FREE THE 18:

THE MILITANT

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Big Meeting In N. Y. For The 18

Prominent Union Leaders Will Address Rally To Be Held at the Hotel Diplomat on June 8

Strike To Achieve George Novack, National Secretary of the Civil Rights Defense Committee, now on a coast-to-coast speaking tour on behalf of the 18 imprisoned Local 544-CIO and Socialist Workers Party leaders in the Minneapolis Labor Case, will address a ers Party leaders in the Minneapolis Labor Case, will address a mass meeting in New York City, June 8, at the Crystal Ball Room of the Hotel Diplomat.

Outstanding leaders of unions, liberal organizations and working class political parties will speak at what is expected to be the greatest public demonstration thus far held of united labor and liberal support behind the campaign to free the 18 and secure repeal of the infamous Smith "Gag" Act under which they were con-

UNION SPOKESMEN

Among the well-known union leaders who will participate as speakers are Thomas DeLorenzo President of Brewster Local 365 CIO United Automobile Workers; Samuel Wolchok, President of the United Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Employees, CIO and George Baldanzi, Executive Vice-President of the CIO Textile Workers Union.

De Lorenzo, who is himself facing a frameup indictment growing out of his militant union activities, has recently joined the National Committee of the CRDC, as did Baldanzi, who will act as chairman of the mass meeting. Wolchok heads the union which lead the Ward strike in Chicago.

Other speakers will include Roger Baldwin, Director of the American Civil Liberties Union, which has backed the defense of the 18 from the start of the case; Norman Thomas, of the Socialist Party; Daniel Bell, Associate Editor of the New Leader and

ing his three months tour, during sections of the labor and liberal for negotiation, and WLB comwhich he presented the facts of movements. Both the AFL and plaisance. They are human and the Minneapolis Labor Case be CIO opposed its passage in Con-they feel they have only one ave fore thousands of workers and gress and it was denounced by nue left." progressives in principal cities of the American Civil Liberties Unthe nation.

L. A. MASS MEETING

Novack concluded his west

Pattern Of Peace

Archibald MacLeish, the Librarian of Congress and Speaking last week at a ceremonial of the American Academy of Arts and Letters and the National Institute of Arts and Letters, he blurted out:

"As things are now going, the peace we will make, the will be a peace of oil, a peace of gold, a peace of shipping, a peace, in brief, of factual situations, a peace without moral purpose or human intent, a peace of dicker and trade about the facts of commerce, the facts of banking, the facts of transportation, which will lead us where the treaties made by dicker and

trade have always led." A predatory peace can be the only end of a reactionary war. Does the learned Mr. MacLeish draw this conclusion? Heaven forbid! His concern is precisely to prevent the masses from drawing any such conclusion.

ion as an 'instrument of oppres- THE RUN-AROUND sion against unpopular minorities

and organized labor.' Dayton, Ohio, and Pittsburgh, Pa., tion which now can be used on his return trip to the East. | against other trade unionists and In his most recent press state- working class political parties."

Foremen In Detroit

By Jeanette Lane

DETROIT-On the 28th of April, the foremen of the Connors plant of the Briggs Manufacturing Company walked out on strike. They were followed in short order by the foremen formerly head of the Office in the other 5 Briggs plants, of War Information, knows Hudson Motor Car Company. what the present war is about. Packard, Aeronautical Products, Gar Wood and Murray Body. Detroit was in the throes of another labor upsurge, this time drawing in the strategic section of the workers functioning in a supervisory capacity. The main issue, and almost the sole issue peace we seem to be making, | in dispute, was the demand for recognition of their union-the Foremen's Association of America.

For over a year, the FAA had been asking for recognition but their case has been shunted and shoved around between the NLRB and WLB without result. In the first week of the strike, Robert Keys, president of the FAA. clearly posed the issue in dispute. "The National Labor Relations Board," said Keys, "has denied them (the foremen) the right to bargain collectively. The Manufacturers' Association has taken advantage of this to discriminate against foremen whom they suspect of union activity. The War Labor Board, for many weeks, has taken no action or urgent telegrams which I have sent, explaining that the men were insisting on a strike and Albert Gates, Editor of Labor Ac- ment, Novack declared: "The that they were becoming deaf Smith Act is considered uncon- to pleas to refrain from striking. The feature of the meeting will stitutional and a violation of the The men see discrimination by be the report of Novack follow- Bill of Rights by all progressive employers increasing, no avenue

It was only when the foremen resorted to the only "avenue "When the U. S. Supreme they had left," the strike, that coast speaking engagements with Court, in an unprecedented action their just demands were given a highly successful mass meeting three times refused to review the a hearing. Keys castigated the in Los Angeles on May 21. He Minneapolis case, it placed a le- WLB and NLRB for their role in will also speak at St. Louis, Mo., gal weapon in the hands of reac-collaborating with the anti-labor National Association of Manu-

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CRDC Schedules Roosevelt Uses Plant "Seizures" As Screen For Anti-Labor Drive

Wall Street's New Contingent



`Unanimous' Convention PlacesSeal On Dissolution Of C.P.

banner headline the Daily Worker announced May 21 the dissolution of the Communist Party and its conversion into a "Communist Political Association." The resolution to dissolve, put raise the self-confidence of the gone through several major laforward at the party convention by Earl Browder, was a mere formality, rubber-stamping a workers and provide an infectious bor crises. The first, that of the decision reached last January by Browder and his chieftains and announced at the Plenum of the example for other sections of the four coal strikes, has entered into National Committee. Needless to add, the convention passed the resolution "unanimously." All labor movement to follow. It was the consciousness of the Amerithe known opponents of the step within the ranks had previously been stifled or railroaded out of this fear that motivated the seiz- can workers as the first success-

The resolutions and other 9documents which the conven- ism to which this Stalinist or- capitalism and establish social- ed in an opinion which Attorney ernment. tion adopted reveal the abysmal ganization has sunk in its ism as the ONLY WAY to attain General Biddle submitted to Roos- In that crisis, Roosevelt's presdepths of rottenness and cynic- embrace of capitalism, its sup-

Kelly Postal Wins and its rejection of the socialist struggle of the working class. **Parole From State** Board, Minnesota munist Political Association," which the convention adopted,

charge of the case. Release of ence of the labor movement." the prisoner from Stillwater

port of the second World War THE NEW PREAMBLE tion of the newly-created "Com-

The granting of a parole to declares that this self-avowed Kelly Postal, former secretary- agency of Wall Street "adheres treasurer of Minneapolis Truck- to the principles of scientific sodrivers Local 544-ClO, has been cialism, Marxism, the heritage of announced by the Civil Rights the best thought of humanity Defense Committee which is in and of a hundred years' experi-

Yet Browder, in his speech t Daily Worker, pointed out that the new Stalinist program "has no element of socialism in it." By Court In Mexico What purpose, then, is behind the lip-service to socialism and Marxism? Obviously it is designed to confuse those in the party who still wish to struggle for socialism.

What Browder and Co. did not and could not explain was how the alleged adherence to socialism could be reconciled with the avowed defense of capitalism policy as announced by Browder.

BROWDER RESOLUTION

Browder's resolution stated: Whereas the bulk of the American people are not yet convinced of the need for a more radical solution of our social and economic problems through largescale nationalization of indus- will appeal to the Supreme tries or through the establishment of socialism, all patriotic ed against the workers on strike dependent upon his getting a job forces including the adherents of socialism, can and must bend every effort to promote the maximum of economic security, proof the Minneapolis labor case in duction and employment that June, 1941 when a long-standing CAN AND MUST be achieved

But what need is there for socialism at all if economic seingelass precisely because there murder weapon. As secretary-treasurer of the IS NOT AND CANNOT BE any

the Stalinist convention, which reports that there is a real and ously dominating influence was and its rejection of the socialist drew open sneers from the capitalist press, was highlighted by ance will spread to the plants ate aspirations of the workers. a telegram of greetings from and facilities of other companies. His personal appeal to the coal Dionisio Encina secretary of the both in the Chicago area and miners, over the heads of their The preamble to the constitu- Mexican Communist Party, which elsewhere . . . Local unions in leadership, to return to work closed with the Marxist slogan Chicago in many of the impor- was rebuffed. He never submit-'Proletarians of All Countries, tant war plants have voted to ted his "labor influence" to an-Unite!" This slogan was not at support the Montgomery Ward other such test! In the second

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Mexican Superior Tribunal last week upheld a twenty-year sentence against GPU agent Jacques Mornard, alias Frank Jacson, for the pick-axe assassination of Leon Trotsky in August 1940. This is the heaviest sentence permitted posed only for premeditated murder.

For almost four years the influence and resources of the Stalin regime have been thrown behind Jacson in an effort to defraud justice. He has had the benefit of unlimited finances and legal aid. It is now reported he

Court itself. on his person a prepared "conto a head. The membership of capitalism? The socialist move- ed on the scene of his crime, and Local 544 voted almost unanim- ment arose as an objective, im- had concealed on him a knife

ingclass of the need to abolish preparations under way.

Army Takes Over Only After **Workers Set Up Picket Lines**

Government Machinery Mobilized to Break Strikes in the Interests of Big Business

By C. Thomas

As soon as the resentment of the workers, aggravated by the deliberate stalling tactics of the War Labor Board, erupts into open resistance against the provocative acts of management, the whole machinery of the federal government is mobilized as a strikebreaking weapon in the service of Big Business. That is the real significance of the farcical "seizure" of the Montgomery Ward plant at Chicago and more recently of the Ward subsidiary, the Hummer Manufacturing Company, at Springfield, Illinois. In both instances, the Roosevelt administration acted only after the workers, their patience exhausted by the interminable run-around of the WLB, struck the plants.

The workers were forced to strike in order to defend the liveries to, or shipments from, existence of their unions against Montgomery Ward and Comthe open shop drive instituted pany." Herein is the nub of the by Sewell Avery, acting as dep- whole situation. uty for J. P. Morgan and Com- LOOMING CRISIS pany which controls Montgomery Ward. So clear-cut was the issue, that the strikes aroused the sympathy and support of employers; with wages frozen unwide sections of the labor move- der the Little Steel formula while

WHAT THEY FEAR

union busting contingent led by fire throughout the labor move-Avery, gave every promise of ment. Roosevelt's elaborate laaction of organized labor, would the Roosevelt administration has

This fear was openly express- impregnable power of the govevelt on the Chicago seizure. Bid- tige suffered an irreparable The opera bouffe character of dle said: "The Board (WLB) also blow, and showed that his previ all in place in a convention whose employes who are on strike. The major crisis, that of the threat-National Brotherhood of Team- ened strike of the railway worksters, Chauffeurs and Helpers, of ers, Roosevelt, for the first time, the American Federation of La- ordered the Army to seize the bor, in Chicago, are refusing to railroads before a strike occurmake deliveries to, or to take red. This act was tempered by ard and Company. Various af- ions to the rail workers. filiates of the railway brother-

goods have refused to handle de-

With the increasing restiveness of the workers, smarting under the arrogance of union-hating the cost of living continues to soar; with the added burden of heavy taxes that fall with unjust With the backing of the AFL, weight on those least able to pay, CIO and Railroad Brotherhood, the momentum of a successful the showdown with the open shop, strike would sweep like a prairie terminating in a resounding vic- bor relations edifice could not tory for the unions. But such a survive such a conflagration. victory, won by the independent Since the beginning of the war, ful challenge to the seemingly

hipments from, Montgomery the granting of small concess-

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Stalinist Strikebreakers Help **Avery Against Ward Workers**

The strike which tied up the Chicago plant of Montgomery strike pledge. Ward and Company was the first CIO authorized strike since Pearl Harbor. Sewell Avery, deputy for the House of Morgan May 5 issue of the Dispatcher which numbers Montgomery Ward as one of its properties in at a crucial period of the strike, a far flung industrial empire, is acting as the spearhead in declared: "The ILWU is organ-Wall Street's drive for the return of the open shop. So clear were the issues involved in the dispute that the entire labor ward elsewhere than in Chicago movement AFL CIO and Railroad Brotherhood, rallied to the movement, AFL, CIO and Railroad Brotherhood, rallied to the support of the strike. Commenting on this aspect of the Ward case, the Midwest Labor World,

official organ of the United and Warehousemen's Union, we'll be more affirmative than Retail, Wholesale and Depart- headed by Harry Bridges, to re- ever in our adherence to the noment Store Employees of Amer- frain from handling orders div- strike pledge." Adding insult to strike, states:

throughout the area gave moral and financial backing to the strike, when teamsters and railroad men refused to cross the picket lines, when workers hundreds of miles away, without talked of boycotting Ward's, you know that such a challenge as that of Avery can inflame the nation's workers over night."

STALINIST FINKS

SEA appealed to the officials of control stabbed their fellowthe International Longshoremen workers in the back by demon-

will handle Chicago orders eight ons." hours a day, call it scabbing if | But the only fight that Bridges you want to.'

WHAT BRIDGES WROTE strike was called, the URWD- ry Ward locals under Stalinist ally irresponsible elements, who

stratively reaffirming their no Bridges himself, writing in the

our union be a party to the game that was played in Chicago or anything like it. If anything, ica, the union that led the erted from the Chicago plant of injury, the Stalinist strikebreak-Montgomery Ward's to the St. ers slandered the strikers by de-Paul unit, which is under con- claring, "we will fight Mont-"Not in years has such fine tract to the ILWU. The Stalinist gomery Ward with our own solidarity been shown in a strike. finks responded by saying, "we weapons and not Hitler's weap-

and his gang showed was directand the "weapons" used were the and approval by parole agents of On April 21, the ILWU Dis- typical Stalinist weapons of his future living quarters. suggestions from the URWD- patcher, official organ of the slandering and villifying the SEA or any branch of the CIO, Bridges union, greeted the strike- leaders of the strike. These volbreaking declaration of their St. unteer Pinkertons even resorted Paul henchmen by stating: "IL- to the bosses technique of red-WU Local 215, which is the bar- baiting the union leadership. gaining agent for employes of Writing in the Daily Worker of Montgomery Ward workers in April 17, Morris Childs, leading sters International Union, came curity can be achieved under fession" when he was apprehend-St. Paul, immediately reaffirmed Stalinist hatchetman in Illinois, This magnificent display of its no-strike pledge, although it stated: "Mr. Avery owes his working class solidarity was received requests from the Chi- success in provoking the strike ously to disaffiliate from Tobin's perative need of the world workmarred by only one flagrant ex- cago strike leaders not to handle in large measure to a group of AFL union and join the CIO. ception. The Stalinists ranged goods." While the workers in Trotskyites who are in the themselves on the side of the Chicago walked the picket line in leadership of the striking local, Local, Kelly Postal obeyed the economic security for the work-House of Morgan and by word a struggle, the outcome of which an affiliate of the United Re- vote and transferred the Local's ers as long as capitalism lives. reported underway to arrange and deed did everything possible will affect the fate of the entire tail. Wholesale and Warehouse

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KELLY POSTAL

State Penitentiary, however, is

The Kelly Postal case grew out conflict between Local 544 of the under capitalism." Teamsters Union and Daniel J. Tobin, president of the Team-

for a term up to five years.

Appeal by Assassin Yet Browder, in his speech to the convention as reported in the Of Trotsky Denied

The Eighth Court of the penal which is the core of Stalinist under Mexican law, and is im-

Jacson and his attorneys have introduced every contradictory argument possible to secure his freedom or a light sentence. The most recent appeal argued that "the homicide was committed during a quarrel" and was not premeditated - and this, in the face of the fact that Jacson had

As all the legal tricks of the GPU have failed, a plot is now funds to the new CIO union. For And the need for a revolutionary Jacson's escape from prison. The to break the strike. When the labor movement, the Montgome- Workers. They consist of gener- acting thus he was charged with socialist organization exists pre- Mexican press has openly charg-"embezzlement" on complaint of cisely because it is necessary ed that such plans are afoot and Tobin and railroaded to prison to convince the bulk of the work- has published evidence of the

OUR GREEK MARTYRS

The murderous hand of Hitlerism has struck once again at the Trotskyist movement in Europe. According to official dispatches of the reactionary Greek government-in-exile, 17 members of the Archeo-Marxists, among them Vite, the general secretary, have been executed by German occupation authorities in Athens. Four other Trotskyists, according to the same source, fell before a German firing squad in Salonika.

The "crime" of these courageous revolutionary fighters was they took part in the struggle against the Nazi oppressors in Greece. Specifically, they were charged with conducting Communist agitation and being in illegal possession of

Vite was for some time secretary to Leon Trotsky when the "Old Man" lived in exile in France. He was also a member of the International Secretariat of the Fourth International. From emigration in France, he returned to Greece in 1941 or 1942 in order to participate in the reorganization of the Greek Trotskyist movement.

This is not the first time the Nazi beast has sunk its bloody claws into the revolutionary socialist movement represented by Trotskyism. Only last year, through underground channels, word came of the execution of three of our comrades before a Nazi firing squad in occupied Belgium. The fallen revolutionary fighters were comrades Renery, Van Belle and Lemmens, members of the Revolutionary Socialist Party, Belgian section of the Fourth International. Others have fallen in Holland and Norway.

Within Hitler's German stronghold itself, before the outbreak of the present war, the Trotskyists were hunted by the

Gestapo and many were felled by the headman's axe. With deepest sorrow we salute the memory of our fallen comrades, soldiers in the great battle for a socialist world. The Greek proletariat will avenge the foul murder of these heroic revolutionary fighters by sweeping away the Nazi despots. Their sacrifice will be vindicated in the coming Greek and European revolution which will project the entire Continent along the path of socialism.

By Joseph Keller

sions of the protective legislation workers in any dispute that won by organized labor over de- might arise." cades of struggle are being whittled away by federal decisions and administrative decree. The latest example is the decision of the Third Circuit Court of Appeals last week in rejecting a peti- ity given by Local 58, United tion of the National Labor Relations Board to have the Edward J. Budd Manufacturing Company, of Philadelphia, held in contempt of court for writing a letter to its 15,000 workers for the pur- of 500 workers at the Continental pose of preventing them from Diamond Fibre Manufacturing joining a genuine union after the Company. Bridgeport, Pa., to NLRB and court had ordered the dissolution of a company union.

Under the Wagner labor relations act, the workers are supposed to be protected from the coercion and intimidation of employers. The Budd company is with white workers, the rest of known as the "Ford of Philadelphia," and to this day has suc- the company's refusal to negocessfully prevented its workers from enjoying the benefits of unionization by the most vicious union-busting measures.

Nevertheless, under the guise of an alleged concern for "freedom of speech," the federal court has given juridical sanction for all the labor-hating corporations to launch open propaganda campaigns that can have no other treating Negro workers here and purpose than interfering with the rights of workers to join unions of their own choosing.

The Jim Crow practices of the officials of the AFL Boilermakers and Iron Shipbuilders union wipe out anti-Negro discriminin their attempts to maintain a ation, the white workers have put "lily-white" organization were aside all other grievances for labrought out last week before the ter discussion, agreeing to return Superior Court in Providence, to work on the sole condition R. I., where Negro workers from that the company end its Jim the Walsh-Kaiser shipyard are Crow practices. seeking a permanent injunction against discriminatory practices

workers are placed in separate tion of the United Mine Workers "auxiliaries," which are under for admission into the AFL, the the "supervision" of the "mother council followed this rebuff to lodges" of white workers in a John L. Lewis by voting to isgiven territory. Although they sue a charter for an AFL chewere assured on joining that mical workers union to compete they would have the rights of with Lewis' District 50 set-up. full-fledged members, the Negro | But the organization of the

ative, admitted that workers of from the CIO until 1942. any race can join on a basis of | The chemical workers union, one member on the grievance tions.

One after another the provi- | committee of five to represent the

In marked contrast to the policies of the Boilermaker's officialdom, is the wonderful demonstration of working class solidar-Textile Workers, AFL, which last Saturday defied the "back-towork" demands of top union officials and the Army and Navy, and continued its six-day strike force the company to end discriminatory practices against Negro

employes. When the company refused to transfer a Negro worker with 18 years seniority to another department where he would work along the workers, already provoked by tiate grievances, walked-out. Local 58's president, Frank Gable, declared that "the com-

pany has refused to recognize our union ever since we voted for it last August. Sure, we have a contract but it doesn't mean a thing to the company. We've all been sore, but now we're really mad when we know how they are worker can?"

To demonstrate that they are sincere in their determination to

When the AFL Executive Testimony revealed that Negro | Council turned down the applica-

members learned a few months chemical workers does not debefore their local's elections last pend upon some magic charter, December that on instructions whatever its label. The greatest from the international officers union in the country, the CIO they had been designated as mem- United Automobile Workers, laid bers of a segregated "auxiliary" the foundations for its tremendand their ballots in the subse- ous advance back in 1934 and of years." quent election were marked with 1935 as an unchartered step-child (Colored) to distinguish of the AFL. It was the early them from the ballots of white struggles of the auto workers in workers. All Negro voters were Toledo and other industrial cen- to need them very soon now." then instructed to place their bal- ters which first built the auto unlots in a special envelope marked ion. The same is true of the steel union, second largest in the

At the hearing in the Superior country, which was led by an Court William J. Buckley, Boiler- organizing committee and did not maker's international represent- receive an international charter

equality, except Negroes. He also under whatever charter, will be testified that the "auxiliaries" | built only on a militant program could not have a grievance com- that will better the conditions of mittee of their own but "would the workers and protect them have the privilege of placing from the attacks of the corpora-



The comments in our corres- | This is to be split between The pondence this week are so inter- Militant and F. I. It is a donaesting and varied that only lack tion from a friend in Boston." of space prevents our printing ALL the letters received. We fered my congratulations on the quote some of the letters from six-page Militant, and I take this

Seattle: "Again on The Mili- a high level technically and in tant. Since I was so free with content." my criticism I think it only fair that I write when the paper, or derful! To friends-at-large The an issue, is particularly good. I Militant is especially important am referring to the May Day issue. First, I mustn't forget to and for that feeling of comrademention the excellent cartoon. In ship with all others." fact, it was so symbolic and so serious a demonstration, in drawing, of events to come that I dislike calling it a cartoon. But cartoons are not always funny! So I pile one more laurel on the already very high pile of laurels to Comrade Gray. Second, the gram and objectives outlined in May Day Manifesto was excel- The Militant. My great hope is lent. I don't know when I have that they may be attained soon." read a manifesto or resolution written so simply and to the point. It held one's interest throughout the whole manifesto and I wanted more when I came

New York City: "Congratulations on the best make-up in the ture which in your opinion would 'left' press."

Worcester: "Enclosed is \$10. danger of becoming a Stalinist."

In Detroit, Mich. You can get

THE MILITANT at the FAMILY THEATRE NEWSSTAND raite the theatre

Dayton: "I have not yet ofopportunity to do so. It is at

Columbia: "The paper is won-- for information, inspiration,

Bronx: "Find \$1 enclosed for six-month subscription to The Militant. I am sorry that I cannot afford to send more."

Upstate New York: "I am quite in sympathy with the pro-Flint: "The enclosed sub is for a dyed-in-the-wool Stalinist and I believe The Militant will

ailment.' Berkeley: "Send the sixmonth sub and any other literabe helpful to a young lady in grave

be a very good antidote for his

Canada: "I got the paper all right and thank you. I certainly enjoyed its contents. Very good indeed. I do a lot of conversing with friends and opponents alike. The flip-flop boys are working all the time, but their arguments are very shallow. I passed the paper around until it was threadbare and the boys enjoyed it."

TRADE UNION Branches Near Goal Of 3000 New Militant' Readers Far Ahead Of Campaign Deadline

The results in the Militant Subscription Campaign for 3,000 9 NEW readers by June 30 have thus far surpassed our expectations. already obtained could have been doubled had those branches who are lagging behind pitched in with the same determination displayed by the branches topping the scoreboard.

ero column. No branch should be less than 50 percent. Those branches that are less than 50 percent are slowing up the campaign

3000

2500

2000

1500

1000

500

Come on Los Angeles, St. Paul, Cleveland, New Haven, Minneapolis, Chicago, San Diego, Akron, Bayonne, Flint, Quakertown - let's catch up! Come on Pittsburgh, Rochester, St. Louis, Texas - let's get out of the

zero column! OUTSTANDING ACHIEVEMENTS OF THE WEEK

Buffalo maintained first place on the scoreboard with an increase from 260 to 350 percent.

Toledo moved from sixth place to

third, leading the challenge of Reading and Philadelphia. New York Local again sent in the

highest number of subs for the week — 118.

FROM OUR MAIL BAG

Buffalo: "It's really thrilling to see Buffalo at the top of the scoreboard. We have one girl here who is our champion sub-getter. So far she has 47 to her credit! Bet she hits 100 refusing to give them a chance. before we're through. We are giving Our boys feel that if the Negro a prize of Cannon's book, 'The Hisworker can't get his rights, what tory of American Trotskyism' to the winner."

Toledo: "We are intensifying our sub campaign and need 50 sub cards immediately. Enclosed are 20 new subscriptions obtained in our first Red Sun day door-to-door work."

Reading: "Send us 20 more sub cards."

Phila .: "Enclosed are 10 more subs. We are now

about one-quarter through our housing project and have been hav ing very encouraging success. We have even picked up a couple of subs there among Negro CP'ers and sympathizers. Oh yes! We take up Readings' challenge and we will make them do some stepping."

701-CIPEU

Minneapolis: "These 5 subs from one neighborhood were secured in an hour's time by two of our people doing house-to-house work in a territory where we hadn't distributed papers for a couple

San Francisco: "Enclosed find 35 sub cards secured yesterday in our house-to-house work. We expect to go over the top next week. Please send us another 50 cards. It looks like we're going RANK AND FILE SUPPORT

Allentown: "I was in Reading for May Day and the battle is on between us. We mean to give them a run for their subs." St. Paul: "We're enclosing 16 subs. St. Paul started slowly but

now we're in there pitching and really hope to top our quota." Los Angeles: "The reason that most of the trial subs come and should enjoy the same barthrough San Pedro is that they have been doing door-to-door work. gaining rights as these employes the organized labor movement SPONTANEOUS PROTEST This week because of other work we will be unable to do any doorto-door work, but we expect to start the following week in a Negro neighborhood where we distributed 600 copies of the May Day is- and-file UAW-CIO members gave ing plans.

Detroit: "I suppose New York has us beat double by now. But this coming week subs will really pour in from Detroit."

Chicago: "The campaign has assumed a certain impetus recently after an extremely slow start, and we expect to achieve our full quota at least, making every effort to surpass it."

San Pedro: "After having distributed The Militant in a working-class district for four weeks, we went out with the new trial sub blanks. Our first try netted 5 subs. In the next few weeks we will finish covering this district and hope to turn in quite a batch of subscriptions."

Let's finish this campaign in traditional Trotskyist manner every branch with at least 100 percent.

SCOREBOARD

Buffalo	Quota 50	Subs 175	Percent 350
Newark	80	152	190
Toledo	30	55	183
Reading	30	54	180
Philadelphia	30	50	166
New York	500	816	163
Detroit	300	330	110
Boston	100	106	106
Seattle	150	159	106
San Francisco	150	132	88
Allentown	15	12	80
Youngstown	50	30	60
Milwaukee	15	8	53
Los Angeles	400	176	44
St. Paul	50	22	44
Cleveland	50	21	42
New Haven	25	10	40
Minneapolis	200	79	39
Chicago	200	72	36
San Diego	50	18	36
Akron	40	10	25
Bayonne	50	10	20
Flint	15	3	20
Quakertown	10	2	20
Members-at-Large, Friends	355	64	18
Pittsburgh	10	0	0
Rochester	15	0	0
St. Louis	20	0	0
Texas	10	0	0

TOTALS

Two-thirds of the national quota has been fulfilled in seven weeks of the three-month campaign. However, the total number of 2,566 the branches topping the scoreboard. Sixteen branches are behind schedule and four are still in the

tions, will make available for bodied adult in this nation."

in the background of the cam- fist. paign for a forced labor law, his appointees have conducted an unremitting drive for labor conprivate profit.

union-busting drive of Big Busi- a contract. The hoax of "seizing"

I ness. Roosevelt's "seizures" are la plant, herding the workers back part of his frantic effort to head to their jobs, and then turning the The walkout of the steel work- off any move toward independent | plant back to the company when ers, occurring at the time of the labor action which would unleash "the productive efficiency of the rail crisis, forced Roosevelt to another major labor crisis. One plant and facilities has been repromise the steel workers a re- that will not be so easily resolved stored" will be discarded by Roostro-active clause. But Roosevelt nor so quickly allayed. The dif- evelt for other and sharper weapwhere he could no longer make Roosevelt are not those of basic own this miners slogan: No conconcessions. Swinging sharply policy and direction but solely of tract - no work! to the right, he urged Congress tempo. The real complaint of to adopt "a national service law, Avery and his crowd is not that the time is not yet ripe. He and composition of the Local are which, for the duration of the Roosevelt isn't travelling in the counts heavily on the coming in- peculiar to itself. This was the war, will prevent strikes and, right direction but that he isn't vasion to whip up a hysteria, The predatory gang of Wall war production or for any other Street freebooters, grown arro- With the aid of his labor lackeys, essential services every able- gant with pelf and power, want an end of "coddling" labor and on for the next period. Failing

"SEIZURE" HOAX

scription. When Roosevelt ini- Fight" law hangs like a noose lions and herded back to their tiated the proposal for a labor over the head of the labor move- jobs under penalty of a military draft he made it part of a five- ment. The workers are learning court-martial. point program. "I would not re- through bitter experience that commend a national service law," the theatrical plant seizures are said Roosevelt, "unless the other merely a device to break strikes chaff once the American workers laws were passed to keep down and get the workers back on the take the road of independent acthe cost of living, to share equi- job without having gained their tion on both the economic and tably the burdens of taxation, to demands. When this lesson has political fields. hold the stabilization line and to been absorbed it will become inprevent undue profits." Although creasingly difficult to fool the Congress has made a shambles workers into depending on a Roosof his "five-point" program, the evelt "seizure" to defend their President has NOT withdrawn unions and their contracts. The his proposal to draft labor for labor movement will then witness a revival of the slogan made fa-In recent weeks, the labor mous by the coal miners; No movement has experienced an up- contract - no work! If the govsurge of militancy, characterized ernment has the power to "seize" by increasing resistance to the a plant, it has the power to sign

(Continued from page 1)

facturers. Over a year ago, the foremen did not constitute a bargaining unit because they were men who attempted to remain May 6 of 250 workers at the representatives of management on the job were booed out of the company's Fullerton plant. and at the same time employes plant by noon. of management. "That," Keys said, "leaves us neither flesh nor fowl. We are identified with man-

complete support to the forepicket lines wherever they were that might have previously existed between UAW members and the foremen, the main principles involved were immediately recognized by the UAW mem-

In the course of the war thousands of militant UAW members have become foremen. The International Executive Board of the UAW came to the support of the foremen by declaring: "We condemn the refusal of the corporations to bargain collectively with their foremen. This attitude on the part of the corporations plus the refusal of the NLRB to grant foremen the right to organize, and the failure of the WLB to accept jurisdiction in the responsible for the present strike."

PICKET LINE When the strike occurred at the big Mack Avenue plant of Briggs Mfg. Co., the foremen started from the aircraft division and marched through the entire plant - two long city blocks being joined on the way by waiting groups of foremen in their hats and coats. By the time this small army reached the main entrance of the plant on Mack Ave. enthusiasm had reached its highest peak. The workers in the plants - all CIO members had lined up all along the way on both sides of the contingent of marching foremen and cheered them on. Amid applause they shouted "Atta Boys! Stick it out and you'll win your demands." "Three Cheers! At last that they are a special and privi- them, including their own internthe foremen are waking up In one department 12 foremen

gathered, waiting for the march to reach their section of the plant. When they received the word ten of them donned their hats and coats and walked, two abreast, through the department. The workers stopped their ma-

NAM ADAMANT

agement but have no voice in the NAM remain so adamant in pressure of the company, the management policies. We are refusing the foremen recognition various government agents who employes but have no way to of their union? Why did the were hastily rushed to the scene, speak for ourselves as employes." NLRB and the WLB explicitly and their own international union show their boss-class role? In officials. Their strike did force the heat of the fight the NLRB the WLB to agree to give imme-The contention of the foremen and WLB displayed completely diate consideration to one of their from the beginning has been that their partiality. The corporations major grievances and put powthey are employes of the com- and their government agencies erful pressure on the company pany the same as the sweepers, were cognizant of the fact that and government to speed up their lathe hands, press operators, etc., the unionization of the foremen cases. which would align them with working under other classifica- would render more difficult the In this strike the rank- carrying out of their union-bust-

enough concessions so that we shop, should not be resumed. can go back to work?" The At a packed union meeting on strike could have been settled in- Wednesday, the workers voted stantly-in fact it would not have unanimously to continue the occurred - if the men had been strike until after learning the regranted the democratic right to sults of today's regional board bargain collectively through an hearing. This action was taken organization of their own choos- in defiance of the pleas and ing. But the function of the threats of the Army, WPB and foremen's dispute must be held WLB, the brass hats and the Conciliation Service representawhole Roosevelt labor relations tives, aided by the UAW internmachine is to break strikes, not ational representative. to grant justice to the demands

After 20 days of strike the forced to assume jurisdiction demn the WLB and urge the ing a settlement. This motion over the FAA - in effect, as- continuation of the strike. The was carried. serting that the foremen had the government officials failed to anright to organize and bargain swer the pertinent question of is that the walkout solidified the had denied for so long. The order the workers back on the mination to fight for their rights. foremen's strike indicates the job, but could issue no directives The prevailing attitude was: "The depth of the political and eco- to the company, and why the company needed a lesson and got nomic fermentation that exists workers alone have been forced in the industrial city of Detroit. | to make sacrifices.

As the union-busting plans of the corporations and the rising cost of living continues to affect tive board again urging a return all groups of workers, those who have labored under the illusion power of the forces opposing leged group of employes are be- ational officers, a majority of ginning to realize that their in- the strikers finally agreed to terests are inseparably bound up end the walkout today, return to with those of the rest of their work with morale unbroken and class - the working class.

Ask Your Shopmate to

Roosevelt, however, feels that be crushed into submission. he feels that he can keep the lid or-Fight" bill now before the Senate Military Committee, by which workers on strike can be The proposal for a "Work-or- inducted into Army labor batta-

These are the plans! But these plans will be swept away like 15 this still-unsettled contract ex-

Mack Co. Strikers **Protest War Labor Board's Stalling**

ALLENTOWN, Pa., May 19-Approximately 3,000 workers at the Mack Manufacturing Corporation here today ended a fourday militant strike called in protest against the stalling of the chines and cheered lustily. The War Labor Board on several other two "weaker elements" cases vitally affecting the Mack grabbed their belongings and employes. The cases involve the were likewise cheered. Scab fore- contract and the lockout since

The strikers, members of Local 677, CIO United Automobile Workers Union, voted to return Why did the corporations and to their jobs under the combined

The walkout began as a spontaneous protest last Monday was held at the Continental Ballmorning. In approximately an As usual, the kept press tried hour, every shop was emptied of tendance. At each request that men's union - recognizing their to whip up a lynch hysteria workers. Representatives of the against the men on strike, The Army, WLB, WPB, and US Con- talk" policy of the conciliators in force. Despite any antagonism WLB dragged General Arnold in ciliation Service were immediateto testify that the strike threat- ly rushed to the spot. They pre- George Mufson, international reened to upset all of the invasion vailed upon the local executive presentative of USW was booed plans. In reply to this conten- board to call a special meeting off the floor after speaking a tion one of the foremen who urging the workers to halt the few sentences. Two other interstated his son was now with the strike and leave their problems Army in the Solomons, said: "I in the hands of the WLB. Meandon't think that anyone knows while, the Regional WLB called whether this strike hinders in- a hearing for today in Philadelvasion plans. If management is phia for the company and union so concerned over that, why isn't to show cause why work at all some effort made to give us plants, including the Fullerton

WORKERS DEFIANT

foremen returned to their jobs the floor at this meeting to di- down. The deadlock was finally at the request of their union of- rect sharp questions at the "im- broken by a motion from the The WLB was finally partial" government agents, con- floor to return for 30 days pendcollectively—a position that they why the WLB could summarily workers and showed their deter-Another meeting was called

last night, with the local executo work. Realizing the combined prepare to resume the struggle under more favorable conditions The militant temper of the workers was further revealed by the fact that a good 35 per cent of Subscribe to The Militant the meeting still voted for strike.

Worthington Steel Workers Strike As Grievances Pile Up

NEWARK, N. J., May 18 -The multitude of unsettled grievances covering the past year, which caused 3,000 members of Steel Local 1833-CIO to drop their tools and leave the 3 plants of the Worthington Corporation had already reached the point ferences that divide Avery and ons when workers adopt as their on Tuesday are similar to the grievances which exist for the majority of local unions today. On the other hand, the history first walkout to take place in 28 with certain appropriate excep- going fast enough nor far enough, under cover of which, labor can years. Quite a few of the men still talk of the great strike of 1916. Each department has its gore of "old timers" who are "wedded" to their jobs. The While Roosevelt has remained an unrestrained use of the iron that, he has in reserve, the "Work- company, feeling secure on this solidly set foundation, was "shocked" by the work stop-

> page. For the past year the union has been "processing" its disputed wage clause of the 1943 contract through the intricate machinery of the WLB. On May pired. The word went around that the company had refused to sign any retroactive agreement covering the 1944 contract and that the union would be working without a contract after midnight. This was the immediate cause of the walkout.

WALKOUT SPREADS

At 12:00 midnight a group of nen from the foundry, echoing the slogan of the coal miners -No contract — No work! — walked off the job. The following morning the foundry dayshift refused to start work and collected in the yard. Most of the machine shop (across the vard from the foundry) were starting the day's work. A few workers collected at the entrance to find out what was happening NLRB issued a statement that walked through after them. They issues of job classification, a new at the foundry. Suddenly someone shouted, "Everybody out!" Within fifteen minutes the whole plant was out on the street.

Steve Moran, president of the union climbed to the gate-house roof and addressed the men. After explaining the no-strike pledge, reaffirmed at the National Convention of the United Steel Workers a few days before, he advised, "if you persist on your present course that you go home then wait further notification over your radio." He then urged the men to return to work. After shouts of "No, no, you don't mean that, Steve!" and "We're going home!" the men gradually left the scene leaving the plant unpicketed. No one on the night-shift entered the plant,

The next afternoon a meeting room with over 2000 men in atthey adhere to the "No work, no the workers shouted, "No!" national representatives hovered discreetly in the rear on the speakers' platform, having been roundly booed as they came down the aisle.

Commander Yandell, representing the Navy, after commenting that he had never been booed before, told the men that there was no sense in asking for the Navy to take over as the Navy would maintain the conditions which existed during the first day of the strike. A representative of the labor

division of the WLB, round-faced, a maroon hanky in his breast pocket, took his turn by telling a joke. A pretty good joke which was received with a burst of laughter. But his plea to re-One worker after another took turn to work was also shouted

THE WORKERS AND THE SECOND WORLD WAR

A Speech by

JAMES P. CANNON 48 Pages 10 Cents PIONEER PUBLISHERS

> 116 University Place New York City

The Fraud Of Government "Trust-Busting"

By Miriam Carter

On January 6, 1944 a familiar farce was enacted in Washington. The Anti-trust division of the Department of Justice filed a suit against Du Pont, Remington Arms and Imperial Chemical Industries of Great Britain, charging them with being mononolies in restraint of trade. The suit was accompanied by a scathing denouncement of trusts by Wendell Berge, head of the anti-trust division.

"The arrangements between these groups," he said, "if allowed to go undetected and free from enforcement of domestic laws are nothing but private treaties-as far-reaching as any governmental action but free from Congressional sanction. Their production quotas and divisions of markets are private tariffs enforced without legislative consideration." (N. Y. Times, Jan. 7.)

Sherman Anti-Trust Act

After breathing fire and thunder against these giant, powerful monopolies, Mr. Berge promptly stated that "he would be satisfied if the defendants were to enter a consent decree providing for the remedies the Justice Department is seeking. Or, he said, if a trial is necessary, it may be postponed, as other anti-trust cases have. Even without special deferment, he added, the issues might not reach trial for a year, by which time the war may have ended." (N. Y. Times, Jan. 7.)

In this way another typical chapter was added to American government "trust busting," a history which dates as far back as 1890.

It was in 1890 that the Sherman Anti-

Trust Act was passed, to allay the discontent of the farmers, workers and small business men who had suffered from the ruthless methods used by the Robber Barons in the building of their giant trusts. However, under the Sherman Anti-Trust Act, together with the Clayton Act of 1916 which was to have put "teeth" into it, the great trusts have flourished and grown to such gigantic proportions that today they have the entire economy, as well as the government, under their thumb.

The most picturesque "trust buster" was President Theodore Roosevelt. He roared, and waved his "big stick" at the "plunderbund" as he called the trusts. Meanwhile, they quietly raked in the spoils.

Ferdinand Lundberg says in his exhaustive and authoritative study, America's Sixty Families that Theodore Roosevelt "like a dutiful schoolboy, submitted all official proclamations to the magnates and accepted their rescripts. . . When Roosevelt's two terms are weighed it becomes patent that during this period, and with Roosevelt's collaboration, J. P. Morgan and Company and his clients made the greatest progress in their history. The evidence in support of this conclusion is crushing . . . In 1900, for example, there were 149 trusts of \$4 billion capitalization; when the 'trust busting' Roosevelt breezed out of the White House there were 10,020 with \$31 billions of capitalization."

Morgan-Rockefeller Feud

The anti-trust laws were on the books, apparently, only to be used by one giant corporation in trying to cope with a competitor. Theodore Roosevelt favored the

house of J. P. Morgan, and the twenty-five corporations during the war went to those anti-trust suits brought by his administra- companies designated by the Pujo Comtion were directed against the Rockefeller empire. According to Lundberg, "The Roosevelt-Rockefeller feud lent color to the popular misconception that the President was hostile to great wealth. But the mere composition of Roosevelt's Cabinets showed that he bore no ill will toward the 'plunderbund'."

Taft, on the other hand, who followed Roosevelt, was in Rockefeller's camp, and the forty-five anti-trust suits brought by his administration were directed at the Morgan combines.

The net result of this much publicized trust busting was the further entrenchment of the trusts and increased power of a few individuals over the whole of

The Pujo Committee of 1912, set up by the House of Representatives, revealed "that J. P. Morgan, George F. Baker, and James Stillman, by means of virtual shoestrings, controlled in an absolute sense the money market of the nation. Under Morgan domination were companies with an aggregate capitalization of \$17,273,000,000, including the United States Steel Corporation, the International Harvester Company, the International Mercantile Marine, the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, the New Haven Railroad, the New York Life and Equitable Life Insurance companies, and many others."

The consolidation of the trusts at the expense of the American people proceeded at an accelerated pace during World War I, and in the post war era. More than two thirds of the \$30-billion profit made by the

mittee as under the domination of the "Money Trusts."

Graham Committee Report

The Graham Committee, appointed after the termination of the last war to investigate war frauds, reported "the various agencies of the Council of National Defense and the War Department not only permitted this violation of the statutes, but encouraged it, and in some cases ordered combinations to be made that were in violation of the law...... It is probably exact to say that never in the history of the country was a greater impetus given to illegal trusts and combinations in restraint of trade than was given by the practices above referred to."

The great depression which hit in 1929 and impoverished the great mass of the American people once again roused a burning resentment against the trusts. Paying lip service to this resentment, Franklin D. Roosevelt imitated the first Roosevelt in fulminating against "economic royalists". But, just as during Theodore Roosevelt's administration, the louder the howling the more intense became the process of monopolization of American industry and fin-

Under the "New Deal", the demagogic attack on the American trusts led, in 1938, to the establishment of the Temporary National Economic Committee, a government committee set up "to make a full and complete study and investigation with respect to..... monopoly, and the concentration of economic power in and financial control over

Monopolies Under Roosevelt

The TNEC met for a year and half. They questioned 552 witnesses. They came out, finally, with a vast 82 volume report that proved by detailed facts and figures "that most of the wealth and income of the country is owned by a few large corporations, that these corporations, in turn are owned by an infinitesimally small number of people, and that the profits from the operation of these corporations go to a very small group......"

In 1937, they reported, 10,000 persons (.008 percent of the population) owned one fourth of all the corporate stock in the country. One half of the stock is owned by 75,000 persons, or .06 percent of the population. The Du Ponts, the Mellons and the Rockefellers themselves, control 11 percent of the total assets of the 200 largest non-financial corporations, amounting to \$8 billion.

The dominance of this small group is steadily increasing, reported this committee. "From 1919 to 1939 inclusive, 95,020 corporations have gone out of industry and commerce. This is at the average rate of more than 4,500 annually. Many of these losses have been by mer-

The economic debacle of 1929 drove many small businesses out of existence, and served to further entrench the large cor-

Since the publication of the TNEC report this process of the tightening of trust control and dominance has proceeded at a

rapid rate. In May 1942, the War Production Board reported that 100 large companies had 75 percent of war contracts valued at \$50,000 or over. The tremendous profits raked in on their contracts by this tiny, powerful group have served to

increase their share of the national income. The self-styled "New Deal" administration has been the lever by which the corporations have gained ever greater control over American government, industry and finance.

When corporation abuse becomes so flagrant that it is impossible to conceal the Anti-trust division is forced to bring suit. They have a pat routine which assures the corporations in advance that the suit is just a bit of window dressing for public consumption. Moreover, innumerable anti-trust actions have been "postponed" in order not to interfere with the "war effort." The government, which never hesitates to take out the big stick against militant workers who demand a living wage, is invariably very gentle, understanding and cooperative with the rapacious trusts.

Today, as when the trusts first appeared the voluble attacks of "trust busters" have served only as a cover for the activities of the monopolists. In fact, it has been during the administration of the self-proclaimed "enemies" of the trusts, such as the first and second Roosevelts, that the trusts have made some of their greatest gains. The greater the hue and cry raised by the capitalist government against the trusts, the more lush are the profits and the more entrenched do the trusts become in Amer-

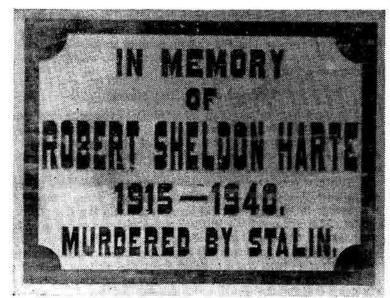
4th Anniversary Of The Murder Of Robert Harte Working Conditions In The May 1940 GPU Assault Against Trotsky

Four years ago, in the pre-dawn darkness on May 24, 1940, an | been organized and planned. GPU fashion, Harte had been slain with armed gang of some 30 Stalinist agents, firing machine guns and two bullets through his head. To the crimes of breaking and entering, hurling incendiary bombs, invaded the Coyoacan home of Leon assault with deadly weapons, arson and attempted assassination Trotsky in the first open attempt to assassinate Lenin's collaborator, organizer and leader of the Red Army and the founder of the Fourth International. The effort to fire the premises indicated the intent to destroy Trotsky's archives, expecially the manuscript of his biography of Stalin.

By "an accident of war," as Trotsky himself later described it, none of the GPU machine gun slugs that riddled his room and bed found their intended mark. Trotsky and his wife Natalia, whose death was also sought, had flung themselves from their bed at the first sound of firing and miraculously escaped detection in a dark corner of the room.

But when the assailants had fled, confident that they had achieved their purposes, it was discovered that one of Trotsky's household was missing. The young American revolutionist and member of the Socialist Workers Party, Robert Sheldon Harte, one of Trotsky's secretary-guards, had been seized by the assassins.

One month later, after the Mexican police had uncovered every detail of the crime, arrested more than a score of known Stalinists and secured full confessions exposing the roles of all participants, Harte's body was found in a lime-filled pit of a cellar in an old shack near Coyoacan, admittedly the headquarters where the attack had



Reproduction of plaque in memory of Robert Sheldon Harte. This plaque was placed in the courtyard of Leon Trotsky's residence in Coyoacan, Mexico.

Dissolution Of C.P. **Voted At Convention**

tion threw a verbal sop in the

direction of working-class milit-

(Continued from page 1)

keynote was "national unity" between the workers and the ex- ants by adopting a resolution ploiters in the interests of de-supporting the demand of the fending capitalism. But this little steel workers for a 17-cent-ancontradiction did not bother the hour wage increase, declaring hand-picked delegates in the "The wage demands of the steel

THE NEW CONSTITUTION

The pro-capitalist, anti-work- are championing the interests of ing-class, counter - revolutionary | the entire labor movement." nature of the new Stalinist setup is plainly revealed in the new should be misled by this sleight- from the ranks every voice of ary role of Trotskyism as the seeks to "subvert, undermine, service to the justice of the work- on the grounds of alleged "conweaken or overthrow any or all ers' struggle to maintain their clusive proof that they establishinstitutions of American democ- living standards against the as- ed relations with the Trotskyite racy." This naturally applies, in saults of capitalism - only in section of Hitler's fifth column filer who may express doubt about back when they go out on strike. of treason to the working class ary Marxism. The Trotskyists not to mention actively oppose They did this when the coal min- and the nation." the strike-breaking activities of ers struck. Most recently they the leading Stalinist coterie and attacked and scabbed on the today. The Trotskyists are the of the Stalinist betrayers, Proudits open collaboration with Wall Ward strike which was support- only consistent leaders in the Street against the workers, or ed by virtually every section of fight for the socialist revolution, who still want to struggle for the labor movement. They have which in turn is the only REAL

However, while warning po- their strikebreaking role.

were now added the crimes of kidnapping and murder. GPU Caught Red-handed The leaders of the attack and slaying were almost immediately

uncovered. One was David Alfaro Siqueiros, notorious GPU gunman and one-time "colonel" of the Stalinist forces in Spain. And to establish irrefutably the fact of full Stalinist complicity. David Serrano, member of the Political Committee of the Mexican Communist Party, was named a chief organizer and participant by signed statements of four of the self-confessed assassins.

The whole political background of the crime, the vast resources that were required and which could come only from such an organization as the GPU, the confessions of the participants, including Siqueiros,' were sufficient in themselves to place the guilt upon Stalin. The subsequent steps taken to save Siqueiros and the other gangsters only further revealed the powerful hand of the Kremlin

When Siqueiros was apprehended, Stalinist pressure was brought to hear on the Mexican officialdom. He was able to flee his bail with his papers all strangely in order, first to Cuba, and then to South America. No official efforts were made to extradite him. And now, he has returned to Mexico, where he-freely walks the streets. the mighty arm of Stalin ever around him to ward off the blows of Mexican justice, and openly talks of making a "cultural" tour of the United States under the auspices of Nelson Rockefeller's committee for the coordination of inter-American affairs.

The real object of the May 24 mass assault was fulfilled less than three months later, when the GPU agent Frank Jacson succeeded in gaining access to Trotsky's study and brutally murdering him with

Robert Sheldon Harte

Robert Sheldon Harte was not the first of the courageous young revolutionists who have sacrificed their lives in the defense of Trotskyism, the ideas and program of Marxism-Leninism. Among the innumerable victims of the GPU terror machine have been thousands of Trotskyists in Soviet Russia and Spain.

Not a few of Trotsky's closest co-workers fell under the murderblows of Stalin, including Erwin Wolf, Rudolph Klement, Ignace Reiss, and Trotsky's own son, Leon Sedov. Through their murders, Stalin vainly sought to drown the ideas of Trotskyism in blood.

Bob Harte began his life in the socialist revolutionary movement when he joined the Socialist Workers Party in New York City, He had been brought up in wealth and comfort. But he hated the system which gave unlimited luxury and privilege to the few, and condemned the many to poverty, insecurity and class oppression. He sought a solution to the abominations of capitalism and found it in the Trotskyist movement. From then on, he devoted his whole life to by terrorism, the machine-gun blast in the dark, the bullet from ing with all his energies in the activities of the Socialist Workers

When he volunteered for his mission as a secretary-guard for Trotsky, Bob knew well the dangers he faced. He understood the relentless vengeance Stalin ceaselessly sought to visit on Trotsky and his collaborators. He fully appreciated that anyone who stood at Trotsky's side and tried to ward off the assassins' attacks might died defending it.

Those who struck him down have thus far gone free. They are the representatives of a political system, Stalinism, which is so corrupt and degenerate that it can maintain itself, in the final analysis, only

In preparation for the convenworkers deserve the active support of the entire nation. The steel workers, now as in the past, tion of the Communist Party in- famous Minneapolis trial. All the No class-conscious worker tacked, excoriated and drove ceal the progressive, revolutionconstitution which provides for of-hand trick by the Stalinist opposition. Three oppositionists sole unbending fighter for both the expulsion of anyone who political shysters. They pay lip- were hounded out in New Haven the first place, to any rank-and- order to stab the workers in the in America and thus were guilty Trotskyism is the Leninism of

The American ruling class retion which was to place the cognized this when it railroaded formal seal upon the transforma- 18 Trotskyists to prison in the to an agency of capitalism and lies and slanders of Browder and reaction, Browder and Co. at- his cohorts will not serve to conthe immediate and historic interests of the workers.

Trotskyism, we repeat, is the Leninism of the present day. It s the inheritor and guardian of the great traditions of revolutionsnatched the stainless banner of socialism from the defiling hands ly and unflinchingly they hold this banner aloft, supremely conevery intention of continuing FIGHT against Hitlerism and fident that the workers will rally



the struggle for the socialist emancipation of the workers, participat- ambush, the pick-axe in the hand of a hired assassin. That is because the counter-revolutionary ideas of Stalinism could not and large tire company is to see men cannot be defended in any other fashion. All their rottenness stands instantaneously exposed under free discussion.

But counterposed to such systems of reactionary terrorism is locker rooms. What for? In them. the mighty million-headed revolutionary movement of the masses. order to pluck out bits of cigar-The impending struggle of "the vast majority in the interests of the vast majority" will impose its own historic justice that will avenge himself be struck down. As a true Bolshevik, he took his post and Bob Harte's death, and all the countless victims and martyrs of capitalist reaction and its agents. That is the only vengeance Bob hide them again, and rush all himself, as a Trotskyist, would have wanted.

The Trotskyist movement for which he gave his life, the program and ideas of world socialism, is spreading inexorably throught the will put two sandwiches together, world. Out of the bloody chaos and putrefaction of world capitalism are growing the forces of proletarian revolution, which will sweep the old, decayed order into oblivion. Stalinism too, that monstrous by-product of world capitalist reaction and pressure, will go down with the evil forces that buttress it. Triumphant socialism, freeing mankind of oppressions, wars, class tyranny, want, will avenge all the Bob Hartes.

On this fourth anniversary of his death, we salute his memory His memory will remain with us, and with all the honest revolutionary youth, as a model of Bolshevik courage and devotion, an enduring inspiration to those who fight to build a new and better

San Francisco School of Social Science **Britain in Crisis**

Aftermath of the Coal Strikes SUNDAY, JUNE 4, 8 P. M. Sunday, March 4 - 8:00 P. M. 305 GRANT AVE. (at Sutter) 4th Floor Refreshments Served After Forum

In Rubber Industry

Recently The Militant has printed stories concerning the Rubber Workers of America. Led by Sherman Dalrymple, the URW executive board has instituted a terroristic campaign ers who have caught their hands of expulsions against militant and arms in these rolls. You unionists who have fought for look at the calenders and mills democracy in the URW and for and shudder inwardly when you the rights of the rubber workers hear about the kid they took in the plants.

Just who are the rubber workers, these members of the powerful union with the stirring tradition of the sit-down strikes? They are long-suffering toilers who for years have drudged un- compared to the mines and steel der the most heartless speed-up, sweatshop conditions, which squeezed the last ounce of production, the last gram of energy drums without feeling that these out of their bodies.

Much of the work in the rubber plants is done under the piecework system, perfected by the late unlamented Charles Bedaux, bosom friend of top Nazi officials. Not long ago this same system, but under the label of 'incentive pay" was enthusiastically hailed by the Stalinists and other reactionaries. In rubber eight hours at lower rated jobs, plants tire builders, bead makers, or sporting equipment workers, are paid regular piece rates. Calender crews, tire curing workers, and others who work in gangs are usually paid in piece- at a lower rate of pay. work "pools," each member of the group receiving a certain percentage of the total piecework earnings. And here in the rubber factories the viciousness of the piecework system is most strikingly evident, for the jobs workers to organize and fight are timed to a split second. Time studies here all start with such opening lines as: "Walk to position . . . 02 seconds."

A KILLING PACE

'pits" in the curing room of a jump out and race down the aisles for about 300 feet to the ets out of little nickes in the wall where they had hidden them, light them, take two or three hungry puffs, snuff out the butts, the way back to the pits. Occasionally during lunch time, a man one on top of the other, and hurriedly cram the food into his mouth. All this is part of the piecework routine in the rubber

Work is hot, heavy, fast and unhealthy. Rubber is cured at temperatures varying around three hundred degrees Fahrenheit, and the air is always heavy with steam. Near the "heaters," big. sweating men work stripped to the waist at a feverish pace.

WORKING CONDITIONS In the mixing room, under a

weird yellow glare from the chemical-stained windows, shadowy figures move among the roaring, snapping mills that grind the rubber. Thick clouds of lampblack fill the air where millmen are mixing stock for tire treads. These men are dyed as deep a black as the rubber itself. As long

By Theodore Kovalesky | as they work there, they can never get entirely clean.

At the calender line there are more mills, little, speedy, corruvenal leadership of the United gated "cracker" mills side by side with the larger rollers which further soften up the rubber for the calender rolls. Speed, always speed! Stories are told of workdown the aisle in a cart one night moaning, "One arm! What the hell good am I going to be

for the rest of my life?" There are relatively few fatalities in the rubber factories as mills, but who can watch the tire builders racing feverishly against split seconds at their tire men are shortening their lives considerably? All of them are muscular, but many lack sufficient flesh to cover their pain fully taut sinews. They work with a nervous, unabating haste.

Women workers as is the custom are even worse off. With that same urgent speed a woman worker has to rush through her making beads, breakers and other parts of tires or inner tubes. In some cases, women even do the same jobs as the men, but

Conditions such as these are the daily life of thousands of working men and women in the rubber factories. These were the conditions that impelled the against cops and tear gas on the picket line. Work such as this has built the tires and the thousand rubber appliances used by modern civilization . . . and it Not an uncommon sight at the has built a tough section of our working class, that is capable of waging great battles. We shall hear a great deal more from



by C. Charles

Order from PIONEER PUBLISHERS 116 UNIVERSITY PLACE

NEW YORK 3, N. Y.

William Haywood -- A Soldier To The Very End Homage To A Great Working Class Fighter

May 28, 1944 marks the sixteenth anniversary of the death of William D. Haywood, one of the greatest and most loved figures in the history of the American labor movement.

Haywood, born February 4, 1869, spent his entire life in the struggle for the emancipation of the working class. At the age of 15, he left home to work in the mines of Nevada, where he entered the labor movement as a pioneer unionist in the Western Federation of Miners in 1887.

For more than a decade thereafter, Haywood worked militantly within the American Federation of Labor, until he broke with the AFL leadership to turn to the work of building the IWW at the 1904 convention of the Miners' Federation. He was chairman of the founding conference of the Industrial Workers of the World in 1905.

Constantly under threat of prosecution for his labor activities, Haywood was loved by the workers as much as he was feared and hated by the bosses. As a leading member of the Socialist Party, he was elected as a delegate to the Socialist Congress of the Second International in 1910. In this, the most militant period of the American Socialist Party, under the leadership of Debs, Haywood was a devoted worker for its program and served on its National Committee. When the opportunist leadership took over the SP in 1912, Haywood broke with them and was removed from his post on the National Committee. He continued his struggle against opportunism when the first World War broke out. With the outbreak of the Russian revolution he rallied to the banner of the October revolution.

Haywood was natura'ly one of the targets when, upon the outbreak of the first World War, the bosses seized the opportunity under the cover of "patriotism" to launch their attacks against the most militant section of the American working class, in preparation for entry into the imperialist conflict.

Persecution of the IWW reached a fever pitch in the Mesaba iron range of Minnesota in 1916; almost simultaneously came the frame.up of Mooney and Billings in California; then the murder of Frank Little in Montana. Laws against "criminal syndicalism" were invoked. In September, 1917, in two widespread raids, officers and members of the IWW were arrested by the thousands, kept in jail for months awaiting trial. Over one hundred leaders, including Haywood, were final'y found guilty in Chicago, in the spring of 1918, and given sentences ranging up to 40 years. When an appeal for a new trial was granted, Haywood and several others were released on bail in 1919. In Chicago, Haywood read that he was sought by the government on new frame-up charges; federal arrests of all members of the Communist Party and Communist Labor Party were being prepared; the application for a new trial for Haywood was finally denied by the United States Court of Appeals. Haywood sailed for the USSR, where he spent the remainder of his life.

The article on Haywood which appears below was written by James P. Cannon when the news of Haywood's death reached the United States. It appeared originally in the Daily Worker on May

By James P. Cannon

The death of Haywood was not unexpected. The declining health of the o'd fighter was known to his friends for a long time. On each visit to Moscow in recent years which our Party work necessitated we noted the progressive weakening of his physical powers and learned of the repeated attacks of the fatal disease which finally brought him down. Our anxious inquiries during the past month, occasioned by the newspaper reports of his illness, only brought the response that his recovery this time could not be expected. Nevertheless we could not abandon the hope that his fighting spirit | are soon to be published. They constitute a record of the class | that degeneration and sterility which overtook the syndicalist move-



William Haywood, 1869-1928

and his will to live would pull him through again, and the news that death had triumphed in the unequal struggle brought a shock of

A Soldier to the Last

The death of Haywood is a double blow to those who were at once his comrades in the fight and his personal friends, for his character was such as to invest personal relations with an extraordinary dignity and importance. His great significance for the American and world labor movement was also fully appreciated, I think, both by our Party and by the Communist International, in the ranks of which he ended his career, a soldier to the last,

An outstanding personality and leader of the pre-War revolutionary labor movement in America and also a member and leader of the modern Communist movement which grew up on its foundation, Bill Haywood represented a connecting link which helped to establish continuity between the old movement and the new. Growing out of the soil of America, or better, hewn out of its rocks, he first entered the labor movement as a pioneer unionist of the formative days of the Western Federation of Miners thirty years ago. From that starting point he bent his course toward the conscious class struggle and marched consistently on that path to the end of his life. He died a Communist and a soldier of the Communist International.

Haywood's Memoirs

It is a great fortune that he finished his memoirs and that they

out of which the basic nucleus of the modern movement has come. of life.

He grew up in the hardship and struggle of the mining camps of the west. Gifted with the careless physical courage of a giant and an eloquence of speech, Bill soon became a recognized leader of the metal miners and developed with them through epic struggles toward a militancy of action combined with a socialistic understanding, even in that early day, which soon placed the Western Federation of Miners, which Haywood said "was born in a Bull Pen," in the vanguard of the American labor movement.

It was the merger of these industrial pro!etarian militants of the west with the socialist political elements represented by Debs and De Leon which brought about the formation of the IWW in 1905. The fame and outstanding prominence of Haywood as a labor leader even in that day is illustrated by the fact that he was chosen chairman of the historic first convention of the IWW in 1905.

First Convention of the IWW

The brief, simple speech he delivered there, as recorded in the stenographic minutes of the convention, stands out in many respects as a charter of labor of that day. His plea for the principle of the class struggle, for industrial unionism, for special emphasis on the unskilled workers, for solidarity of black and white workers and for a revolutionary goal of the labor struggle anticipated many established principles of the modern revolutionary labor movement.

The attempt to railroad him to the gallows on framed-up murder charges in 1906 was thwarted by the colossal protest movement of the workers who saw in this frame-up against him a tribute to his talent and power as a labor leader and to his incorruptibility. His name became a battle cry of the socialist and labor movement and he emerged from the trial a national and international figure.

He rose magnificently to the new demands placed upon him by this position and soon became recognized far and wide as the authentic voice of the proletarian militants of America. The schemes of the reformist leaders of the Socialist Party to use his great name and popularity as a shield for them were frustrated by the bold and resolute course he pursued. Through the maze of intrigue and machinations of the reformist imposters in the Socialist Party, he | shouldered his way with the doctrine of class struggle and the and an absolute disregard of personal hazards, he pulled the striking tactics of militant action.

Headed Left Wing

The proletarian and revolutionary elements gathered around him and formed the powerful "left wing" of the [Socialist] party which made its bid for power in the convention of 1912. The "Reds" were the pathway which has led to its present position of reformist from the [SP] National Executive Committee was at once a proof | of the opportunist degeneration of the [Socialist] party and of his own revolutionary integrity.

Haywood's syndicalism was the outcome of his reaction against the reformist policies and parliamentary cretinism of the midd'e class leaders of the Socialist Party-Hillquit, Berger and Co. But syndicalism, which in its final analysis, is "the twin brother of reformism," as Lenin has characterized it, was only a transient theory in Haywood's career. He passed beyond it and thus escaped

struggle and of the labor movement in America of priceless value | ment throughout the world during and after the war. The [first] for the present generation of labor militants. The career of Haywood World War and the Russian revolution did not pass by Haywood is bound up with the stormy events which have marked the course unnoticed, as they passed by many leaders of the IWW who had of working class development in America for thirty years and encased themselves in a shell of dogma to shut out the realities

Haywood Becomes a Communist

These world-shaking events combined with the hounding and dragooning of the IWW by the United States government-the "Political State" which syndicalism wanted to "ignore"-wrought a profound change in the outlook of Bill Haywood. He emerged from Leavenworth Penitentiary in 1919 in a receptive and studious mood. He was already fifty years old, but he conquered the mental rigidity which afflicts so many at that age. He began, slowly and painfully to assimilate the new and universal lessons of the war and the Russian revolution. First taking his stand with that group in the IWW which favored adherence to the Red International of Labor Unions, he gradually developed his thought further and finally came to the point where he proclaimed himself a Communist and a disciple of Lenin. He became a member of the Communist Party of America before his departure for Russia. There he was transferred to the Russian Communist Party and in recognition of his lifetime of revolutionary work, he was given the status of "an old party member"-the highest honor anyone can enjoy in the land of Workers' Triumph.

As everyone knows, Haywood in his time had been a prisoner n many jails and, like all men who have smelt iron, he was keenly sensitive to the interests of revolutionaries who suffer this crucifixion. He attached the utmost importance to the work of labor defense and was one of the founders of the ILD. He contributed many ideas to its formation and remained an enthusiastic supporter right up to his death. What is very probably his last message to the workers of America, written just before he was stricken the last time, is contained in a letter published in the June 1928 number of the Labor

As a leader of the workers in open struggle Haywood was a fighter the like of which is all too seldom seen. He loved the laboring masses and was remarkably free from all prejudices of craft or race or nationality. In battle with the class enemies of the workers he was a raging lion, relentless and irreconcilable

His field was the open fight and in mass strikes his powers unfolded and multiplied themselves. Endowed with a giant's physique workers to him as to a magnet and imparted to them his own courage and spirit.

Haywood and the Akron Strike

I remember especially his arrival at Akron during the great rubber workers' strike of 1913 when ten thousand strikers met him defeated there and the [Socialist] party took a decisive step along at the station and marched behind him to the Hall. His speech that morning has always stood out in my mind as a model of working bankruptcy and open betrayal. The subsequent expulsion of Haywood class oratory. With his commanding presence and his great mellow voice he held the vast crowd in his power from the moment that he rose to speak. He had that gift, all too rare, of using only the necessary words and of compressing his thoughts into short, epigrammatic sentences. He clarified his points with homely illustrations and pungent witticisms which rocked the audience with understanding laughter. He poured out sarcasm, ridicule and denunciation upon the employers and their pretentions and made the workers feel with him that they, the workers, were the important and necessary people. He closed, as he always did, on a note of hope and struggle, with a picture of the final victory of the workers. Every word from beginning to end, simple, clear and effective. That is Haywood, the proletarian orator as I remember him

There was another side to Bill Haywood which was an essential side of his character revealed to those who knew him well as personal friends. He had a warmth of personality that drew men to him like a bonfire on a winter's day. His considerateness and in-While the working-class is shedding its blood on the many leficids of the imperialist war the morning of American his

> "Bill's Room" in the Lux Hotel at Moscow was always the central gathering place for the English speaking delegates. Bill was 'good company" in the best sense of the old-fashioned term. He liked to have people around him and visitors came to his room in a steady stream; many went to pour out their troubles, certain of a sympathetic hearing and a word of wise advice.

Feared by Ruling Class

The American ruling class hounded Haywood with the most vindictive hatred. They could not tolerate the idea that he, an American of old revolutionary stock, a talented organizer and eloquent speaker, should be on the side of the exploited masses, a champion of the doubly persecuted foreigners and Negroes.

With a twenty year prison sentence hanging over him he was compelled to leave America in the closing years of his life and to seek refuge in Workers' Russia. He died there in the Kremlin, the capitol of his and our Socialist Fatherland with the red flag of his class floating triumphantly overhead.

Capitalist America made him an outlaw and he died expatriated from his native land. But in the ranks of the militant workers of America, who owe so much to his example, he remains a citizen of the first rank. He represented in his rugged personality all that was best of the pre-war socialist and labor movement, and by his adhesion to Communism he helped to transmit that inheritance to us. His memory will remain a blazing torch of inspiration for the workers of America in the great struggles which lie before them.

His life was a credit and an honor to our class and to our movement. Those who pick up the battle-flag which has fallen from his lifeless hands will do well to emulate the bigness and vision, the courage and the devotion which were characteristics of our beloved comrade and friend, Bill Haywood.

CARTEL SWINDLERS NEVER Pont, which, having developed a with ruin. They rescued them- since the start of the war. At the working arrangements of most of

FOURTH INTERNATIONAL

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Our Current Basic Military Tasks......by Leon Trotsky

Order from Business Manager

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By Ralph Graham

battlefields of the imperialist war, the moguls of American big held it from the market pending terprises by forming a cartel concern which controls 95 percent capitalist trusts which originally and intransigence in battle. business are engaged, not only in coining outrageous profits from the slaughter, but in perfecting arrangements for reviving the cartel system whereby monopoly capital divides the world market with trusts in foreign countries, thus subjecting the workers to an international system of exploitation.

Cartel arrangements between American and German firms have merely been suspended "for the duration," but the secret

agreements in which these arcapitalism survives the present become operative.

This is made clear in a mono-Military Affairs Committee, entitled "Economic and Political Aspects of International Cartels." Farben, the German chemical ments be suspended during the They want the German monopolwar emergency, "bearing in mind ists to participate in this." the constantly growing list of difficulties, particularly in the nature exporting of technical informacontinued, "all other obligations present.'

TEMPORARY CHARACTER

proposal in a cablegram which ing territories, regulating sales. confirmed the temporary charac- Cartel members license their ter of the arrangement. Du Pont's patents to one another and exforeign relations department then change technological information. adopted a resolution for suspen- Occasionally they reduce pricession of contractual arrangements but that is done only when a with I. G. Earben and other firms competitor is to be eliminated or in Axis countries "until the forced to join the cartel. termination of the present in ternational emergency."

the understanding that suspension patents covering improvements of the cartel agreements is only in the quality of consumer's temporary and that these agree- products, especially where such. ments will become operative improvements would prolong the again when the war is over. life of the product and thus Meanwhile, the organizational reduce the volume of sales. They framework of this and other car- also deliberately reduce quality. tels are being preserved against the day when the "war for monograph quoted above. General democracy" shall be over.

the Working Class, called atten- aging bulb-testing by purchasers. tion to this fact only recently, The same firm was reluctant that "men representing inter- to introduce the much more national Anglo - American and economical and longer - lived German interests are working in fluorescent lamp for household test secrecy in Switzerland use.

rangements were made have and American monopolists, on the never been cancelled. If German one hand, and German monopolists on the other." The journal might be possible to formulate a had doubled. And while the rubber war, the agreements will again mentioned the firm of du Pont as one of the monopolies which have textile materials irritating to the profits, the producers of the raw "provided for immediate renewal graph published by the Senate after the war of interrupted cartel arrangements with German companies." The monopolists, all countries. All are designed nesians in Java and Sumatrait was declared, "are already toward the same end: fixation were eeking out a miserable ex-In April, 1941 the American firm searching for ways and means of and maintenance of non-com- istence on near-starvation wages. of du Pont suggested to I. G. creating a high-price world petitive, monopolistic prices at monopoly after the war under the highest possible rate in order the powerful diamond cartel which trust, that exchange of technical the guise of 'reconstruction' of to reap super-profits. The cartel controls with an iron hand the information between the com- Europe's economy by the efforts panies under various cartel agree- of the old international cartels. in the field of international trade. diamonds both for personal adorn-

The cartel system embraces a of government restrictions on the including steel, chemicals, rubber, diamonds and tin, and its ramifition." However, du Pont's letter cations are world-wide. The purpose of the cartel is to fix and in the contracts to remain as at maintain artificially high prices which would be impossible without international agreement. The purpose is effected by limiting I. G. Farben accepted this and apportioning output, allocat-

CARTEL FIRMS

Explicit in this resolution is | Cartel firms buy up and suppress A case in point is given in the Electric is charged with reducing The Soviet journal, War and the life of lamp bulbs and discour-

in links between British Another case is that of du

One of the methods proposed to the Netherlands. The world's a memorandum of a conference divided into nine zones and a on the subject, was as follows: quota established for each. Ex-"It is known that certain resins ports were restricted. As a result and solvents are irritating to the world stocks were cut in half in skin, often causing dermatitis. It the course of two years and prices CPC composition which will make monopolists raked in enormous skin.

ployed by the monopoly trusts in French

THE MONTH IN REVIEW

On the Eve of Invasion

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FROM THE ARSENAL OF MARXISM

Stalin and Badoglio

discovery of some way by which known as the International Rub- of the world's diamond output inspired their formation remain. it could be made useless as a dye, ber Regulating Committee and through ownership of or cartel Capitalist appetites, far from in order to maintain the prices at including rubber interests in agreement with all the principal diminishing, have grown. The which other dyes were selling. Britain, India, Siam, France and mines in southern Africa. make it unfit for dye, quoted from rubber-producing territory was product - Chinese laborers in Methods such as these are em- Malaya, Annamese workers in Indo-China, and Indo-It is the same story as regards

gives expression to this purpose output and distribution of In the economic crisis after the ment and for industrial purposes. last war the market for natural This powerful international trust rubber sagged to a point at which has been able to boost the price variety of strategic industries, the rubber planters were faced of diamonds about 60 percent

DIAMOND MINES

are De Beers' greatest single capitalist system. property. Here thousands of indentured natives toil in the hot. steamy underground for wages equivalent to about \$10 a month. stantly under guard lest they attempt to smuggle out diamonds which they could conceal on their persons during work. As double insurance against this happengone over, the worker's hair, ears long prison sentence.

The war has disrupted the

cartel system, with all that it entails in exploitation and human suffering, will unfold its ugly The great diamond mines in tentacles again unless the work-Kimberley, Union of South Africa, ers, its victims, put an end to the

TRUST-BUSTING

Efforts at trust-busting by ambitious government lawyers and They live in company compounds loud denunciations of the wicked fenced with barbed wire and con- | trusts by well-intentioned but muddle-headed liberals, are no answer to the problem presented by the trust and cartel. After half a century of trust-busting activities, the monopolies in this ing, each worker as he comes off country are more powerful than shift is subjected to a close search. ever. Their international ties, as He is made to strip off his they themselves admit, are only clothing and while this is being "suspended" as far as "enemy" countries are concerned. The and mouth are examined, also the trust and the cartel are inspaces between his toes. He is separable from the capitalist hen given a rapid-action cathartic profit system. They are, in fact, and the stool examined for stolen the quintessential expression of gems. If a gem should be found, that system in its highest the unfortunate native faces a development, and their baneful severe beating-up by guards and existence can be ended only by ending the system that nurtures

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The "LABOR WITH A WHITE SKIN CANNOT EMANCIPATE ITSELF WHERE LABOR WITH A BLACK SKIN IS BRANDED" — KARL MARX.

Negro Struggle

By Charles Jackson_

Walter White's "Fight" Against Jim Crow

People, after his tour of the war conclusion." fronts has brought back with him found them, Mr. White com- war as speedily as possible."

false statement had I done so."

lores. Why? Because it "post- cialist society. pones the day of victory." What kind of "victory" can there be giance to no capitalist country under such a set-up for the Ne- where the means of production gro? Mr. White prefers to leave are owned and operated by and such questions unanswered. In- for the ruling class. Instead, the stead he goes on to plead that " ... | world is ours because we produce if for no other reason than to the goods that is of material use win the war . . . it is imperative to mankind. Tell us the truth, that any person, whatever his Mr. White. Tell us that we have race, who causes trouble should no stake in this imperialist be stopped." Here White stands slaughter which can lead only torevealed in all his nakedness. His ward the further oppression of own words condemn him. For the American Negro and the United States. It is right that wrangling and jockeying for posin the opinion of those who run world's toiling masses. Those the war. Negro soldiers or civil- who tell the truth today will en- tive aspect should put itself soians who demand equality are joy the confidence of the people "causing trouble" and therefore tomorrow; those who deceive the "should be stopped."

Segregation is intended to keep the workers divided and to main- titled. tain a "surplus" of labor on the market. As long as billions in profits can be extracted by dealing in human labor power, so

talk and the avoidance of embar-

only in order to blow cold. In the NAACP pamphlet parliamentary details of the deal. "Spearhead of Democracy" it is

Walter White, executive secre- | Further, "America must be made tary of the National Association a full democracy, and now." That for the Advancement of Colored is the "simple and inescapable

proof that US Army officers in White immediately tosses this ob-Naples, Italy are introducing a jective in favor of an entirely "No Negroes Allowed" policy different one. In a recent broadeven into the native business cast he talked just as eloquently places. Informing the War De of "decent Americans interested partment of conditions as he in but one objective-winning the

"The Algiers censors, both Brit- up his tracks, in his Chicago De- of their German and Japanese of Anglo-American relations in ish and American deleted virtu- fender column of May 20 he toss- rivals. But in the midst of the a global struggle between imperally every pertinent part of the es out some utopian bait: "What conflict there are regular outstory. I was told that if I would we have spent during the last croppings of the antagonism be- point of contact between the two insert a statement to the effect twelve months on war could have tween the two Allies whose that this anti-Negro propaganda gone a long way towards build- greedy appetites manifest themwas the work of Nazi agents the ing a decent world . . . " He story would be passed . . . I would fails however, to translate this and Roosevelt never permit themhave been guilty of making a etherial hope into the practical selves to forget that when they language of the replacement of have encompassed the downfall This kind of practice he dep- capitalist exploitation with a so-

> masses will receive only the contempt to which a betrayer is en- family of nations, capable of solv-

On the Poll Tax

The need which we mentioned long will we have both war and last week for the Negro people won." Jim Crow. If you want to sup- to demand independent political port this war you should drop action on the part of labor was the Negro struggle completely, again demonstrated in the defeat That is exactly what the Stalin- of the anti-poll tax bill. Negro, ists have done. If Mr. White was liberal as well as labor organizaconsistent he would drop the Ne- tions had sent petitions, letters gro struggle and disband the and telegrams to the Congress-NAACP. But disbanding the ional representatives of capital-NAACP would mean, among ism demanding an end to this other things, that Mr. White | measure which robs ten million would have to find another job. poor whites and Negroes of the With reasoning typical of all right to vote in the South. Shelbureaucrats, he thinks he can re- ton Tappes, recording secretary of tain control of the Negro masses Ford Local 600 in Detroit, was - and of his job - by spouting one of labors "lobbyists." Both militant speeches while at the Republican and Democratic Sensame time "keeping in good" with ators, however, patched up their the powers-that-be by patriotic "quarrels" long enough to find common ground against the work rassing (to them) mass action. ing people and to defeat the bill. White's criticism of Jim Crow Apologists for Roosevelt who tell practices in the Army is nullified us he is "for the Negro but hogby his parrot-like apologies ad- tied by a reactionary Congress" vising us to support the ruling please note that his own wheelclass in their war. He blows hot horse, Majority Leader (Dear Alben) Barkley, maneuvered the

Labor accomplishes nothing by like Avery also want to embarwritten that the chattel slavery lobbying in the chambers of Big of eighty years ago has merely Business. It needs its own party tion and hamper the war effort been substituted by a "slavery of representatives and a lot of them economic denial, social proscrip- if it would protect the interests tion and political frustration." of the white and Negro workers.

But in action, as we know, Mr.

In order to still further cover

The working people owe alle-

PIONEER PARAGRAPHS

THEORY PLAYS A DECISIVE ROLE IN POLITICAL ACTION

followed - the betrayal of the destination. world proletariat, the isolation of the USSR behind her national barriers, the purges, the Moscow trials, the mass murders, the assolution of the Comintern.

this terrible sequence of events been hurled down to ruin as refer to Mayor Kelly's cops! for all the generation of the Trotsky predicted they would be, young proletariat awakening to without one stone left standing political interest and political on another. This was the fate life. Trotsky explained it in of the Second International of fired without warning into a holi-1928 in his book ("The Third In- Social Democracy, of the London ternational After Lenin"). In Bureau of the centrists, and now "The Criticism of the Draft Pro- it is the fate of the Stalinists. gram of the Comintern" he ex- admitted and acknowledged by plained to the communist work- themselves. They have all been ers of Russia and the world that destroyed by the war, as Trotsky precisely this theory of socialism said they would be. But the in one country, with its inevit- Fourth International remains. able nationalistic implications, And with it lives the principle would inevitably lead to the de- of internationalism which alone generation and downfall of the can show the tortured masses of Comintern. When this was writ- the world the way out of war and hail its beneficent influence

READ 'THE FOURTH INTERNATIONAL'

In the course of twenty years, ten 15 years ago, the great mafrom 1924, when the fatal theory jority of communists considof socialism in one country was ered this a great exaggeration first promulgated, to the sorry, and even an insult to Stalin and dishonorable end of the Comin- his co-workers in the Russian tern in 1943; in that whole tra- party. But Trotsky, who did not gic degeneration, we can see impute design but only ignorabove everything else the decisive ance to these people at that role of theory in political action. time, explained that good inten-Stalin didn't begin with the dis- tions cannot help you in politics solution of the Comintern. He if you proceed from a false thebegan with the theory of social- ory. It is like a mariner setting ism in one country. From this a false course which can only false theory everything else has lead the ship to an unintended

In the brief period since the Founding Congress of the Fourth | CALLING KELLY'S COPS sassinations, and finally, the dis- International, in a brief five years, every other International There is a profound lesson in organization of the workers has "city administration" can only and slavery to the socialist future in "preventing serious clashes."

of humanity. (From "The End of the Comintern," by James P. Cannon, pp. 16-18; Pioneer Publishers, 1943, 36 pp. 10c. Order from Pioneer Stalinists in the Montgomery Publishers, 116 University Pl., Ward strike has aroused a wave N. Y. 3, N. Y.).

Economic Rivalries Within The Anglo-American War Coalition

By James Cowan

Try as they will to conceal the real nature and aims of the out, has always had urgent need the war's end, markets must be present world war, the capitalist "democracies" continue to reveal, in deed and word, its predatory character as a struggle and thereby pay for the huge abroad. American capitalism, for markets, raw materials, spheres of influence, profits-and for strategic military, naval and air bases essential to make them secure against all rivals. Behind all the fine phrases about democracy and the "four freedoms," about liberation and self- year to year as world markets would have the effect of barring determination, lurk the hard?

material interests of the con- coterie of capitalists for whom tending camps, so powerful and he speaks are intent upon precompelling that they constantly serving their robber Empire. defy all attempts at conceal- The greatest threat to this Em-

The British and American monopolists are joined in a coal- nate the entire world. This basic ition to bring about the defeat conflict is the permanent feature selves at every turn. Churchill of the Axis powers, there will remain to be settled the long-

between the Allies themselves.

month. the reality of these conflicts when he said: "The commonwealth and the Empire now have fighting on their side very powand the great Republic of the the British Empire in its collecthe watching world realize it ing our common problems in full loyalty to the supreme cause for which we have drawn the sword A CLOSED PRESERVE and which we shall not cease to pursue until complete victory is

CHURCHILLS' FEARS cracy and perpetual peace, must gan of British business, recently The productive plant in the U. S. Churchill's words.

The British premier and the Britain, the Economist pointed nomic crisis is to be avoided at

(Continued from page 1)

rass the Roosevelt administra-

and national unity. They see in

the strike an opportunity to fur-

ther their own anti-war activi-

the strike was a political con-

spiracy engineered by "irrespon-

sible elements" in the leadership

of the union. There is nothing

original in this accusation. The

strikebreaking agencies of the

bosses always attribute every

strike to "irresponsible elements"

or "reds." The Daily Worker

elaborates on this theme when it

says that the union leadership is

'not fighting for the economic or

political interests of the workers.

or for bringing about an amic-

ble settlement. Like Sewell

Avery they are interested in fo-

menting disorder and disunity.

Only the self-discipline of the

workers and the restraining hand

of responsible labor leaders and

the city administration under

The "restraining hand" of the

Shades of the Memorial Day

Massacre when the "restraining

hand" of Mayor Kelly's cops

day crowd of men, women and

children on their way to picket

the Republic Steel plant in Chi-

cago in the 1937 Little Steel

strike! Ten workers payed with

their lives that day. The Stalin-

ists apparently referring to

themselves as "responsible labor

leaders," hold aloft the "restrain-

ing hand" of Mayor Kelly, red

with the blood of labor's martyrs,

To what further depths of de-

generation can these villainous

The strikebreaking role of the

of revulsion in the ranks of the

scoundrels sink?

Mayor Kelly have thus far pre-

vented serious clashes."

DAILY WORKER LIES

pire is the Wall Street monopoly capitalists who make no senot suffice, however, and Britain's cret of their intention to domilargely by returns on investments abroad, were used to off-But British capitalism has been ialist bandits. Virtually every

KEY QUESTIONS

Differences must to some extent be submerged, rather postponed, in order to achieve the current common aim of defeating the Axis. But in key quesstanding and growing conflicts tions the Anglo-American conflict goes forward during and in of all nations, including a large In opening the conference of spite of the war. Both sides slice of American trade, was car-British Empire premiers in Lon- are making advance dispositions, ried by ships flying the Union don at the beginning of this plans and preparations against Churchill underscored the day when the fight will be suffered tremendous losses from brought into the open.

Powers is a point of conflict.

The elements of a trade war are in the making with reams of proposals on both sides of the erful allies — the Soviet Union Atlantic for holding or capturing markets. Capitalist groups are ition in the lucrative field of international radio, telephone and lidly on the map and make all telegraph communications. Intercontinent and transoceanic air stands together, woven into one transport is another source of rivalry. Yet another is the rich oil deposits of the Middle East.

forecast of continuing struggle Anglo-American rivals mainly and thus bar competition from after Germany and Japan have center their attention. And it is rivals. downed. The working- precisely here that the essence of class, which is shedding its blood the ineradicable conflict between to assure the ascendancy of the the imperialists of Britain and Allies over the Axis, in the belief America is revealed. The Lon-

12 writes: "The shame of the

more concrete manner.

UAW BACKS STRUGGLE

first week in May, the Interna-

tional Executive Board of the

United Automobile Workers,

CIO, voted to contribute \$25,000

to help the URWDSEA organize

the Montgomery Ward emplo-

yees throughout the country. R.

J. Thomas, president of the

UAW-CIO, said that the money

was part of a fund that will

probably amount to over \$100,000

to be contributed by other CIO

unions. This means that the CIO

is giving semi-official support to

the URWDSEA against the Brid-

ges-Stalinist controlled ILWU

which claims jurisdiction in the

same field. The incident of Stal-

inist strikebreaking in the Mont-

gomery Ward dispute is doubly

damning in the eyes of the CIO

because of treacherous endorse-

ment by Bridges, Curran, and

other Stalinist stooges of the bill

vestments in order to help pay

for the war and an estimated an-

nual income of \$800,000,000 from

submarine attack and the United

States is developing a huge mer-

chant marine of its own which

will be second to none. America's

their intention of not only car-

from ocean freights.

creased trade.

the powerful UAW-CIO Local private industry. FAR REACHING ISSUES

SOURCE OF CONFLICT

Chicago disgrace rested on Sepowerful ClO Internationals are have settled nothing. Big Busifor a showdown between organ-Meeting in Minneapolis the

ized labor and the Wall Street plunderbund headed by the House of Morgan and its political agents. There can be no middle ground in such a struggle. The workers know the character of their external enemies - they have now been forewarned against the most cancerous menace within the labor movement-Stalinism. To be forewarned is to be forearmed. The unity of labor in the fight for its existence against the forces of reaction demands that the poison of Stalinism be ejected from its system.

The Militant

may now be purchased at 242 Broadway, San Diego, Cal.

THE END OF THE COMINTERN

By James P. Cannon

The Manifesto of the

Fourth International

PIONEER PUBLISHERS

116 University Place

36 PAGES

New York 3, N. Y.

10 CENTS

for markets in which to dispose found for the productive output of the products of her industry of this mammoth industry quantities of food she must im- therefore, as the Economist says. port to feed her population. This is opposed to any system of prefhas grown more difficult from erences, quotas or subsidies which narrowed and American competi- American goods from world tion grew. To insure stable out- markets, including and especially lets for the products of their in- the markets of the British Emdustry, the British capitalists pire. Confident of the ability of converted their empire into a American industry to out-trade closed preserve from which rival any and all of its rivals by means traders were excluded. This did of free competition, the American capitalists seek and demand invisible imports, represented free and untrammeled access to world markets. What's more this the Economist refrains from set the unfavorable trade balance. saying - they are ready to fight anyone who tries to close the compelled to liquidate foreign in- door on their traveling salesmen.

COMMUNICATIONS NETWORK

this source has disappeared. It Another struggle is on between can only be made good by in-American and British monopolists to control the field of international communications. A Brit-Another source of British ish monopoly controls Empire earnings was the great merchant marine. Before the war, the trade telegraph and radio systems and to meet the challenge of its farflung power and immense profits a move is under way to merge Jack. But British shipping has twelve communications compa nies in the United States.

The initiative in this proposed merger was taken by the Federa Communications Commission which last year, as a preliminshipping magnates proclaim ary, effected a merger of Western Union and Postal Telegraph. rying American cargoes, but for- To this combine it is proposed to eign cargoes as well, in a bid for add International Telephone and domination in the shipping world. Telegraph, RCA Communica-For Britain this means an an- tions, Press Wireless, Tropical nual loss of some \$440,000,000 Radio, Globe Wireless and two smaller concerns.

For these and other related James Lawrence Fly, FCC reasons, the Economist points chairman revealed the motive out, Britain's need for markets behind the proposed merger becomes a vital problem of surwhen, as quoted in an article in At the center of all the rival- vival. The British capitalists in- Fortune magazine on this subries is the competition for trade, tend to make bids for market ject, he declared: "America's in-Profits of the air and communications by every known device of ternational communications sysations and oil monopolists de- cut-throat competition. And far tem must act as an instrument pend upon volume of trade in from relaxing their control over of national policy. Our own inter-Churchill's fear of Britain's manufactured articles. It is Empire markets, they plan to company cut-throat competition, 'powerful allies" and his obvious upon the holding or acquisition tighten it up by strengthening the which enables foreign governwarning in their direction are a of markets, therefore, that the system of imperial preferences ments and their inevitable monopolies to play American off against American to foreign advantage, must cease. The American company must be single and But here they come into sharp complete; must be strong, tough collision with the interests and and efficient. And it must be that victory will insure demo- don Economist, authoritative or- plans of American imperialism. backed by the government at every turn if we are to have this ponder the full implications of published a series of five articles has expanded enormously during one essential of n a t i o n a l the war. If a catastrophic ecostrength."

PROMOTING MONOPOLY

Thus while one agency of the Stalinist Strikebreakers Help Avery Against Ward Workers of the Administration, another agency, the FCC, is active of the Administration, and the cock-eyed capitalist society of the Administration, and the cock-eyed capitalist society of the Administration, and the cock-eyed capitalist society of the cock-eyed CIO. The official publication of to conscript labor to work in the field of communications. The now we have the parasitic blood- good work for its own sake, in The issues raised in the Mont- can imperialist policy. In the old coupons on the sands of Miami or more quantity. And you've seen well Avery's shoulders alone until the Daily Worker rushed in gomery Ward dispute, issues of days the big capitalist corporato carry half the load for him." far reaching significance to the tions were left to make their own nue. The New York Daily PM states: entire labor movement, still way in foreign markets. Today "The Bridges performance has remain in the category of un- the Federal Government steps few precedents in CIO history finished business. The theatrical in to correlate, organize and and it is unlikely to be swiftly seizure of the Chicago plant by unify the drive of Big Business. forgotten by his contemporaries the government and its subse- The logic of the campaign it-According to the Daily Worker, in Clo." Some of the most quent return to the company self demands the elimination of competition between different showing their resentment in a ness has seized upon the incident American capitalist groups in to intensify its union-busting the foreign field and their campaign. The stage is being set merger into single, powerful monopolies if the aim of world

domination is to be achieved. This growing tendency toward monopoly, fostered and promoted by government as a means cessity, not the foreman. The of implementing imperialist policy, is shown most plainly in ism is the fact that you have to the sphere of inter-continent and work to live. This incentive is transoceanic air transport and reinforced under Socialism. for symbolized by the monopoly under this system no parasites stranglehold which Pan American Airways has obtained over a peasants under Lenin and Trotsky period of years with the generous assistance of Washington. The story is told in Matthew Josephson's recent book, "Empire of the Air", which we shall and the dirty thing it is now. So-

10 Years Ago In The Militant

MAY 26, 1934

MINNEAPOLIS-"In the most imposing display of labor solidarity and militancy Minneapolis has ever seen, a mighty picket line of the General Drivers' Union, 5,000 strong, swept the Wholesale Market clear of every scab, cop and deputy putting a complete stop to every attempt to move commercial trucks," The Militant reported.

Called on Tuesday, May 15, the strike powerfully answered the bosses' refusal to recognize the Drivers' Union. With superb organization, strikers massed their strength at a central headquarters, despatching flying squads of pickets to strategic points to bring to a standstill all trucking with the exception of milk, ice and beer drivers who, already organized, were given permission to operate.

Minneapolis industrialists through a "Committee of 25" chosen from the infamous "Citizens' Alliance," tried first to break the strike by moving bread from the bakeries; frightened by the scope of the strike, the bakers retreated. Next, the Committee tried to enlist the farmers against the strikers; farmers' trucks were turned back at the city limits on Saturday. Twice defeated, the bosses turned frantically to terrorism, tripling the police force, importing gunmen, arresting 200 pickets. Again on Monday the police slugged and arrested men, women and children on the picket line; 35,000 building trades workers gave labor's answer to this brutal attack by calling a sympathy strike, while the Communist League (Trotskyist) raised the demand for a general strike. The bosses capitulated, agreeing to negotiate and stop all transportation during a 24-hour truce on Tuesday.

EW YORK-Drawing the lessons of the Minneapolis strike, James P. Cannon wrote in The Militant: "The whole union went into action on the picket line in mass formation; thousands of other union men went with them; they took along the necessary means to protect themselves against the murderous thugs. . . . This was an example of mass action which points the way for the future victorious struggles of the American workers?

He pointed out the special features of this struggle; the participation of the strikers' wives, who ran the commissary, picketed the mayor's office, in every way doubled the strength of the workers, giving the strike a spirit and solidarity essential to victory; the building trades workers' sympathy strike demonstrated the importance of united action in the labor movement. which Cannon sharply contrasted with the Stalinist ultra-left, divisionist policy of "red trade unions." And finally, "among the leaders of this strike are a number of Bolshevik militants. . . . The most important of all prerequisites for the development of a militant labor movement is the leaven of principled Communists. The labor movement grows as a result of this fusion and their influence grows with it."

SHOP-TALKS ON SOCIALISM

 $B_{Y}V$.

So you can't have Socialism bewould lay down on the job. A time employ benefit of all. the work, etc."

in the penthouses of Park Ave-

"Still," the wise guys will say, pretty sure he won't get fired. Doesn't he elect his own boss unother fellows to do the work. this. And then where would you be, etc., etc.?"

This argument boils down to the idea that you work only because there's a boss over you. But the real whip is economic nemain "incentive" under capitalare admissible. The workers and wrote that right into the constitution of the first workers' state.

But the whole thing is that it would not be the grim necessity centives of its own, for the good asites

living of all would depend on the good work of all. Machines would be really utilized for maxause it's against human nature? imum production. From being Why? "Because," says Doubting drudges and slaves of machines, Tom, "no one would work if he men would really for the first didn't have to. These workers time employ machinery for the And if you take the trouble

Well, in the first place, no real you can even see today that there socialist ever said that socialism are other reasons for working would tolerate the shiftless and than just because the boss has government, the Department of the sponger — the parasite who it up your back. Yes, even in Justice, still adheres formally to will not work, but lives like a this dog-eat-dog system, where the anti-monopoly, trust-busting wood-tick or a bed-bug off the they steal a man's youth and tively promoting a monopoly in that breeds the parasites. It's dozens who took a pride in doing intervention of the government suckers like the Du Ponts and fact even when the company here is indicative of a highly sig- Morgans who never see the in- didn't want it, but wanted slipnificant development of Ameri- side of a factory but clip their shod quality so they could get workers who worked like hell just to show how good they were to the other guys. And especial-"the worker in the plant will ly since this war profiteering betake it easier and easier. He's gan, you've seen men actually quit the job rather than do the lousy work they are sometimes der socialism? He'd wait for the asked to do. And workers in the company's service for so many Soon more and more would do years that they have long forgotten the hope of promotion, coming in every day like clockwork, 20 minutes ahead of time - never late in their lives. Why? Because they're afraid of the company? No. Because they're proud of their records. They take a pride in doing their jobs right and living their lives right. All this in a system where they have to work six and seven days a week just to live - in a system where the biggest crooks are those uncaught. If men can show such conscientiousness with so little inspiration, how many millions more will be inspired to equal and greater efforts when they see that they are working summarize in a subsequent cialism in addition has other in- for themselves and not the par-

MESSAGES OF SOLIDARITY WILL BE DELIVERED BY: Thomas De Lorenzo

President, UAW-CIO Local 365

Samuel Wolchok

President, United Retail, Wholesale & Dept. Store Empl. of America

Daniel Bell

Assoc. Editor, The New Leader

Roger Baldwin

Director, American Civil Liberties

Norman Thomas Noted Socialist and Author

Albert Gates Editor, Labor Action

CRDC MASS MEETING Hear

GEORGE NOVACK

National Secretary, Civil Rights Defense Committee Account of his three months coast to coast tour covering all principal cities in behalf of the 18 prisoners in the Minneapolis Labor Case.

Chairman:

George Baldanzi

Executive Vice-Pres., Textile Workers Union of America

Thursday, JUNE 8, 8:15 P. M. HOTEL DIPLOMAT

(Crystal Ball Room)

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To defend the USSR as the main fortress of the world proletariat, against all assaults of world imperialism and of internal counter-revolution, is the most important duty of v e r y class-conscious worker.

- LEON TROTSKY

JOIN US IN FIGHTING FOR:

- 1. Military training of workers, financed by the government, but under control of the trade unions. Special officers' training camps, financed by the government but controlled by the trade unions, to train workers to become officers.
- 2. Trade union wages for all workers drafted into the army.
- 3. Full equality for Negroes in the armed forces and the war industries-Down with Jim Crowism everywhere.
- 4. Confiscation of all war profits. Expropriation of all war industries and their operation under workers' control.
- 5. A rising scale of wages to meet the rising cost of living.
- 6. Workers Defense Guards against vigilante and fascist attacks.
- 7. An Independent Labor Party based on the Trade Unions.
- 8. A Workers' and Farmers' Govern-
- 9. The defense of the Soviet Union

English Trotskyists

In jailing four leading members of the Revolutionary Communist Party, including Jock Haston, the party's general secretary, the Tory-capitalist government of Churchill and Co. is pursuing a clear-cut aim.

Its purpose is to stifle the revolutionary voice of Trotskyism in the midst of the great forward surge of the British working-class which was highlighted in recent weeks by the strikes in the coal mines and engineering plants. The British Trotskyists are being railroaded to prison only a few short months after the liberation by Churchill's government of the fascist leader, Sir Oswald Mosley.

After nearly five years of "blood, sweat and tears," during which their conditions of life have steadily worsened, the British workers have taken once more, and vigorously, to the road of class struggle against the capitalist exploiters. For five long years they have been tied to the capitalist war machine by their treacherous Labor Party and trade union leaders under a "truce" which made a real defense of their living and working conditions well-nigh impossible.

Today, the British workers are beginning to break away from the leading-strings of capitalism and defying the labor flunkeys of the exploiting class, the Bevins and the Morrisons.

The British capitalists pretend to see a dark, sinister underground plot behind the great movement of working class resurgence and the growth of revolutionary activity. Unable to confound the revolutionists in the eyes of the workers by means of argument, they resort to slander and defamation, culminating in the frame-up.

This was the method twenty years ago when the workers of England, following the worst period of the post-war depression, regained their confidence and began to fight back against the exploiters. At that time a Tory newspaper forged the notorious "Zinoviev Letter" in order to "prove" that back of the insurgence of British labor was a deep-dyed plot by Moscow.

But the real plotters were the British capitalists. Their plot to smear the labor movement and its revolutionary vanguard - at that time the British Communist Party - served its purpose for a day. And then the "Zinoviev Letter" was proved

of 1926. The plot against the English Trotskyists will fail, too.

Churchill and his labor lieutenants realize that the radicalization of the British workers, if unchecked, may assume menacing revolutionary proportions. They seek to halt the leftward tendency by striking blows at the Trotskyist movement.

But Trotskyism is the quintessential expression of the working-class struggle against capitalism. Leaders and activists may be imprisoned, but the movement itself cannot be destroyed. Despite the imprisonment of many of the leading representatives of Trotskyism in this country after the famous Minneapolis trial, the movement in this country continues to live and grow. It will be the same in England. Repressions cannot halt the advance of this movement which leads the fight for a socialist world.

Poll Tax

The Senate debate on the anti-poll tax bill was such a patent fraud that most political commentators treated the spectacle as a bad joke. Writing in the N. Y. World Telegram, Thomas L. Stokes, Scripps-Howard staff writer, characterized the farce in the following words: "The perennial antipoll tax spectacle in the Senate, which was not even good theater this visit, has reached its preordained climax without anybody being fooled. Everybody connected with the performance, except perhaps a few sincere souls, felt relieved today anticipating the ringing down of the curtain. For the whole thing has been a fake."

To the venal politicians in both major parties the 10,000,000 people, white and black, disfranchised by the poll tax, are nothing but pawns in the game of politics. The Republicans and Democrats, their camp followers and apologists, are solely concerned with garnering votes for their respective candidates. Walter White, head of the NAACP, the liberals and Stalinists direct their main fire at the Republican, Dewey. The Republicans point to the fact that all the poll-taxers are in the camp of the Democrats. Each tries to shift the blame on the other for the defeat of the anti-poll tax bill.

Dewey, prospective Republican candidate for president, piously proclaims his "opposition" to the poll tax requirement. Roosevelt, head of the Democratic party, also says he is "against" the poll tax. Bilbo, poll tax Senator from Mississippi, who once sponsored a bill to send all Negroes to Liberia, says: "I agree with Governor Dewey in the matter, and I also agree with President Roosevelt. The poll tax is wrong. It ought to be abolished." That makes it practically unanimous! Yet the poll tax continues to remain as a symbol of race discrimination, bigotry, reaction and political oppression, through Republican and Democratic administrations alike. No amount of mummery can cloak the responsibility of both capitalist parties for perpetuating the poll tax system.

It is only when the downtrodden and oppressed, both black and white, unite in their own independent Labor Party, that the death knell of the poll tax system will be sounded.

CIO In Politics

When the CIO Political Action Committee was first established, Philip Murray proclaimed: "For the first time in American history, the forces of labor are now setting up a nation-wide organization to protect the political rights of the working man, as well as the rights of the returning soldier, the farmer, the small business man and the so-called 'common man.'" "We are, for the present," said Murray, "committed to no man or political party. We shall, in the next few months, have our organization perfected and its general principles agreed upon. We shall then, before the national conventions of the two major parties, hold a national meeting or conference of our own. We shall draw up and present to the American people a specific set of principles for the general welfare. Then, after the political conventions, we can decide what action to take regarding the two parties and the individual candidates, whether for state or national offices, or for the presidency."

Having apparently "perfected" its organization and "agreed upon its general principles," the CIO Political Action Committee met in national conference at Chicago last week. The purpose of such meeting, according to Murray, was to draw up a program for the welfare of the "common man." Then, and only then, Murray contended, would the CIO Political Action Committee endorse that party which, at its national convention, incorporates the CIO program in its platform and commits its candidates to the support of that program. The conference met, labored, and brought fortha blank check, which was handed to the Democratic Party to be filled in by the political deputies of the Wall Street plunderbund, who will control the convention, write the program and name the candidates of that party.

This is putting it mildly! The sum total of the labor of the national conference of the Hillman-Murray Political Action Committee, was to give full, unqualified and unconditional support to the titular head of the Democratic party, Franklin D. Roosevelt. The cringing servility of the labor lackeys is best exemplified by their action in throwing their good "friend" Henry Wallace, to the wolves. Wallace, whose purely verbal and literary "liberalism" has offended the Wall Street freebooters, will be "endorsed" says Hillman, "if he is renominated" by the Democratic convention. All pretense of independent political action has been thrown overboard by the Murray-Hillman clique who announce, in advance, that they will gratefully accept whatever crumbs the political bosses are kind enough to throw their way. Where is there forgery. The radicalization of the workers con- a parallel for the lying hypocrisy of the mealy and culminated in the great general strike mouthed flunkeys of the American capitalist class?

A. Unions Back CRDC

LOS ANGELES - An enthus- | who together with the ...te Tom | Los Angeles branch of the NA iastic and attentive audience of Mooney was sent to prison in a ACP which, though unable to be some 150 workers turned out frame-up connected with the Pre- represented at the meeting, pled-George Novack, national secre- Francisco in 1916. tary of the Civil Rights Defense Committee, and three trade union guest speakers at a meeting called to push the campaign for the release of the 18 leading members of the Socialist Workers Party and trade union militants first world war." who were railroaded to jail under the infamous Smith "Gag" Act.

Indicating their solid backing of the campaign to win a pardon for the eighteen, who are serving their sentences in Federal penitentiaries, the workers in the audience contributed \$190 to the CRDC, thus subscribing the equivalent of a month's prison money for each of the prisoners.

Greetings were read at the

here last Sunday night to hear paredness Day bombing in San ged all support to the movement

"The prosecution of the eighteen in the Minneapolis case," from Oscar Soares, secretaryof frame-up as was perpetrated Division of the Brotherhood of by organized capital against Sleeping Car Porters (AFL). He Mooney and myself during the apologized for his inability to be

union strongly supported the his union asking a pardon for CRDC campaign for a pardon for the Trotskyists and trade union the eighteen. Similar support militants. was announced by Eugene Judd, tors Local 216, United Automo-

neeting from Warren K. Billings shown by a message from the of Roosevelt's gag law.

for a pardon.

Still another message was read

wired Billings, "is the same kind treasurer of the Los Angeles present at the meeting and said Bernard Appel of Local 84 of he had sent a telegram to Presithe ILGWU announced that his dent Roosevelt in the name of

The Los Angeles meeting was

vice-president, for General Mo- another high point in the Novack national tour, the purpose bile Workers (CIO) which in- of which is to consolidate the vited Novack to address a meet- work of local CRDC organizaing of its members on May 25. | tions and advance the campaign Negro interest in the case was for liberation of the 18 victims

by Frederick Bodmer; Lancelot Hogben, Editor. W. W. Norton & Company, Inc., New York. Illustrated, \$3.75. 692 pp.

As in the first World War, milions of armed men coming into ontact with foreign peoples has aroused wide interest in other languages. The insular antipathy of Americans toward foreign tongues is rapidly turning into its opposite. A host of new language textbooks have appeared on dealers' shelves alongide fresh editions of older works offering short cuts into Spanish, Italian, Portuguese, German, Dutch, Norwegian. Before the war such books would have collected only library dust.

That such a book as The Loom of Language could appear indicates the effect of the war upon the cultural superstructure of opportunity. American society, for this book attempts to present in popular style a comparative study of the principal world languages.

The book is undoubtedly an effective guide for the beginner From the hybrid character of demonstrates that Anglo-Americans enjoy peculiar advantages in earning either Teutonic or Romance tongues. The demonstration ncludes numerous tables which ations, etc. of the principal European languages. This method for acquiring a new language. suggestions as to what not to

school or college text.

Hogben as provides the comparative philo- tion to being already in use over logy. Hogben is unquestionably wide areas. "But political obresponsible for the style, and is jections to such a choice are forlikewise undoubtedly responsible midable. It is most unlikely that for dragging Hegel in by the hair a socialist Continent would decide from time to time. Hogben's for Anglo-American as its interearlier book, Mathematics for language if Britain remained hosthe Millions, suffers from these tile to the new order." same intrusions.

We suspect that Hogben's real lectic materialism; Hegel with his well-known preoccupation over religion merely offers a convenient whipping boy. In fields so rich with examples of dialectic as the evolution of mathematics and language, the philosopher opposed to dialectic feels called upon to deal it a blow a blow at the present system of even though he must force the

Main weakness of an otherwise excellent book, however, is precisely its lack of dialectic. Anyone with even a smattering of seeking familiar paths in the The Loom of Language where wilderness of a foreign language. the study of the development of language loses its sharpness and English, The Loom of Language distinctness because of this weak-

The latter part of the book deals with "Language Planning for a New Order." The author and editor look forward to the present comparative lists of day of a single world language.

modern languages from common multiplicity of regional languages misunderstandings furnish fresh ancestral forms provides the for everyday use," But these student with some effective tools languages will increasingly be supplemented by study in schools The bird's eye view of all lan- of another language which will ary and long out-moded social inguages enables a beginner to tend to become universal. Agreemake an intelligent choice of a ing upon one interlanguage for guage barriers strengthens inparticular language to learn since the school children of the entire ternational solidarity. Every rev he will have an accurate idea of world, however, "is not a lanthe relative difficulties facing guage problem. It is a political him. Especially valuable are the problem." (Emphasis in original).

The authors speculate whether earn in studying a new language, the future interlanguage will be a most refreshing contrast to the of whole cloth, or a modification

THE LOOM OF LANGUAGE, | dreary method of the usual high | of one of the existing languages. English they believe has many Bodmer is listed as author; grammatical advantages over "editor." Bodmer most other languages in addi-

Bodmer and Hogben do not be lieve that it is possible to introconcern is the dialectic in dia- duce language planning under capitalism. This section, therefore, is addressed largely to those who will lead the society of the future; it is an attempt to outline the problem for their sympathetic understanding.

The authors even reserve the final paragraph of their book for economy and those pacifists who (before the second world war) believed removal of language bar-

"Of itself," they contend, "no such change can bring the agedialectic materialism will find long calamity of war to an end; one instance after another in and it is a dangerous error to conceive that it can do so. We cannot hope to reach a remedy for the language obstacles to international co-operation on a democratic footing, while predatory finance capital, intrigues of armament manufacturers, and the vested interest of a rentier class in the misery of colonial peoples continue to stifle the impulse to words, roots, declensions, conjug- Their speculations are politically a world-wide enterprise for the common wealth of mankind. No They believe first of all that language reform can abolish war, combined with the detailed ex- "as far as we can see into the while social agencies far more planation of the evolution of future, there will always be a powerful than mere linguistic

> class to overturn these reactionstitutions, ability to cross lanolutionary should study at least one foreign language. The Loom of Language is a good book with which to begin.

occasion for it.'

Reviewed by JOSEPH HANSEN

Notes

International

MEXICO

In line with the action of the American Communist Party, ITALY which has dissolved itself at Browder's command into a formess "political association" in order that it may be able more effectively to serve as a tool of Big Business and a betrayer of the working-class, the Communist Party of Mexico has entered the Partido Revolucionario Mexi- pear in the European press

is under the leadership of the at which the decision to enter the of Fascist dignitaries and mili-'true patriotism" of the Stalintional unity and greater war pro-

Churchill and (of course-) Stalin.

There were other times when Communist Party conventions were proud to confine their greetleaders, above all to the revoluwar prisoners confined in the 535 officers and soldiers of the tical representatives of the capi- the opposition grows, both in talist enslavers and exploiters of scope and intensity. Some details and a bright future under So-

corruption and degeneration!

The capitalist press has maintained the tightest censorship over events in northern Italy since the great strikes which several weeks ago paralyzed industry in the cities of Milan, Turin and Genoa. But news does ap-

Thus the Basler National Zei The PRM, with its following tung published a dispatch from among the middle class in Mexico | Chiasso on April 24 which told of the continuing mass onpresent President Avila Coma- slaughts against the fascist "Recho, avowed tool of Wall Street publican" government of Mussomonopoly capital. Senor Villa- lini and the Nazi occupation aulobos, PRM chairman, spoke at thorities. This dispatch tells of the Communist Party convention | "almost daily-occurring murders PRM was made. According to tia officers." The Nazi-Fascists the Daily Worker, he praised the are taking savage reprisals by executing hostages and sending exists and their campaign for na- peditions against armed partisans in the mountain areas.

"This situation," says the Swiss In keeping with the current line paper, "increasingly threatens to of subservience to capitalism and unleash civil war. Following support of its imperialist war, Mussolini's recent decree, promishe Stalinist convention sent mes- ing leniency, Farinacci published sages of greeting to Roosevelt, in Regime Fascista an urgent conciliatory appeal, in order to check the 'fratricidal war' against the lie to those who assert that the 'Republic'.'

According to the same source, ngs to the working-class and its Mussolini announced that the Fascist Party had lost 1,023 members labor, the imperialist war-mak- of recent actions are given by cialism.

ers. Such is the measure of their | the Swiss Telegraph Agency which quotes from the first com muniques issued by the organized Italian resistance movement.

Guerrillas in the province of Padua killed eleven German of ficers and four Fascists, in addition to capturing five prisoners. In the Val di Lanzo region of Piedmont heavy fighting occurred in which there were 200 German and Fascist casualties. The guerrilla partisans lost 100 dead. Sim ilar actions occurred in the Cuneo region and in the Rieti re-

The ranks of the partisans, dep eted by casualties, are rapidly filled by draft delinquents and deserters from the Fascists. On April 30 the Stockholm paper published an article by its Rome correspondent, Hamris, in which it was declared that "Fascist attempts to enroll soldiers has proven a complete failure. Once group of 1,000 men reported and was equipped with arms. It was then sent to a sector; the next day all had deserted."

The heroic struggle against the Nazis in northern Italy is continuing without let-up. It gives the Italian masses are inert, cynical and played out by more than 20 years of Fascist enslavement. tionary vanguard, and to class- killed by anti-Fascists and that The unquenchable will of the masses to struggle for freedom dungeons of capitalism. Today Fascist Republican Guard had holds the promise of a great they send salutations to the poli- met the same fate. And still revolutionary forward sweep

Senate Labor Committee Reveals Living Cost Rise

Skyrocketing living costs have struck so harshly at the 20,000,000 wage-earners at the bottom of the nation's income scale that they can scarcely keep body and soul together, declares a recent study of a subcommittee of the Senate Committee on Education and Labor.

In citing the "hardships imposed upon them by the war," the committee proposed that the Little Steel formula and other wage-freezing devices shall not be applied to heads of families earning under \$200 a month and unmarried workers getting \$150 a month or less. At present price levels the Senate committee disclosed, even an income of \$50 a week provides the average family "only a very narrow margin of living."

Millions of unorganized office workers, store clerks, school teachers and low-pay government employes, as well as those forced to live on fixed-income social security payments or servicemen's allowances are among the worst sufferers of the price gouge.

The committee itself refuted the false contentions of the Bureau of Labor Statistics that living costs have advanced only 21.3 percent, and charged that the BLS figures were only a "barometer" of changes of certain prices but in no sense an adequate measure of the cost of living rise.

Among the important items the BLS "barometer" overlooks, according to the committee report are, "deterioration in quality of goods, disappearance from the market of cheaper grades, new types of expenditures incurred by workers who migrate to war jobs, 'black market' operations which are hidden from view, and differences between prices in various types of communities and geographic regions."

This committee report thus exposes the anti-labor character of the Roosevelt administration's use of the BLS figures in justifying its wage-freeze.

Big Oil Companies Control Petroleum Administration

Another "New Deal" idol of the liberals, Secretary of the Interior Harold L. Ickes, is revealed to have feet of clay. Congressman Voorhis, of California, last week charged in the House that the Petroleum Administration for War, which is headed by Ickes, is nothing but a "stooge" of the big oil corporations and is aiding the oil barons to rivet their monopoly control on the petroleum resources of the nation.

Voorhis, an outstanding authority on the oil question who uncovered the Elk Hills oil scandal, revealed that Ickes' petroleum organization has over 100 members who are also on the payrolls of the biggest oil companies, including a number of leading corporation executives.

The major companies, aided by Ickes' policies, have created a monopoly-induced oil shortage in this country, Voorhis declared. Ickes has curtailed independent production, placed restrictions on the smaller companies in drilling new wells, opposed the importation of Mexican oil despite the claimed shortage, and has turned over the operation of governmentowned and built tankers exclusively to the big monopoly interests whose agents run the PAW.

While Ickes is helping to foster the Arabian oil deal, to use hundreds of millions in public funds in aiding the American oil imperialists snatch the Middle East oil fields, the companies have kept concealed the existence of vast undeveloped oil reserves now in their possession in this country, Voorhis disclosed. The government is allowing these companies to keep control of some 49,000,000 undeveloped acres of oil land. while producing from only 3,763,000 acres.

In the meantime, Ickes has agitated for boosting oil prices and grabbing foreign oil lands.

What OPA Tried To Hide **About Food Trust Profits**

Suppressed Office of Price Information profits reports were recently secured and made public by "People's Lobby." These reports which the Roosevelt administration had deliberately concealed from the public because they give a damning picture of the greed and corruption of the capitalist ruling class, reveal that the real reason for the price rises is this, that the war profiteers have been picking the pockets of the workers.

One section of the report discloses the wartime profits of the food trusts. Since food constitutes the largest single item on workers' budgets, these figures on food profits give a more accurate indication of the extent of living cost increases than figures on other necessities such as clothes, rent and medical

According to OPA Study No. 9, dealing with the meat packing corporations, as summarized by the "People's Lobby" bulletin ,"agg gate profits in 1942 of 53 companies were over four times the pre-war level, on only 83 percent higher sales . . . On each dollar of capital invested in the 53 companies, the return in 1942 was 31/2 times the 1936-39 average."

The tremendous increase in profits over sales and in the rate of profit on each dollar of capital investment is attributable to only one thing - deliberate price gouging under the pretext of scarcity.

The summary of OPA Study No. 8 on fruit and vegetable canners discloses that "profits before income taxes of fruit and vegetable canners were five times as great in 1942 as in the years 1936-1939, on less than twice the pre-war volume of sales. . ."

Similar wartime profits steals are reported for the big corporations in the milk and milk products, bakery, cereal and flour industries. These 1942 profits, however, are far less than the profits realized in 1943 and this year.

Instead of expropriating these profiteers who have been sucking the very life-blood of the working people, the administration has imposed a wage-freeze on the victims of the food trust while protecting the profiteers by hiding the true facts of their extortionate practices.