"Which is better - to risk lesing a war or to risk making Business Week finds "comfort'

As everyone knows, Washington has chosen the second "risk," or rather the virtual certainty, of universal destruction if the of one." hydrogen bomb is used.

about the H-Bomb which would damage of a "comforting" urahave a thousand times the ex- nium bomb, each hydrogen bomb Business Week's editors do not plosive force of the latest model "will create as much radio-The American ruling class is deduce this from anything Tru- uranium bomb, says Business activity as a thousand uranium like the man who walked into a man has said, but rather on the Week, "the military writers quickbank, flourished a jar of colorless statement by atomic scientist by explained the cube-root law liquid and shouted: "Don't anyone | Harold C. Urey, who "let slip a that dogs designers of ordnance - that an explosive 1,000 times more powerful is only ten times

capitalism gone mad, contained clarity of a lightning flash, the what is involved, and to the few survival impossible." political leaders they are allowed to talk to," admits Business Week, Business Week to the horrible to "get along better," it does not the H-Bomb is "something else

By contrast to the H-Bomb, the 'familiar uranium bomb" has really "comforting limitations," in the fact that "one uranium bomb may destroy a city, but people have done that before; it just

But with this new hydrogen bomb "there's no comfort in the cube-root law." Even if it can do When the news first leaked out "only" ten times the explosive

> "Explode a few dozen H-Bombs, a few hundred of them - as you can conceivably so poison the It must learn to get along better Suicide or World Socialism.

thought that to "win" a war with say. hydrogen bombs means the likelihood of wiping out the cap'talists as well as the working peolions of ordinary people with the "familiar" uranium bombs is a Week, "is a means of blackmail by suicide pact."

But even though it feels 'special touch of horror," Business Week finds that the decision to build H-Bombs is "unquestionably right."

out the hope of peace even by what it calls "blackmail." For it concludes on the note of deepest pessimism: "Suddenly, and in the most coldly literal sense, the

out sometime in the second hal. Which leads the editors of of the twentieth century." How

Thus, the "security" which capitalism offers the world toda s the "security" of total oblitera ple. Wiping out hundreds of mil- tion. This is its only perspective How completely Truman's decision to make the H-Bomb con-"comforting" thought. But a firms Leon Trotsky's words, in weapon that will immolate its own the May 1940 Manifesto of the took a thousand bombs instead users - that, screams Business Fourth International, that "to day it is a question of saving mankind from suicide."

Nothing will halt American imperialism from pulling the atomic trigger on the Hell-Bomb but the mass intervention of the people. As Trotsky pointed out at the Not that Business Week holds start of the second world war. capitalism in its death agony will not hesitate to drag all mankind to the grave with it. And with luminous insight, he posed the would in an atom war - and you human race has turned a corner; alternatives for humanity: World European Notebook -

Modena and Ivry

killed six young workers and to disperse an unarmed crowd in the city of Modena.

On Sunday, Jan. 15, several thousand de Gaullist hoodlums suddenly invaded Ivry, a working class suburb of Paris, with the aim of terrorizing the work ers. Many were injured in the sharp clashes that broke out.

These are not isolated incidents They involve two specific stages in the general offensive of the European bourgeoisie against the working class. This offensive un folds today on three different levels. In Italy and in France the employers are again systematic ally resorting to the weapon of the lockout and are preparing to smash the militancy of the work ers by means of unemployment At the same time a broad attacl is unfolding against trade union rights; in the factories they are laying off first of all the most militant workers, the union delegates and the leaders of strike committees of years past. Finally legislation restricting the righ' te strike is being discussed simultaneously in the Italian and French parliaments.

ANTI-LABOR OFFENSIVE

To instill greater respect among the workers toward these parliamentary discussions, the systematic use of armed force to break up working class demonstrations is becoming more and more widespread. One after the other employers, ministers, police and judges are attacking the proletarian front, whose unity has been broken by its criminal leaders. FRENCH CONDITIONS And all this anti-labor machinery receives the enthusiastic blessing of the chief political power in Roman Catholic Church.

struggle that has become widespread in Italy during the last six months of struggle against discriminatory lay-offs.

Celere, the motorized police force against workers demonstrations. Scelba, the Italian Minister of the successful. The workers in Paris Interior, universally hated by the and in the provinces vigorously structions to "avoid at all costs" capitalists to intimidate them by any new occupations of factories the walkout. These were the fain the area. The prefect of Mo- vorable conditions which induced dena, Marzano, carried out these the pretender de Gaulle to offer

On Monday, Jan. 9, the police ordered the officers of the Celere premises of the Fonderie Riunite as the principal working class strenghold of the region and a growd of several thousand workirs and their wives tried to break through the police cordon to occupy the premises.

The Celere had their rifles eady and when the crowd came



closer fired at point-blank range. Signer Scelba could be satisfied; his instructions had been faithfully executed. The Italian prole-

tariat has new deaths to avenge!

The circumstances that gave rise to the incidents at Ivry were quite different. The movement of first postwar coalition cabinet and Western Europe today, the Charles de Gaulle, the French bourgeoisie's candidate for Bona- the very same police that today At Modena the capitalists had parte, has been stagnating for massacre the workers who had shut down numerous factories to many months. The capitalists put Romita in office! resist the "undisciplined" attitude | hesitate to give it the'r support; | of the workers. Taking advantage | they prefer, for the time being, of the growth of unemployment, to find less expensive expedients. the lesson for the workers that Prayda published an article which the extremely rich capitalists of American imperialism continues the Orsi monopoly laid off the to turn its back on this movemembers of the internal commit- ment; de Gaulle's demands waiting for the intervention of as a "provocateur." This unex- CP There has been no repetition tee (the union committee in the threaten to upset once again the factory). The workers answered "European" apparatus, already in this same Ivry gave the work- proved so embarrassing to the Cominform. with a general strike in the fac- badly shaken, which has been tories of Modena. They sought to built up at so much cost by the mittee of the French CP in the last week in January they occupy the factories, a form of State Department. Also, as long December 1944 to surrender their made ro further mention in their for the time being, at least, the de Gaullism underwent a serious

But for the last several months The employers appealed to the France like Italy has experience? November 1949 was on the whole working people, issued strict in- reacted to the attempts by the instructions to the letter and his services to the employers.

"We'll never forget the way that

little paper defended us during the war

when everyone else was against us."

That's what one of the district officials

of the United Mine Workers said recent-

Behind these simple, affectionate

words there's a big story. The miners

took the lead during the war in labor's

struggle for decent wages and condi-

tions. They were hounded and persecuted

by the big corporations and their gov-

ernment agents. The entire reactionary

press from The Wall Street Journal to

the Stalinist Daily Worker screamed at

the striking miners. Only The Militant

backed them up 100% in their progress-

the Trotskyist movement took the lead

on labor's political front during the war.

The Militant, as the weekly paper of the

American Trotskyists, opposed the im-

perialist war and called for a socialist

world of enduring peace, boundless plen-

The evil forces that attacked the

ty and the brotherhood of man.

miners also raised their clubs against the Trotskyists. Eighteen

of our leaders were railroaded to federal prison during the war

as the first victims of the infamous Smith "Gag" Act. The

second-class mailing rights of The Militant were threatened.

Harsh blows fell on us from all sides. But the cause of social-

ism is the kind that builds courage and stout hearts. Like the

the most respected and authoritative voice in the radical poli-

tical wing of the labor movement. It has earned its solid repu-

of events, if you want to know the real score in politics, eco-

nomics, foreign affairs and all the dynamic social struggles

of our time, you need The Militant. And if you enjoy a paper

that knows how to fight on the political front in the most ef-

fective way against Big Business and its agents, you'll wonder

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how you ever got along without this "little paper."

tation for telling the truth no matter what the consequences.

Today The Militant is America's leading socialist weekly,

If you are interested in getting the facts under the surface

miners we did not give in.

York B. N. Y.

Like the miners on the economic front,

"THAT LITTLE PAPER"

ly about The Militant.

ive actions.

of the capitalist Republic of Italy to fire at any "menacing" crowd lvry was to show the capitalists the same token decreased the hat approached the factories, that the de Gaullist bands were possibilities of an effective reply wounded 60 others when they fired The striking workers chose the already capable of engaging in by labor today. But these "leadsafe with the protection of the ginning not to take so seriously police alone as do their Italian all the orders of those who led colleagues. De Gaulle is offering them into their present fix. them supplementary protection. Fortunately for the workers, the offer has not proved serious enough to be given consideration

POLICY OF LEADERS

by the bourgeoisic.

The incidents at Modena and Ivry have aroused understandable apprehension among working class circles in Italy and France After the Modena incedent, there was a general strike - which strike gymnastics - and the conof the events. After the Ivry indent a big workers demonstration was held on the spot, where a fiery speech was delivered by the Stalinist leader Maurice Thorez. In both cases the reply to reaction was made by "leaders" who, by their past criminal policies, bear full responsibility for the present events. In both cases the reply was impotent because of the present policies of these by the Moscow Pravda. same leaders.

The "Little Parliament" of Socialist and Communist deputies denounced the brutality of the police and demanded an "investigation." But among those who made these proposals we find Citizen Romita, leader of the new "United Socialist Party," ex-Munister of the Interior in the in that capacity "reorganizer" of

Thorez, in denouncing the de-Gaullist provocation at Ivry, drew of Nosaka. Then on Jan. 17 it is necessary to answer every attack blow for blow, without Nosaka but denounced Nakanishi Political Bureau of the Japanese the police. But this same Thorez pecied about-face in Moscow has of attacks against Nosaka by the ers the order of the Central Com- European Stalinists that up to as the workers remained passive, arms to "the only police" and press to the Japanese develop incident is to be considered as "the only army," which he was so ments. proud of building. As a consequence of the former orders of ported without comment Nosaka's affair turns out to be the veteran Maurice Thorez, former vice- public recantation and cited the Japanese Stalinist Nakanishi, a certain revival of labor strug- president of the council in the statement of the enlarged Blenum who displayed too much zeal, and specially equipped for fighting gles. The general strike of government headed by the pre- of the Japanese Central Com- jumped too quickly to the defense party stands without reservations men.

have greatly discouraged and police, also equipped with the The aim of the invasion of disoriented the workers and by scrious battle with the hated ers" turn on the workers today "reds." From all indications the and accuse them of lacking French capitalists do not feel as militancy because they are be-

> LESSONS FOR U. S. WORKERS these events. The dollars of the strengthen the repressive powers elementary self-defense.

if they now take seriously the present orders of this same Thorez, will have to confront the powerfully armed de Gaullist bands with bare hands.

All the past betrayals and capitulation of Romita and Thorez to their own workers; and if the workers try to resist starvation, they have them shot by their same American dollars.

If this policy ends in a complete working class defeat; if the European workers agree to work at starvation wages, the American employers will turn to their own workers and explain to them that in the face of the sudden competition of cheap European labor, it will be necessary for they want to avert the depression The American workers have and mass unemployment. For the another lesson to draw from American workers the defense of the European working class totaxpayers, supposedly used to day in its struggle for a decent satisfy the pressing needs of the living standard and for trade European working people, have union rights is not only a n reality served to swell the pro- duty of international proletariar the developments in the Soviet fits of the employers and to solidarity; it is a question of

unifortunately was not very gen-eral after months of Stalinis! COMINFORM, JAPAN CP vening of a socialist-communist "Little Parliament" at the scene ATTEMPT TO AVOID RIFT

The Jan. 16 Militant reported the public outbreak of a conflict between the Cominform and the leadership of the Japanese Communist Party, headed by Sanzo Nosaka.

Nosaka was sharply attacked by D the official organ of the Comin- "self-criticism" as follows: "Takform on Jan. 6 for an "opportun- ing into consideration the decithree years earlier in January giving due credit to the positive the party to plunge into the RDR 1947. The attack was picked up aspects of Comrade Nosaka's 20-

Instead of making Nosaka the scapegoat and purging him (as and senators, held at Modena, attack), the Political Bureau of the Japanese CP and Nosaka himself publicly recognized their 'errors" and recanted. At the same time they expelled Ko Nakanishi who had zealously sprung to the defense of the

Now comes the sequel to the

The European Stalinist press promptly "aligned" itself with remain on good terms with the Nakanishi, the expelled opponent Kremlin, made no mention whatever of

The Feb. 7 Daily Worker retender de Gaulle, the workers, mittee which accepted Nosaka's of his masters in the Kremlin.

st" policy he had advocated some sion of Comrade Nosaka, and also year activity, we are confident that we shall see good, leading activity on the part of Comrade ty has now emerged which has Nosaka in the future.'

Apparently a behind-the-scenes compromise has been reached between Nosaka and the Cominform, that is, the Kremlin, Both sides are obviously maneuvering and fearful of an open break. The Kremlin cannot afford to have a repetition of the Yugoslav experience in the Far East and is proceeding with much greater caution. The Japanese Stalinists for their part seem anxious to

Stalin has contented himself for the time being with the public recantation by Nosaka and the

On the other hand, Nosaka is to remain in the leadership and closed by both sides. The scapegoat in the entire

International since the Second World Congress. The deliberations and work of the convention demonstrated that the French Trotskyists have successfully surmounted the crisis precipitated two years ago when the former leadership deserted

four days' sessions.

erous leaderships.

produced below.

One session was devoted entire-

ly to the theoretical analysis of

buffer countries. A special point-

Yugoslavia, a task that has been

placed high on the list of PCI ac-

special message to the Yugoslav

The convention also heard a re

port on the activity of the Fourth

adventure. From an organization previously split among conflicting tendencies, a homogenous partruly began to penetrate the working class.

On departing from the convenion, the delegates were filled with confidence and enthusiasm in the knowledge that the party had grown mature and cohesive enough to intervene powerfully in the unfolding crisis of French Stalinism and in the regroupment of the French revolutionary vanguard.

CONVENTION MESSAGE

Yugoslav workers adopted by the stands in the city. Ten copies of gun to arrive with Pittsburgh and convention follows:

Comrades: The Sixth National Convention

Fourth International, sends its bundle order. revolutionary greetings to the workers and peasants of the Federated People's Republic of Yu- tant Sales night in the Oakland mining regions in high spirits engoslavia and to the Yugoslav branch. Last Thursday we sold 20 tirely due to the militancy, ag-Communist Party.

alongside the Yugoslav CP in its "Louise M. and William G. sold no greater thrill than to see a

PARIS - The PCI (French struggle for truth against slan- | We call upon the young workdelegates participated in the free the independence of the labor letariat. and intense discussions during the movement from the old treacher-

ous leaderships. The discussion on the French Our party calls upon the French

offensive and the forging of a to send delegations to the Yugo- revolution. new workers' leadership capable slav Republic to see with their of displacing the official treach- own eyes the truth which their leaders want to keep hidden from live the Yugoslav Revolution!

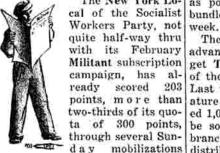
Trotskyists) held its Sixth Na- der, in its struggle for independ- ers of France to organize labor tional Convention here at Salle ence from both Wall Street and brigades, demonstrating the in-Lancry on Jan. 14-17. About 100 the Kremlin, in its struggle for ternational solidarity of the pro-

The PCI has decided to intensify its struggle for a new revolutionary international of the propolitical situation centered round trade unions not to be deterred letariat, the indispensable instrutwo basic tasks: the building of by the lying statements of their ment and the sole guarantee of them to accept some sacrifices if a united working class front leaders and to accept the invita- the defense of the Yugoslav revoagainst the unfolding capitalist tion of the Yugoslav trade unions lution and the victory of the world

> Long live the international solidarity of the working class! Long Long live the World Revolution!

THE MILITANT ARMY on the agenda was the defense of

tivities. The convention sent a New York SWP vorkers, the text of which is re- Passes 2-3 Mark In Sub Campaign



and weekday assignments to comrades. nigh scorer with 10 points to his a Dodge Stewards meeting, at credit. Comrade Jane, also from Budd Local 306 and at the NAACP

Brooklyn, is to be complimented branch. The Detroit branch is with the 6 points she scored by really "on the beam." Not a week selling subscriptions to The Mili- goes by without word from Howtant in the factory where she ard about bigger and better sales.

that the branch has established the miners issue for mailing to The Militant on three newsstands, local unionists. The reports of the The text of the message to the one of them among the biggest sales of this issue have also bethe paper were sold at each of Philadelphia reporting great sucthese stands last week. If this cess. keeps up, Marvel says that the of the PCI, French section of the branch will have to increase its Freddie Forrest writes in an en-

10 Militants at our monthly sale at Local No. 6 of the Warehouse Union. We hope to keep up these sales and add to them in order to get The Militant as widely read The New York Lo- as possible." Oakland upped its cal of the Socialist bundle order by ten copies this

The Detroit branch is taking with its February advantage of every opportunity to Militant subscription get The Militant into the hands of the striking Chrysler workers. ready scored 203 Last week Howard Mason, Literpoints, more than ature Agent of the branch, ordertwo-thirds of its quo- ed 1,000 copies of The Militant to ta of 300 points, be sold at the picket lines. The through several Sun- branch began this coverage with a day mobilizations distribution at the Dodge Plant picket line. Sales were also held at a Chrysler membership meet-Julie of the Brooklyn branch is ing, a General Motors conference,

After our column was written last week Harry Braverman of Comrade Marvel Dobbs, Lite- the Youngstown branch sent in rature Agent in Chicago, writes an order for 100 extra copies of

From the Pittsburgh branch Here is a report from Oakland just returned from a day's 'outby L. R. "Thursday night is Mili- ing' in the Western Pennsylvania copies at an AFL rally. This gressiveness and high political In the course of its delibera- Thursday we also sold 7 copies of level of the striking miners who tions our convention has decided the paper at a UAW (Chevrolet) warmly received the miners issue to continue and intensify its ac- meeting. 13 Militants were sold of The Militant. Coverdale, Lawtivity among the French working at the University of California rence, Library, Brownsville, Alenclass to rally it to the defense of campus last Monday afternoon, port, Coal Center, Daisytown the Yugoslav revolution. Our Bill M. and Frank were the sales. were visited by two groups of comrades. . . Believe me, there is bunch of miners congregating around their union hall, and readng The Militant

Harold of Philadelphia reports that 6 comrades went into the anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania and distributed all of the 1,000 copies of The Militant they had ordered. The towns of Tamaqua, Lansford, Hazleton and Nanticoke were visited. One miner in Lansford was overheard discussing The Militant on the street with another miner. "Gosh! This is great! I never knew we had

Atomic Energy and Capitalist Society By Arne Swabeck General Electric four-year con- the scope of everyday engineering, a new and extremely economical questionably this resistance is As far back as March 1946 the energy process fueled by thorium motivated solely by fear of the

management of the far-flung ac- 450,000 each year. tivities of a vast technological

Still the question arises: whose atom is it?

WHO RUNS IT?

as well as the Du Pont chemical over, Big Business corporations word "profit" never occurs. and some Big Business-controlled universities run practically all of the atomic industry's plants, reactors, laboratories and institutions of basic research, which are farmed out by the AEC as "con ractor operations."

terested in mining of atomic raw materials, is the prime contractor of whose atom it is, immediately fissionable materials. One such to a conventional steam plant by for the works at Oak Ridge. Last poses another: for what purpose indication is the development of means of a "heat exchanger," to year it received a straight fee of is it to be utilized? about \$1,900,000, or a 3.2% return course is entirely aside from pro- which the heat produced by furnace this "breeder reactor" AEC. fits made on raw materials and nuclear fission in a chain reacting will create more plutonium - by supplies furnished.

General Electric, a part of the steam or gas turbines for the it consumes in keeping aglow. In trols the policy and management Morgan combine, runs the Han- generation of electricity. Bas'cally other words, one atom of uran'um- of the atomic energy program ford plutonium works. Last year the problem is the well known 235 would produce more than one at all levels, resists the developits allotment from the AEC one of converting heat into atom of plutonium.

The Atomic Energy Act of 1946 tract provides for \$1 of "profit" set up the civilian Atomic Energy for its duration. In it, however, Lillienthal Board, in its report on was indicated. It grew out of suc- effect of atomic power on its own Commission which is now sup- there is an innocent-looking item international control of atomic cossful experiments at the Los private capital investments and posedly in charge of policy and for "overhead" amounting to \$2,- energy, stated that operating Alamos laboratory with a new its present source of profit. Such

realm - the atomic industry - Morgan concern carries on its and that only the gradual in- energy, or high speed neutrons equipment obsolete; it might disrepresenting a capital investment work merely for such a "modest" of more than five billion dollars, return, we hasten to add that the such units to the specific demands This investment has been made AEC's contract with General Elec- of contemporary economy will inin its entirety by the United trie covered also the Knolls labo-States government. It foots all ratories, near Schenectady, N. Y., the bills. "And," says Fortune and the experimental power pile. nagazine, "no major company in near West Milton, N. Y. Both are any industry in the U. S. has so being built for GE with govern- on this development, either in the Thorium resembles uranium and source, in view of present tendenfar made a private capital in- ment funds, the former at a cost availability or in the cost of the it appears to possess the require- cies toward a depression, increas vestment of one penny in the of \$25 million, the latter at a cost of \$20 million.

A rich uncle always has a relaxing effect on even the most sturdy nephew. He is not too scrupulous about the uncle's In its majority composition, a money. And so, aside from the ist of the personnel of policy- benefits already mentioned, promaking bodies, from the first fits made from supplies furnished, atomic commission appointed by etc., General Electric taps the Secretary of War Stimson in "uncle" for operating expenses 1945, through the AEC itself and out of which it gains for its own its various advisory committees, use the results of experimentation would read like a roll call of J. and research. It is able to train P. Morgan subsidiary executives and develop its personnel at govwith a generous sprinkling of of- ernment expense. All the while ficials from the Rockefeller oil General Electric, like Union Carmonopoly, the Mellon aluminum bide, is not risking a penny of its and electrical machinery interests own capital on the atom. Still it is said that the words "patriotrust. The latter earned the well- |sm" and "sense of duty" condeserved t'tle, after World War I stantly occur in its officials' conof "merchants of death." More- versation on the atom; but the

FOR WHAT PURPOSE?

of the question. This is speaking development." only in terms of immediate revenue. For monopoly capitalism

on a \$60 million contract. This of that there are many ways by AEC. It is expected that in its atomic pile can be used to drive transforming uranium-238 - than capitalism, which in reality con-

corporation and adaptation of volve a protracted development." With respect to the problems of fundamental active materials Nor can there be much question trolled chain reaction. Hence the cerns of excess capacity followed that ways will be found to cheapen fast neutron fission of thorium by the ominous specter of a seriand simplify the processes involved in the production of the less costly than the more complex | This is why the development fissionable materials themselves."

PRESENT POSSIBILITIES

demonstration, a reasonably efficient plant using super-heated be put into operation within a for atomic power improvements year."

In September 1946 an Oak Ridge group of scientists and engineers completed a special study which said: "On the basis of this study, and other similar studies seems probable that nuclear power will find favorable in-This, however, is only one side are not placed in the path of its ment.

Subsequent discoveries verify the validity of these statements. large experimental atomic-power the long term perspectives of There are ample indications that plant, which would have generat-Union Carbide and Carbon Cor- developing and utilizing atomic ways are being found to cheapen ed through nuclear fission beporation, which is financially in- energy are of far greater im- and simplify the processes in- tween 650 and 940 degrees fahrenportance. And so the question volved in the production of helt of heat energy for transfer an experimental "breeder reac- be constructed at Oak Ridge, had All scientific authorities agree tor" recently announced by the passed the designing stage. This

ments for a sustained and con- es fears among monopoly conshould prove simpler and much ously declining rate of profit. plutonium is made.

Doubts are no longer entertain are virtually unlimited.

WHAT OBSTACLES?

Thus the magic formula, atomic energy for power to drive the world market. wheels of industry, seemed about which have been made recently, it ready to be transformed into the reality of life. Then what happened? Obviously obstacles were dustrial application if obstacles | placed in the path of its develop-

To mention only one example It is known that a project for a project was abandoned by the

The truth is that monopoly ment of this new source of power totalled about \$208 million. The mechanical energy which is within Already a couple of years ago for socially useful purposes. Un-

units for atomic power, "can be kind of atomic pile, based on the a revolution in technology might Lest anyone believe that this in existence within a few years, fission of plutonium by high render much of present capital (about a million electron volts). place coal and oil as fuels in Thorium is estimated to be many fields, or place these at a three times as abundant as ura- great disadvantage. Less bulky nium; and it has been known for material might reduce the volume some time that thorium-232 un- of freight haulage. Public utilities raw materials the report added: dergoes fission when bombarded might have to retool from the "We see no significant limitations with such high speed neutrons, bottom up. A more efficient power

> problem involved in the creation of atomic energy is directed of plutonium. It would eliminate practically exclusively toward the the expensive, highly purified, manufacture of bigger and better Professor Arthur H. Compton, great graphite structure which bombs. Production of armaments a Nobel Prize Winner, stated is now used as the moderator to about the same time that "if there slow down the neutrons at the present day merchants of death, were sufficient demand for a Hanford atomic pile where and the products do not enter the market in competition either with consumers goods or capital goods. steam for driving a turbine could ed among scientists that prospects Moreover, the relentless drive for preponderance in atomic weapons is directly interrelated with, and grows directly out of, the struggle of the American monopolies

> > for complete hegemony on the The monumental discoveries made on the present frontiers of science which could and should arouse great hopes for the preservation and enrichment of human life is directed instead toward its destruction.

The sixth article in this series will be printed next week.]

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These are expressed in it

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TROTSKY

"While the magnates of monopoly capitalism stand above the official organs of state power, controlling them from their heights, the opportunist trade union leaders scurry around the footstools of state power, creating support for it among the working masses. It is impossible to perform this filthy chore so long as workers' democracy within the trade unions is maintained. The regime in the unions, following the pattern of the regime of the bourgeois states, is becoming more and moreauthoritarian. In war time the trade union bureaucracy definitely becomes the military police of the Army's General staff in the working class."

-Leon Trotsky, Manifesto of the Fourth International, 1940.



LENIN

The Bureaucratic Mentality

Louis Stark, the well-known labor correspondent of the N. Y. Times, sheds some light on the motives behind the AFL Executive Council's refusal to lend legal aid to the United Mine Workers against an impending Taft-Hartley in-

In the Feb. 3 Times, Stark reported that the AFL high moguls had refused to act on the word sent indirectly by John L. Lewis to the Council that he "would be pleased" if the AFL offered to join in the legal defense against the injunction proceedings brought by NLRB General Counsel Denham. CIO President Philip Murray had already made such an offer for his organization.

While the AFL officials gave no formal statement on their reasons for refusing legal aid, Stark learned that the members of the Council had engaged in considerable discussion on the question. All sorts of pretexts were raised by the Council members why they should not back the miners even to the limited extent of legal support.

But among the reasons given, there is one in particular that is most revealing of the mentality, methods and aims of the AFL bureaucracy. During the Council's discussion, reports Stark, emphasis was placed on the miners' "able and willing" clause, which the coal operators have refused to renew because they claim it gives the union full authority over coal production.

"The council members saw this clause in another light," Stark discloses. "It was said that the disciplinary authority of an international union over its affiliates would be completely nullified if local unions succeeded in writing 'able and willing' clauses in their contracts."

These AFL officials, ever alert to possible direct or indirect threats to their bureaucratic authority, read into the clause that the miners shall work only when they are "able and willing" a possible concession to rank and file control of the unions. To union bureaucrats, that is a greater "danger" than a Taft-Hartley

Rather than appear to give even a breath of support to anything that might seem to weaken control from the top, the AFL leaders prefer to deny aid to the miners and to give tacit support to Denham and the coal operators who claim the "able and willing" clause is "illegal" under the Taft-Hartley Act. To these bureaucrats, the "main danger" is always union democracy, that is, control of the unions by their members.

Kutcher Case in the Courts

Since Truman instituted the "loyalty" program in March 1947, protests have been multiplying against this American imitation of totalitarian thought-control practises. Outstanding authorities on civil liberties, including eminent jurists, have condemned the provisions and procedures of the purge as unconstitutional, undemocratic and unprecedented in America.

Now with the filing of James Kutcher's suit for reinstatement at Washington this week, the federal courts are being called upon for their opinion. Kutcher's petition clearly poses the basic issues. Do public workers have the same right to their political ideas and activities as other citizens, or can they be persecuted and victimized for their beliefs? Have Truman and his Attorney General the power to proscribe working class parties and other organizations by decree and penalize their members, despite the Bill of Rights and our democratic traditions?

Kutcher has had the benefit of exceptionally qualified counsel in preparing his appeal and it is the most cogent and rounded indictment of the "loyalty" purge submitted to the courts.

Experience has shown that the Federal Courts are far from being impartial dispensers of justice or protectors of the Bill of Rights, especially where important in-

terests and policies of the capitalist rulers are involved. Federal judges are political appointees responsive to the will of the Washington witch-hunters. Circuit Court decisions pertaining to the purge up to now have affirmed its legality.

However, the courts are not impervious to counterpressure from the people or totally heedless of their protests. In addition to purely legal considerations and arguments, they often take into account the state of mass sentiment in arriving

That is one reason, among others, why the nation-wide movement behind the Kutcher case is so crucial. The support already developed around his defense is sizeable and impressive. But the greater the forces mobilized on his behalf, the more seriously will his appeal be consider-

The case of the Legless Veteran has rightfully become the rallying center for the expanding opposition to thought-control. The campaign conducted by the Kutcher Civil Rights Committee has awakened and aroused people all over the country to the perils of the "loyalty" purge. These form the vanguard of millions more who can - and must - be enlisted in this historic struggle for civil rights and carry it forward to a successful conclusion.

each in foreign countries. Signed articles by contributors do not necessarily reptors do not necessarily reptors do not necessarily reptors are arreased in the Contributors are arreased are the historically famous Dantons had to say about these and what The writers and organizers of and Robespierres, into the very Lenin and Trotsky had to say

the study of Negro history have center of his investigations of the reached a critical stage in their causes and course of the revoluwork. They have accumulated an tion. imposing body of facts which demonstrate the active participation of Negroes in the making of American history and, in particular, in the creation of the American liberal and revolutionary tradition. It is today impossible to write a serious history of the Civil War period without taking into consideration the research which has gone into the making of the Journal of Negro History.

But what next? Merely to go on accumulating facts? Obviously that is not sufficient. Benjamin Quarles' study of Frederick Douglass shows the dilemma. This careful, conscientious Negro scholar, after years of study. simply could not come to any definitive conclusion about the significance of the career of Douglass; he sought the secret of people, and through their Com-Douglass in Douglass' personal character, selfishness, ambition. Yet the truth is that no single ndividual so embodied in himself the growth and development of the social forces in America which brought the North-South conflict to a head.

ROLE OF DOUGLASS

After the election of 1860, Lincoln and the bourgeoisie took over. But until that time, Douglass as the slave who escaped as the brilliant lieutenant of Garr'son and Phillips, and there as most symbolical figure of the all the work the Negro historians have done on him, his significance, both as an American and as an American Negro, eludes them.

It eludes them because historical facts, as facts, can do so much and no more. They have to be organized in the light of a philosophy of history. To be quite precise, they have to be consciously organized in the light of a correct philosophy of history. For whether a writer knows it or not, he is always using a philosophy of history. In the case of most American historical writers, it is the philosophy of liberalism and parliamentary democracy. Because they resented the lies and ignorance about Negroes They do not point out the imwhich this philosophy produced, the Negroes went to the archives altered the general conceptions Negroes in the U. S. But while cognition of the fact that they recognizing that the "democratic" represent the deepest instincts conception of the Beards, Hackers and desires of the mass. Not at ernment representatives admitted they have not been able to substitute any other historical method for it.

THE SAME PROBLEM

Their dilemma is not at all a Negro one. It affects the writing of history from one end of the world to another, and nowhere more sharply than in the history of revolutionary periods such as the English Civil War of the 17th century, the French revolution of the 18th century and the Russian revolution of this century. All these great historical events are in process of re-evaluation, like the Civil War in the U. S., with

regard to the same problem. It his been estimated that in France there are more books on the great period of the French revolution, 1789-94, than on all the rest of French history. Yet when Daniel Guerin recently published his history of that period, he was able to raise so many fundamental questions, lluminate so many obscure ones, and throw so much confusion into accepted theories that friends and enemies alike had to agree that new stage had been reached.

Why? Because Guerin, a revoutionary socialist, for the first time posed unambiguously and in the most militant fashion the role of the artisans, workers and peasants in the French revoluion, bringing them and their leaders like Varlet, Rous and Leclerc hitherto generally neglected for

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ROLE OF THE MASSES

The same thing has happened tion in Britain. The Levellers, and men like John Lilburne, from have -become the center of imand America; the historical dominance of men' like Oliver Statinism and Trotsky's Stalin. Cromwell has been seriously chal- They will have to study and to lenged, and here, as in France. decide. the role of the masses is the center of attention.

In Russia the same problem has taken an entirely opposite turn. Stalin and the Kremlin oppressors of the people have rewritten the history of the Russian revolution, excluded the role of Trotsky and all who opposed their bureaucratic, oppression of the munist parties have spent millions in trying to impose upon the people of the world a version of the Russian revolution which makes the whole mighty development the result of the wisdom foresight, energy and courage of Stalin. Among the many reasons why they hate Trotskyism se bitterly is that it has exposed these falsifications at every opportunity.

WHY IT IS IMPORTANT

It is not hard to understand why this theoretical battle over the man who broke with them to the role played by the masses ir urge political action, without giv- past great revolutions assumeing up his principles as a radical such importance. Not merely beabolitionist - Douglass is the cause of the past, but because one of the problems in the contemporpre-Civil War period. Yet after ary world is: Can the people, the workers, the peasants, the lower middle class, use their immense power to reorganize a collapsing society and at the same time not fall under the grip of totalitarianism?

The Negro historians have not as a whole faced this question. They first sought to rely on the facts alone. Where they d'd begin to study historical method, they fell under the influence of the Stalinists. But all Stalinist history, following the great example of their masters in Russia. pays lip-service to the role of the masses while in reality sparing no pa'ns to exalt the ideas of submission, discipline, authority portance of leaders as men who have worked with the masses for and produced the facts which have years, as men whom the masses know and trust, as men whose regarding the part played by every step is conditioned by reand Schlesingers is inadequate, all. The conception they seek to Kutcher's mosition gave him no CP leaderships seek to establish n every country.

which the Stalinists cover their ness testified nor was any evifor the Negro writers to recognize wrongdoing. Kutcher had no right Two years would be the limit." that what the Stalinists parade as

THE NEXT STEP

What then is the way out? The Negro writers have to pose and grapple with the general historical question: What is the role of the masses in great revolutionary upheavals? They will find that instead of dealing, as they have been doing, with the Negro role in U. S. history, they are dealing with a world-wide problem of historical writing which is engaging the attention of serious historians today as never before.

about the role of the mass movements in the English and French Revolutions, once they master directly what Marx and Engels | Supreme Court, if necessary."

about the Russian Revolution, they will find that the role of the Negro masses and Negro political leaders will begin to fall into well-defined political patterns. They will have to tackle in regard to the Puritan revolu- the Stalinist corruption at its source. They will have to study Trotsky's History of the Russian being mere footnotes to history, Revolution and, side by side with it, the versions of the Stalinist portant studies, in both England historians They will have to study Stainist accounts of the rise of

> Until then they will continue to do as they are doing now, accumulate material but be unable to make use of it; not only that, they will not be able to hold even the positions they have now. Already liberal historians like Nevins are backing a counter-attack with attempts to show that the Civil War was not fought over slavery as an economic system but was a moral question. The Stalinist that it was the poor whites in the South who initiated the struggle for freedom from slavery.

The Negro writers on Negro history therefore have to make a big step forward. But having made it they will find that they will add great contributions not only to American history but to world history. Their work will be drawn into what is already : movement on a world scale. They will begin to reap the full fruits

of their patient, pioneering work They will also find that if they do this work as it ought to be done they will be led to the solution not merely of historical problems but of the burning political questions of the day - the future of the U. S. as well as of the Negro people. For history s a part of the class struggle.

In their determination to right the wrongs done to Negroes, the writers of Negro history have done much to clear away the jungle of lies and falsehoods which obscured American history wherever it approached Negroes. No the time has come to link that work deliberately, and consciously with the most progressive his torical currents of the day. A heavy price will inevitably paid if this is not done.

Kutcher Appeals In Washington

(Continued from page 1) statutory authority for their

promulgation. The complaint states that govnculcate is the conception of au- access to any confidential or thority, the kind of authority the classified information which might dictators of the Kremlin wield threaten the security of the the kind of authority that the United States. Under the "loyalty" procedures the case against Kut-Because of the demagogy, skill which were not disclosed to the to subpoena, confront or cross-'Marxism" leads them nowhere. examine witnesses or rebut their secret charges. None of the hearinga were public.

George Novack, national secretary of the Kutcher Civil Rights Committee which is directing the veteran's defense, said: "The discharge of this legless veteran solely because of his political beliefs raises issues of democratic liberties and job rights which go beyond the discrimination against Kutcher and his party, important as they are in themselves Through this major court test we hope to obtain a clear and con-Once they have grappled with clusive judgment on the violations what modern writers are saying of constitutional rights and proper legal procedures involved in the 'loyalty' program. We intend to carry the case to the U. S

DID ROOSEVELT "APPEASE" STALIN?

A favorite theme of many reactionaries (like William C. Bullitt) and of the Social Democrats (the New Leader especially, but also the Call) is that Roosevelt, by "appeasing" Stalin at the Yalta Conference in February 1945, sacrificed important "American interests" and was responsible for Washington's subsequent difficulties in the cold war. Things would be different today, they say, if Roosevelt had not been sick or badly advised; if he had not placed so much reliance on personal diplomacy; if he had really understood that the Russians cannot be trusted; if only he had stood firm and refused to make any concessions! The lesson they draw is that there must be no more "appeasement" and no relaxation of the get-tough

The Stalinists, on the other hand, never have anything but raise for the Roosevelt policy at Yalta. Things would indeed be lifferent today, they shout, if only Roosevelt had lived and been able to continue his "friendly" policy toward the Soviet Union, which Truman foully betrayed and abandoned. The lesson they draw is that the Roosevelt policy must be revived by the election of "peaceloving" men like Henry Wallace.

Both these myths are thoroughly exploded in the book completed Aptheker now proposes to show by Edward R. Stettinius just before his death (ROOSEVELT AND THE RUSSIANS: The Yalta Conference, Doubleday and Co., 1949, 367 pp., \$4). Stettinius, a prominent capitalist, Secretary of State and a participant at Yalta, in his book gives an informative account of the demands, counter-demands and bargains struck by Roosevelt, Churchill and Stalin at the first conference where they "reached fundamental agreements on postwar problems as distinct from mere statements of aims and purposes.'

> It is his contention that "The record of the conference shows clearly that the Soviet Union made greater concessions at Yalta to the United States and Great Britain than were made to the Soviets. The evidence he presents fully supports this contention.

> Poland, one of the main points on the Yalta agenda, is a good example. Stalin had set up a puppet government in Lublin which he wanted recognized. Roosevelt and Churchill refused to do so, and insisted on an agreement to establish a new government of "national unity" which would include both the London and Lublin Poles and would hold free elections leading to a democratic regime. The final decision was substantially in line with the Roosevelt-Churchill

Concessions on the Polish Question

Since then Roosevelt's critics complain that he was "taken in," because while the Lublin regime was broadened to include such London representatives as Mikolajczyk, the elections that took place were not free and eventually the London Poles were driven out of the country. But these critics overlook a vital fact: At Yalta Stalin already had complete control of Poland. As Stettinius puts it, "What did the Soviet Union [at the conference] gain in eastern Europe which she did not already have as the result of the smashing victories of the Red Army?" The answer is: Nothing. " . . . If we had made no agreements at Yalta, the Russians still would have been in full possession of the territory in Europe that President Roosevelt is alleged to have given them." Stalin had the power to set up a completely Stalinist regime in Poland instead of a People's Front government, and his allies could not have stopped him.

But, the critics continue, if Roosevelt and Churchill had refused to go along on the Polish agreement which Stalin later refused to honor, then the U.S. and British governments would have been in a better moral and propagandistic position for the cold war with the USSR. What good were the agreements in this sense?

Plenty good, Stettinius replies in the final lines of his book: Until agreements were made and [the good faith of the Soviet Union] tested, the world could not clearly know of the difficulties of securing Russian compliance with agreements. The Western nations could not follow their present policy toward the Soviet Union unless they had behind them the record of President Roosevelt and Prime Minister Churchill in their joint effort to deal with the Russian leaders in an honest and honorable manner at

In other words, such agreements were very important weapons for the imperialists. "President Roosevelt did not 'surrender' anything significant at Yalta which it was within his power to withhold. But he got an agreement that Stalin broke. This helped to create the atmosphere in which it became relatively easy for the U.S. and over the working class movement cher consisted entirely of secret British governments to put over their present get-tough policy toinformation and FBI reports | ward the USSR. Here is an enlightening example: On the second day of the conference, Stalin asked Roosevelt how long he thought the and historical doubletalk with plaintiff. At the hearing, no witvelt answered: "I can get the people and Congress to cooperate tracks, it has taken a long time dence introduced against him of fully for peace but not to keep an army in Europe for a long time.

> Stettinius comments as follows: "Although this may now sound astonishing, it must be remembered that there was already a ground swell of public opinion demanding that our forces be returned home as soon as the war was over. Furthermore, it is reasonable to assume that, had Russian-American relations remained at the highwater mark reached at Yalta, public opinion would not have favored American troops being stationed in Europe for too long a time after the close of the war. It was the deterioration in Soviet-American relations after Yalta that rapidly changed American opinion on this question." And nothing helped the imperialists in Washington more in getting away with their present occupation and war preparation policies than the easily-proved charge that Stalin was not honoring agreements such as the one on Poland.

A "Diplomatic Triumph" for the Imperialists

On this ground alone, it appears Stettinius is correct in his estimate that the Yalta agreements were, "on the whole, a diplomatic triumph" for Roosevelt and Churchill. But there are many other grounds as well. One of Roosevelt's major aims at the conference was to get Stalin to accept a number of propositions that would remove obstacles to the establishment of the United Nations. Roosevelt got what he sought, in return for virtually meaningless concessions such as three votes for the USSR in the UN, and thus laid the ground for the formation of the organization which has proved such an effective propaganda weapon against the USSR.

Another of Roosevelt's objectives at Yalta was to get Stalin to agree to enter the Japanese war within three months after the European was ended. (At that time it was not known if the atomic bomb would work and in government circles "there was the fear that heavy casualties in Japan or the possible lack of continuous victories would have an unfortunate effect on the attitude of the American people.")

Stalin consented if in return he would get certain territorial ncessions in the Far East, which Roosevelt and Churchill agreed and for which they have been criticized. But in the first place, as Stettinius asks: "What. . . with the possible exception of the Kuriles, lid the Soviet Union receive at Yalta which she might not have taken without any agreement? If there had been no agreement, the Soviet Union could have swept into North China, and the United States and the Chinese would have been in no real position to prevent it." In the second place, as Stettinius does not say, Stalin's agreement to declare war against Japan in return for territory discredits the Soviet Union in the eyes of the workers of the world and thereby undermines the mass support without which the Soviet Union will be destroyed in the next war.

The reactionaries and Social Democrats lie when they say Roosevelt failed to protect imperialist interests to the best of his ability at Yalta, just as the Stalinists lie when they say Roosevelt was really a friend of the Soviet Union who might have followed policy different from the one pursued by his successor. Roosevelt emained loyal to his class; it was Stalin and the Stalinists who betrayed the interests of the class they claim to represent, and it is that disloyalty above all which the capitalists can thank for permitting their system to be preserved in most of the world.

What McMahon Admits

(Continued from Page 1) countless "crusades" conducted this "misunderstanding" by means But there can be no doubt that under these lofty-sounding of a 50 billion dollar "peace the mass of the American people phrases have proved in the end crusade," that is, by a temporary do profoundly desire peace and nothing but invaluable auxiliary deal with Stalin in the course of agencies of militarism. They lulled | which the "peace-loving reputathe peoples into feelings of false tion" of American imperialists

The American imperialists have traditionally used the mask of again playing with the idea of pacifism and humanitarianism offering the Kremlin a deal, if But today they find themselves only for the demagogic propa laboring under the disadvantage of publicly building the biggest military machine ever seen in "peacetime" plus acting as the circles pace-setters in the atomic arms race. Washington's atomic installations constitute right now the greatest single military and "business" enterprise in the world.

U. S. REPUTATION

Mahon is that in the eyes of the world American imperialism has been stripped of its "reputation as a peace-loving and a peaceliving nation. There are millions of people abroad who observe our to grasp that these are for self-

security and hope and nothing might possibly be refurbished. Apparently one group of capitalist politicians in Washington is

> ganda value of such a move. But even this is not taken seriously among top capitalist

The editors of N. Y. Times see 'small danger" of McMahon's proposal "being adopted." Mc-Maion himself agrees that his nlan might be considered as "impractical or theoretical" and sees its chief value in this that no one has anything "better" to offer Among the most noteworthy and that his plan, if it proves admissions made by Senator Mc- nothing else, will at least prove the profundity of our desire for

peace." When a capitalist politician like McMahon swears he loves peace and freedom, after having is why it is above all the duty of underwritten all the previous war armaments expenditures and fail plans of the militarists including to rally behind the slogan: Let the decision to build the Hell | the people vote on the over-riding Bomb, only a simpleton or a issue of peace or war!

McMahon proposes to counteract | rascal would take him at his word are determined to preserve their democratic rights.

PEOPLE MUST DECIDE

How much longer can they permit the critical decisions affecting their lives and liberties to go by default, or more correctly, to be blotted out, behind their backs and without their sav-so?

On the eve of the last war there was a powerful popular sentiment, which found its ex pression even in halls of Congress, that the warmaking powers must be taken out of the hands of the President and Congress and the people themselves must dec'de the question of whether we shall have peace or war.

There is an even more powerful anti-war sentiment today. But not a whisper of it is permitted in Congress. If articulated and organized, this mass sentiment can play a great role in the struggle against capitalist war. That organized labor in this country

Visit your local headquarters of the SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY AKRON---For information, write P.O.

AKRON.—For information, write P.O. Box 1342.

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Phone 3-1855, Wed., Fri., Sat., 1:30 te
4 p.4m.

THE MILITANT

They threw a testimonial luncheon for Norman Thomas at the Commodore Hotel ballroom in New York City the other day. The leader of the Socialist Party attracted a goodly crowd at \$5 a plate. It was a fitting tribute to Norman Thomas' brand of "socialism." You couldn't toss a pie anywhere in that ballroom and not hit some reactionary capitalist politician, anti-socialist propagandist or malefactor of great wealth. They all had praise for Thomas, he's the kind of "socialist" they like. They meant it too.

That pride of Tammany Hall and two-time campaign manager for Franklin D. Roosevelt, James A. Farley, paid warm personal tribute to the man who once campaigned on the slogan, "Socialism in our time," but since has complained that even the Republicans have swiped some of

Farley said of Thomas, "We would be better off with many more Americans like him." The old Democratic boss wasn't lying either, not from his standpoint. By "we," he meant the capitalist class and he was just saying that if there were more "socialists" like Thomas there would be less reason for the capitalists to worry about-

One of the sincerest tributes came from an oldtime Wall Street promoter who has twice shown American Big Business how to ante a first-class world war into super-billions of profits. Bernard Baruch, that "elder statesman" of American capitalism and "master strategist" of imperialist war planning, proclaimed his "very high regard for the integrity and courage of Mr. Thomas."

No doubt, Mr. Thomas was deeply touched by this tribute to that "integrity" and "courage"

which has just led to his proposal that his party abandon independent electoral activity and confine itself to acting as an adjunct of the corrupt

The sponsors and soup-lappers at the Thomas luncheon were as choice a collection of "free enterprisers" as you'll find anywhere outside an NAM convention. There were H.V. Kaltenborn, Republican Senators Wayne Morse and William Langer, and even a spokesman for the strikebound Chrysler Corp., its vice president and general counsel, Nicholas Kelley. He sort of made the gathering complete.

And the labor fakers and bureaucrats - how the San Francisco Board of they "love that man." David Dubinsky, of course, Supervisors buried in committee paid his respects. And even Daniel J. Tobin, head the proposed Fair Employment of the AFL Teamsters, found Thomas nothing Practices Ordinance. Recommendless than "a gentleman, a scholar and a great American in every sense of the word." Six years whereby the employers will un ago, Tobin's magazine had said Thomas "viewed the world through the same blood-smeared glass- to end discriminatory hiring praces as Hitler." Tobin was sued and apologized tices. and now he's ready to admit that Thomas is the kind of "socialist" the pro-capitalists don't mind at all having around.

They say you can tell a man by the company he keeps. You can also tell a man's politics by those who praise him. In both senses, Thomas has affirmed Trotsky's appraisal of him, that he has always called himself a "socialist" as a result of a "misunderstanding."

Could you imagine "a Collection of Anti-Collectivists," as the N. Y. World-Telegram called eliminated by reliance on "good" the crew at Thomas' luncheon, paying such tribute to, say, a Eugene Debs? Can you imagine Eugene Debs even sitting in such company?

That Speech of Carey's

By Joseph Keller

The current CIO News, dated Feb. 6, contains not a word on the recent American Legion-sponsored, Hearst-promoted conference in New York to form a "united front against Communism." This silence is particularly noticeable because top CIO leaders, along with AFL and Railroad Brotherhood spokesmen, participated in and gave a "labor" cover to this "All-American Conference" run by rabid, fascist-minded enemies of or-

Indeed, the capitalist press gave special prominence to the role of CIO Secretary James Carey and his assistant, Harry Read, at the conference. Read accepted the post of chairman of a continuations committee to set up a "permanent, pro-American, anti-Communist" organization. Carey told the assembled reactionaries, "In the last war we joined with the Communists to fight the Fascists; in another war we will join the Fascists to fight the Communists."

Naturally, there has been widespread revulsion in union ranks at the spectacle of labor officials like Carey and Read joining forces with elements like Senator Mundt, William Randolph Hearst Jr., State Senator Tenney of California, George Sokolsky, the Chamber of Commerce, National Association of Manufacturers and Merwin K. Hart's anti-Semitic, pro-fascist National Economics

Progressive unionists want to know if Murray, Reuther and other CIO leaders knew and approved of Carey's and Read's participation, in the name of the CIO, in this gathering of the very elements who will constitute any substantial fascist movement in America. So far these CIO leaders have not let out a peep on the subject.

The N. Y. Daily Compass of Feb. 2 quotes a "CIO spokesman" to the effect that "Carey's support of the Legion offshoot was no less official than CIO president Philip Murray's participation in the March of Dimes campaign." Murray has not denied this.

The CIO News does indicate, however, that the CIO leaders are trying to ward off the protests that are arising against the consorting of CIO officials with anti-labor and fascist elements. They run an editorial, "Hate Peddlers Are Busy Again," attacking the idea that "we can afford to ignore the fascist-minded groups and concentrate all our efforts on the Communists." But they say nothing about Carey and Read joining with these same "fascist-minded groups" at the Legion-Hearst "united front against Communism."

Nor can this be taken as a rejection of Carey's statement that they "will join with the Fascists against the Communists." One CIO national vicepresident, Frank Rosenblum, general secretary of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, has since said that "no right thinking labor man can support such a view." But the CIO officially has not

For Carey spoke what is really in their minds They howled when the Stalinist bureaucracy made its compact with the Nazis in 1939. But the American union bureaucrats themselves are ready to make a compact with fascists, outside and inside America, when the U.S. State Department

Authorities Bury FEPC Ordinance In San Francisco

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31 After nine months of hearings ed instead is a "voluntary plan" dertake a "program of education"

To hundreds of Negroes and other minorities who followed the slow progress of the ordinance who participated in the picke' lines and meetings, who packed the City Hall Chambers through cuntless long drawn-out sessions the lesson is once more driver home that discrimination canno be effectively fought, let alone capitalist politicians.

The proposed FEPC ordinance was drawn up under the auspices of the Council of Civic Unity, an patterned after those passed in Philadelphia, Minneapol's and few other cities. Its provisions were mild. Powers of investigation and enforcement were to be The sponsors of the measure emphasized with satisfaction that in in force not one penalty was ever

EXTENDED HEARINGS

all interested groups and individuals. Representatives of minority organizations, unions, political parties, fraternal and religious UAW last week. organizations, social welfare groups, totaling over 100 organizations, testified in favor of the measure; the only ones opposed were the employers organizations! | mands for a five-year extension

The Mayor's Committee finally reported the ordinance favorably to the Board of Supervisors. More hearings then took place through the months of October, November and December. Again over 100 organizations spoke in favor of he ordinance. Again the employers opposed it.

ee, with only one dissenting vote, ing the union. 4. Eliminate remade its recommendation - no strictions on holiday pay, 5. Get FFPC "at this time." "We do union shop and checkoff clauses. not believe," it said, "that they 6. Time-and-a-half for all Satursupporters of FEPCl have of-fered substantial evidence of dis-worked that work criminatory practices in sufficient worked that week. letail or extent to permit the nvoking of police power necessary for such a law."

participated in every stage of the morrow. hearings as well as the con-



the CIO Communication Workers, (left) in attempt to get postponement of threatened telephone strike. Union leaders later agreed to hold strike off until Feb. 24.

placed in the hands of a commission appointed by the Mayor. The sponsors of the measure on the massers of the measure of the massers of the measure of the massers of the measure of the massers of the phasized with satisfaction that in cities where such ordinances were in force not one penalty was ever

DETROIT, Feb. 6 - Full-page newspaper ads by the Detroit Board of Commerce, demonstrations and new con- office to hound and persecute poli- to the effect that he intended to The Mayor's committee heard tract demands by the auto union - these actions bring tical opponents." He repeated this pursue the same course against into bold relief the tactics pur-

to apply pressure on the company hour. for contract changes. Denouncing the corporation's pre-strike deof the present agreement, unionists are gearing for an immediate show-down battle over contract revision. The Dodge stewards' meeting last Tuesday demanded:

1. Throw out the company sesection to prevent discriminatory hiring. 3. Strengthen seniority provisions to stop foremen from Finally on Jan. 5, the Commit- playing favorites and undermin-

A committee set up by the The Socialist Workers Party delegated Chrysler conference to-

The presentation of these deferences and picket lines. It called mands will mark an offensive acfor a sharpening of the ordinance tion by the union against the with increased powers of enforce- profit-bloated corporation. To ment. It supported the buried many on the picket lines, contract militant conduct of the strike. FEPC measure despite its short- changes weigh heavier in their

sued by each side in the Chrysler than even wages or pensions. Corporation's war against the They are watchful that these be not bargained or arbitrated away Meanwhile, militants continue in exchange for a few pennies an

> EMPLOYERS' CAMPAIGN Meanwhile, the corporation

busting efforts. Full-page news- may be that Allen is dissatisfied paper ads - paid for by the Detroit Board of Commerce under isting statutes. It may be that he the guise of "public service" - feels that the law should be curity clause. 2. Include an FEPC attack pension plans, claiming changed so as to give Allen the they will bankrupt many busi-

> These Board of Commerce ads, of course, also attack the present He ought to try the legislative strike. "If we don't all keep working - it won't be long before the sheriff with his hammer tacks up ica." The ads call for "staying on partially, and to confine himself and has caused much discussion

Chrysler and the UAW had last-Chrysler 7 stewards' body is pre- ed seven months, and the unionparing similar demands. All these ists were beginning to think they are to be submitted to a national might last seven years. They just-Chrysler's profits could make

them stop talking and start paying.

Sentiment persists for a straight dime-an-hour raise and for more Reuther's proposal just before the grievances against the company strike deadline offering the company the choice of paying a dime for either pensions or wages has been taken seriously by the pickternatives was a maneuver to smoke out the company and atsentiment among unionists is that they should be given the same alternative offered to the company as a "maneuver." Spokes men on the picket line for a referendum vote on the question go unchallenged. There is little doubt that the membership would adopt the straight increase.

PREFER WAGE RISE

At the Chrysler 7 membership many strings attached.

Relief agencies in the city who DUNNE'S ANALYSIS equire labor-time before relief is of flying squadron members and pronged attack on the working strike activists. This promises class and its allies now evident elapses. Criticism is also being dustrialists, the "loyalty" purge a socialist change in the U. S. voiced because of lack of suffi- of the government and the anti- They hope that I, and possibly cient membership meetings to democratic purge within the labor other people, would give up our

SWP Organizer Flays Dictatorial Chief of Police

YOUNGSTOWN, Feb. 6 - A sharp attack by the Socialist Workers Party on police interference with political minorities here is producing effects in the local labor movement and other circles. Last 3-

ganizer, blasted Police Chief vancement of the Colored People. Allen for arrests of distributors the B'nai Brith, and the Federal of Communist Party handbills, and for interference with public And these are not simply crackactivity of other political groups. Since that time, two public distributions by the CP here at mill gates have gone without arrests, although Allen had hauled distributors to prison upon all ing anyone who wants to dissuch occasions in the past. In one tribute a handbill to have it apease, two city detectives chased proved by the chief of police. away distributors of the Stalinist That is illegal and bad enough. Worker. This change in police But here in Youngstown, the policy must be regarded as re- police chief proceeds without sulting from the firm and well benefit of law, statute, ordinance-

'NOTHING LOWER"

At the Council meeting, Bravernan tore into the city police ciat on, made to an audience of policy in a biting attack which councilmen and city officials who was broadcast in full over the were taken by surprise by such a local radio later in the evening. blunt statement, Police Chief There is nothing lower or more Allen, an FBI-trained flatfoot reprehensible," he declared, "than imported from Pennsylvania, a public official who uses his made a very brief and weak reply statement, looking straight at "Communism." Allen's actions Allen all the while. "The charges during the past week appear, that have been placed against the however, to have become more distributors are purely manu- cautious. factured charges, tailored to suit the circumstances." The arrested individuals had been charged with sidewalk obstruction.

Braverman went on to arraign through the Detroit Board of Ailen for misuse of office for Commerce continues its union- partisan political purposes, "It with the Constitut on and the exright to pass on all political doctrine. If that is so, he is in the wrong end of the business. end. But, so long as he is a police chief, he is simply entitled to enforce the existing laws imto that function."

The recent negotiations between NATIONAL DANGER

the general importance of this published sermon of Reverend issue in the life of the whole Carnes, pastor of the First ly feel that only cutting off of a publicity-seeking police chief course of a vicious attack on trying to make a name for him- Communism, Rev. Carnes, who self by 'saving' Youngstown from claims to be a "liberal." remarked three alleged Communists. This that he seriously questions "the is a national danger, which we wisdom" of Police Chief Allen in now face squarely in Youngstown. arresting Communists for passing I notice by tonight's papers that out literature. He called the acthe Ku Klux Klan has met in a tions "a questionable answer to convention and named as the the threat of Communism."

week at the Monday night meet- three most dangerous Communist ing of City Council, Harry Braver- groups in the country the Naman, Youngstown SWP or- tional Association for the Ad-Council of Churches of Christ. pots devoid of influence; they run large sections of the country.

"In the city of Campbell nearby" Braverman continued, "there now is an ordinance forcpublicized stand taken by the or authority in the most illegal way possible," Braverman closed with a demand that the city council act on the situation.

After Braverman's sharp denun-

OTHER REPERCUSSIONS

The radio locally for the next 18 hours buzzed with the news of what happened at the Council meeting. Radio stations featured it as the thief headline on their news broacasts. A statement from the SWP made the next day was broadcast by one commentator in the form of a "flash" during a news commentary. And the Youngstown Vindicator, the only daily here, featured the event on its front page the following morning.

The SWP stand has brought the civil liberties issue to the attention of broad groups of people, very strong current of red-baiting

tain only the pension, the growing sentiment among unionists is SPEAK AT N. Y. MEETING

Gag Act, Vincent Ray Dunne of Minneapolis, and the No. 1 victim of the "loyalty" purge, James Kutcher of Newark, joined forces at a public meeting here Friday night to emphasize ica and allies bludgeoned into the

the importance of united mass fight." action to save civil rights.

hall bore slogans on the same meeting last Wednesday, a motion theme calling for freeing of the Dunne said, is indicated by the was ruled out of order amidst the precedent - making Minneapolis support behind the legless veteran While unionists still desire a de- and support for united opposition the government purge.

given are being denounced. This with which he has been touring Workers Party, told the audience: ruling interferes with activities the country, analyzed the threeto become more important as time in the open shop drive of the in- party dedicated to bringing about

movement. "What motivates the Wall lines go hand in hand. Activists in Street masters and their minions other local unions are participat- in Washington and other departing in the strike. For example, ments of government" in pushing members of the Hudson Local 154 their "stream-lined witch-hunt" ror and fear and unconstitutional flying squadron man the picket at this time, he said, is their need acts they can frighten convinced lines when Chrysler 7 meets. As to push back the workers' move- socialists who realize the necesagainst leadership opinions that ment under the control of obedient sity of changing this rotten sys-"it is militant to stay home" dur- labor bureaucrats who take their tem of society." ng the strike, pickets are think- orders from Washington. This is The audience contributed gening along the lines of an all-out necessary to permit the bosses to erously toward financing the acstruggle. "Let's have an all-out cash in on World War II, to con- tivities of the SWP following an of supplying the armies of Amer- meeting.

Kutcher, fired from his clerk's

tionary socialist and belong to a beliefs and activities because we would lose our jobs and receive unfavorable publicity.

late when they think that by ter-

Inions Must Aid Miners

(Continued from page 1) which the operators themselves

have failed to do. . ." These operators hastened to infor a wage-freeze and pensions far below what the miners now get and had attached industry-

LEWIS ANSWERS

wide bargaining.

Lewis answered Truman's rendered it unnecessary to conworkers into submission."

As for Truman's board, Lewis

three strangers, however, well-jagainst the miners. And he will

be given such power over their sources to back the miners?

But Truman has now swung

form Truman that they were define their living standards and eager to "cooperate fully" with limit the educational opporhis board. They were mindful of tunities of their children." The

tricky proposal in uncompromis- power of the state to drive men miners, while AFL President Wilcould postulate that such mass who had previously offered only

ing terms. For eight months, he into the mines and for the profit liam Green has piously opined wrote Truman, "the operators of private employers, is involun- that "no good results" came from have gloried in the protection tary servitude, violative of the the past use of Taft - Hartley given them by an oppressive spirit, and perhaps the literal against the miners and "it refederal statute . . . they have text of the Thirteenth Amend- mains to be seen" what "good" boasted that the abomination, ment." He advised Truman that will come of it now. known as the Taft-Hartley Act, "it is questionable whether one cede anything, and that in the coercion would ensure enthusiastic legal aid, just today has finally end your high office, wielding service from grateful men." In come through with something Taft's club, would beat the mine- short, the miners would resist more substantial, \$500,000 for forced labor.

said, the miners "do not wish this weapon of "mass coercion

AFL Council Issues Mild Complaint On State Department Bid to Franco

After a prolonged silence the Executive Council of the AFL, meeting in Miami Beach, Fla., finally took cognizance of the State Department's avowed policy of em- Truman. So far, Murray and the

bracing the butcher Franco. They ? issued a mildly critical letter, with copies to Truman, the State Department and the House and the recognition of "the Commun-Senate Foreign Affairs commit- ist usurpers who . . . have over-

Mentioning no names, and carefully evading the fact that Truand the ranking Democratic spokesmen in Congress, the AFL "labor statesmen" content them selves by filing their disagreements with the faulty "reason- policy? ing" allegedly behind Washington's latest move.

Such "reasoning" they comment" of butcher Franco would policy."

Kai-shek by logically hastening ed up for Truman and have said Government of China.' Their chief complaint is of

man himself is directly respon- course left unspoken. How can action of the whole labor move-

plain would "inevitably lead from barrass us so openly in public, ference immediately. At the same one fatal blunder to another." Please don't ask us to shake time they should act on their own, What they fear most of all, it hands with Franco, as we know protesting to Truman and extend-

intentioned but necessarily illigo to the same lengths to beat informed, to fix their wages, down any other union which dares decree their working conditions, to fight militantly for its rights. WHAT WILL UNIONS DO?

The decisive question in this how the steel board had called miners believe, he added, that crucial struggle against the "they have an inherent right to Taft-Hartley Law and governpass upon these vital considera- ment strikebreaking is: What will tions themselves, and that no the AFL and CIO unions do? Will stranger, however situated, should they now mobilize all their re-

The AFL Executive Council Lewis charged that "to use the has refused even legal aid to the

> CIO President Philip Murray, miners' relief from the steel workers. This is only a good beginning and far from the esources the CIO can and should mobilize to halt Truman's strike-

MORE THAN RELIEF

The situation calls for more than relief to the miners, desperately as that is needed. It demands thunderous mass action and protest aimed directly at other labor allies of the Demo barm the cause of butcher Chiang cratic administration have covernot one public word against him.

The government's deadly thrust thrown the legally constituted at all labor, through its use of the T-H Law against the miners, can be warded off by the concerted sible for the pro-Franco orienta- they now continue peddling their ment. A National Emergency tion of State Secretary Acheson lies to the workers about the Conference of Labor, with all "humanitarian" and "democratic" unions participating, is needed at aims of the Marshall Plan, the once to set in motion a mighty Atlantic Pact, and the rest of counter-offensive against the Big American imperialist foreign Business-government assault on the miners. Action should be The AFL bureaucrats are in taken by all local unions to force picket lines, committees to carry such scope in this city for many effect pleading with their capital- their national officials to convene on the fight and issuing a state- years, to strengthen their organist masters: "Please don't em- such an emergency joint con-

TOLEDO AREA-WIDE PENSION FIGHT ENTERS NEW STAGE

TOLEDO, Feb. 3 - A strike of 500 Plaskon (plastic division of Libbey-Owens Ford Glass) workers over the firing of five people has been turned into a struggle for

This has become the first test of strength between the UAW FIGHT PENSION PLAN and the Toledo millionaires organized in the so-called Committee to Save Toledo's Payrolls over the pension issue. However, each day gives additional evidence that it is not just the area-wide pension plan that is involved in the

in the heart of the union movethis is the reason for the unem- in all plants covered by the plan. ployment here. The truth of the

stewards for time lost in settling mass production workers.

the Toledo area-wide pension plan. The striking workers voted grievances. The Spicer Company unanimously to include the pen- has recently notified UAW Local sion demand in their program 12 that it too would soon cease and to stay out until it is won, paying committeemen as it has for many years.

While the Plaskon bosses have not yet declared themselves on the 12 cents an hour Toledo Area lionaires' committee, which acts as a spokesman for all the industrialists, has announced, after struggle. The wealthy corporation "studying" the details of the plan, bosses are out to bury their knives that they are just as firmly opposed to it now as they were before they saw it. Their latest Their aim is to take away the newspaper ad predicts all kinds hard-won gains of the workers of dire results if the companies and especially to depress wages. pay 12c, an hour for each worker All their propaganda falsely into the pension, health benefit asserts that wages are too high plan, which calls for an areahere and that Toledo industries wide common fund among a large cannot compete successfully. They number of small companies and try to convince the public that the right to accumulate seniority

This uncompromising stand by matter is that the boom has ended the committee clearly indicates a all over the country and that long and bitter struggle which, unemployment is the natural re- regardless of the issues in dissult of the operation of capitalist pute, will decide whether "free enterprise" economic laws. union is to be an effective instru-

The striking Plaskon workers ment in protecting the workers have begun the struggle in a or not. The union militants will militant fashion, organizing utilize this struggle, the first of ment clearly setting forth their izations, to support the strike aims. The union charges that in already begun and any others to addition to the unwarranted fir- follow and to revive the fighting ings the company has refused to spirit of the 1930's that brought strike," is their feeling - all-out quer the rest of the world with a appeal by National Secretary turns out, is that the "appease- we must, if you insist on this ing all possible material aid to pay shop committeemen and the first union victories to the on the picket lines to keep ALL "war production machine capable James P. Cannon, who chaired the

by a most zealous Reutherite to 11 Communist Party victims of work of the Kutcher Civil Rights drop all idea of a straight dime- the Smith Act, pardon of Dunne Committee, the non-partisan de-Pension Plan issue, the mil- an-hour raise and to adopt a pro- and the other 17 labor and Trot- fense organization which has moposal demanding only a pension, skyist leaders victimized in the bilized national labor and liberal applause of the entire meeting. trial of 1941 under the same act, who symbolizes the resistance to cent pension, they prefer a to the "loyalty" purge, symbolizstraight dime to a plan with ed in the Kutcher case.

keep the ranks informed.

Criticism and solidarity on the out of the plants.

ets. Although Reuther has since explained that this posing of alternatives was a maneuver to

NEW YORK, Feb. 7 - The first victim of the Smith

How to fight the offensive Banners decorating the meeting against civil rights in general and workers' rights in particular,

NOT INTIMIDATED

job in the Newark VA because of Dunne, speaking on the topic his membership in the Socialist "The government is trying to punish me because I am a revolu-

"The witch-hunters miscalcu-